

ARIB STD-T64-C.S0036-A v1.0

Recommended Minimum Performance Standard for Mobile Stations with Position Service

Original Specification

- This standard, ARIB STD-T64-C.S0036-A v1.0, was prepared by 3GPP2-WG of Association of
- Radio Industries and Businesses (ARIB) based upon the 3GPP2 specification, C.S0036-A v1.0.

Modification to the original specification

6 None.

7

Notes

9 None.

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Recommended Minimum Performance Standard for Mobile Stations with Position Service

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FOREWORD

- 1. This Specification uses the following verbal forms: "Shall" and "shall not" identify requirements to be followed strictly to conform to the Specification and from which no deviation is permitted. "Should" and "should not" indicate that one of several possibilities is recommended as being particularly suitable, without mentioning or excluding others; that a certain course of action is preferred but not necessarily required; or that (in the negative form) a certain possibility or course of action is discouraged but not prohibited. "May" and "need not" indicate a course of action permissible within the limits of the Specification. "Can" and "cannot" are used for statements of possibility and capability, whether material, physical, or causal.
- 2. There are four Annexes in this Specification. Annexes A, B, C and D are normative and are considered part of this Specification. Annex D contains a data file attachment that is normative and is considered part of this Specification.
 - 3. The terms "location" and "position" are used interchangeably throughout this document. In this respect the definition of the term differs from the historic use of location in wireless systems to identify the mobile's current serving system.
 - 4. Those wishing to deploy systems compliant with this Specification should also be compliant with Parts 15, 22, 24, and 27 of [4] and with the applicable rules and regulations of local administrations.
 - 5. Those wishing to deploy systems in the United States should also take notice of the requirement to be compliant with Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rulings on 911 Emergency Services. Meeting the requirements contained in this Specification does not guarantee compliance with the FCC requirements listed in [24].
 - 6. The operation and messages specified in [1] apply to what is usually known as handset-based position location method. The testing of network-based methods is beyond the scope of this Specification.
- 7. Footnotes appear at various points in this Specification to elaborate and to further clarify items discussed in the body of the Specification.
- 8. Unless indicated otherwise, this document presents numbers in decimal form. Binary numbers are distinguished in the text by the use of single quotation marks.
- 31 9. The following operators define mathematical operations:
 - × indicates multiplication.
- 33 / indicates division.
- 34 + indicates addition.
- 35 indicates subtraction.
- * indicates complex conjugation.
- $37 \in \text{indicates a member of the set.}$
- [x] indicates the largest integer less than or equal to $x: \lfloor 1.1 \rfloor = 1, \lfloor 1.0 \rfloor = 1$.
- [x] indicates the smallest integer greater or equal to x: [1.1] = 2, [2.0] = 2.
- 40 |x| indicates the absolute value of x: |-17|=17, |17|=17.

NOTES

- 1 ⊕ indicates exclusive OR (modulo-2 addition).
- $2 \quad min(x, y) indicates the minimum of x and y.$
- 3 $\max (x, y)$ indicates the maximum of x and y.
- 4 x mod y indicates the remainder after dividing x by y: x mod y = x (y $\times \lfloor x/y \rfloor$).
- 5 $Re\{x\}$ indicates the real part of x.

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- 6 $Im\{x\}$ indicates the imaginary part of x.
- 7 9. This Specification supports testing of mobile stations compliant with [1].
- 8 10. This Specification supports testing of mobile stations that meet the minimum specifications specified in [10].
- 10 11. This Specification tests only the position location functionality of a mobile station.
 11 Testing interoperation with other services, such as voice, data or SMS, is beyond the scope of this document.
- 13 12. This Specification does not support testing mobile station cold start time to first fix requirements.
 - 13. References in this document are to TIA/EIA-95-B. This Specification is equally applicable to TIA/EIA/IS-2000 and TIA/EIA/IS-2000-A. Except where explicit references are made to TIA/EIA/IS-2000, the reference to TIA/EIA-95-B can be converted directly to TIA/EIA/IS-2000 and TIA/EIA/IS-2000-A usage.
 - 14. The terms "base station" and "base station simulator" are used interchangeably throughout this document, reflecting the fact that either type of equipment may be used as long as all test equipment requirements given in this Specification are satisfied.
 - 15. Some tests in this revision specify using a physical CDMA channel that is not mandatory for IS-2000-A mobile stations. If the mobile station does not support a specified physical channel, then the equivalent IS-2000-A-only physical channel should be used instead. Specifically, the Broadcast Control Channel and Forward Command Control Channel should be used in place of the Paging Channel, the Enhanced Access Channel should be used in place of the Access Channel, and the Dedicated Control Channel should be used in place of the Traffic (Fundamental) channel.
- 16. For the test parameter tables, Îor is specified in terms of power spectral density in a Spreading Rate 1 bandwidth. For testing applicable to Spreading Rate 3, the total received power in a Spreading Rate 3 bandwidth is effectively 5 dB higher.
- 17. Wherever this document refers to CDMA System time in frames, it is taken to mean an integer value T such that: $T = \lfloor t/0.02 \rfloor$, where t represents System Time in seconds.
- 18. The tests will be performed using modulated L1 carriers; however, the specification of the signal levels is based upon an unmodulated L1 carrier, referenced to the mobile station antenna input.

REFERENCES

- 1 The following Specifications contain provisions that, through reference in this text,
- 2 constitute provisions of this Specification. At the time of publication, the editions indicated
- 3 were valid. All Specifications are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on
- 4 this Specification are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent
- 5 editions of the Specifications indicated below. ANSI and TIA maintain registers of currently
- 6 valid national Standards published by them.
- 7 References are either specific (identified by date of publication, revision identifier, and
- 8 version number) or non-specific.
- 9 For a specific reference, subsequent revisions may not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest revision applies.

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NORMATIVE REFERNCES

- 3GPP2 C.S0022-B v2.0, Position Determination Service for cdma2000 Spread Spectrum
 Systems, October 2010.
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- 5. FCC 00-326, CC Docket No. 94-102, Fourth Memorandum Opinion and Order in the Matter of Revision of the Commission's Rules to Ensure Compatibility with Enhanced 911 Emergency Calling Systems, September 2000.
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1 INTRODUCTION

2 **1.1 Scope**

- 3 This Specification details definitions, methods of measurement, and minimum performance
- 4 characteristics for Position Location Capable Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) mobile
- 5 stations. This Specification shares the purpose of [1] (and subsequent revisions thereof) by
- 6 ensuring that a mobile station's location can be determined in any wireless system that
- 7 meets the compatibility requirements of [1].
- 8 Test methods are recommended in this document; however, methods other than those
- 9 recommended may suffice for the same purpose.

10

1 1.2 Terms and Definitions

- 2 **2D Fix.** A two-dimensional (latitude and longitude) position determination process.
- 3 **3D Fix.** A three-dimensional (latitude, longitude and height) position determination
- 4 process.
- 5 **Access Channel.** A Reverse CDMA Channel used by mobile stations for communicating to
- 6 the base station. The Access Channel is used for short signaling message exchanges, such
- 7 as call originations, responses to pages, and registrations. The Access Channel is a slotted
- 8 random access channel.
- 9 Advanced Forward Link Trilateration (AFLT). A geolocation technique that utilizes the
- 10 mobile station's measured time-difference-of-arrival of radio signals from the base stations
- 11 (and, possibly, other terrestrial measurements).
- 12 **AFLT.** See Advanced Forward Link Trilateration.
- 13 **Almanac.** See GPS Almanac.
- 14 **Alpha.** See Alpha, Beta Parameters.
- 15 **Alpha, Beta Parameters.** Ionospheric parameters, which allow the "L1 only" user to utilize
- 16 the ionospheric model for computation of the ionospheric delay. Alpha and Beta
- parameters are contained in page 18 of subframe 4 of the GPS navigation message frame.
- 18 **Assistance Data.** The assistance data provided by the base station to the mobile station
- 19 for various purposes (for example, acquisition, location calculation or sensitivity
- 20 improvement).
- 21 **Authentication.** An algorithmic exchange procedure used by a base station to validate a
- 22 mobile station's identity.
- 23 Autonomous Mobile Station. A mobile station that is capable of autonomously
- determining its own position without any help from the base station.
- 25 **Autonomous Base Station.** A base station capable of determining the location of the
- 26 mobile station without requiring any cooperation from the mobile station.
- 27 **Azimuth.** An angle that specifies a direction in the horizontal plane, expressed in degrees
- 28 measured clockwise from True North.
- 29 AWGN. Additive White Gaussian Noise.
- 30 **Bad Satellite.** A bad satellite is one that is unusable for position calculation. See Satellite
- 31 Health.
- 32 **Band Class.** A set of frequency channels and a numbering scheme for these channels.
- 33 Base Station. The base station includes the transceiver equipment, Mobile Switching
- 34 Center (MSC), Mobile Positioning Center (MPC), Position Determination Entity (PDE) and
- 35 any Inter-Working Function (IWF) required for network connection.

- 1 **Base Station Almanac.** The location coordinates and reference time correction parameters
- 2 for a collection of base stations in the immediate neighborhood of the mobile station (the
- 3 size of the immediate neighborhood is a service provider option).
- 4 **Beta.** See Alpha, Beta Parameters.
- 5 **bps.** Bits-per-second.
- 6 **C/A Code.** Coarse/Acquisition code used for spectral spreading of the GPS signal.
- 7 **C/A Code Chip.** The interval defined by the chipping (spreading) rate of the GPS C/A code.
- 8 Stated as a time interval, one chip equals approximately 977.5 ns; as a distance it is
- 9 approximately 293.0 m.
- 10 **C/No.** The ratio of the unmodulated carrier signal power (C) to the power spectral density
- of background noise (N_0) .
- 12 **CDMA.** See Code Division Multiple Access.
- 13 **CDMA Channel.** The set of channels transmitted between the base station and the mobile
- station within a given CDMA frequency assignment.
- 15 **CDMA Code Boundary.** The point in time where the system time modulo the PN code
- 16 period is precisely zero.
- 17 **CDMA System Time.** All base station digital transmissions are referenced to a common
- 18 CDMA system-wide time scale that uses the Global Positioning System (GPS) time scale,
- 19 which is traceable to and synchronous with Universal Coordinated Time (UTC). GPS and
- 20 UTC differ by an integer number of seconds, specifically the number of leap second
- 21 corrections added to UTC since January 6, 1980. The start of CDMA System Time is
- 22 January 6, 1980 00:00:00 UTC, which coincides with the start of GPS time. (See
- 23 TIA/EIA/95-B Section 1.2). Note that if the CDMA baseband transmit signal is modeled as
- 24 a complex impulse train passed through a symmetric non-causal filter, then the precise
- 25 zero instant of system time modulo the pilot PN sequence code period is given by the
- 26 midpoint between the impulse representing the last element of the pilot PN sequence and
- 27 the subsequent impulse representing the first element of the pilot PN sequence. The
- 28 impulse train represents the pilot PN sequence, where the impulses are separated by
- 29 exactly one PN code chip. The symmetric non-causal filter represents the baseband filter
- 30 shape prior to the pre-equalization filter.
- 31 **CNAV.** See GPS CNAV Message.
- 32 **CNAV-2.** See GPS CNAV-2 Message.
- 33 **Code Channel.** A subchannel of a Forward CDMA Channel or Reverse CDMA Channel.
- Each subchannel uses an orthogonal Walsh function or quasi-orthogonal function.
- 35 **Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA).** A technique for spread-spectrum multiple-access
- 36 digital communications that creates channels through the use of unique code sequences.
- 37 **Code Phase.** At a given time, the code phase is the fraction of the code period that has
- 38 elapsed since the latest code boundary (GPS or CDMA).
- 39 **Code Phase Search Window.** The expected range of possible code phase values.

- 1 **dBm.** A measure of power expressed in terms of its ratio (in dB) to one milliwatt.
- 2 dBm/Hz. A measure of power spectral density. The ratio, dBm/Hz, is the power in one
- 3 Hertz of bandwidth, where power is expressed in units of dBm.
- 4 **dBW.** A measure of power expressed in terms of its ratio (in dB) to one watt.
- 5 **DGNSS**. Differential GNSS.
- 6 **DGPS.** Differential GPS.
- 7 Dilution of Precision. A measure of position determination accuracy that is solely a
- 8 function of the geometrical layout of the reference points used in the position
- 9 determination, as seen from the estimated position (for GPS, position of the satellites
- 10 relative to the receiver antenna). One-sigma position error is approximately the product of
- 11 the value of the Dilution of Precision and the one-sigma error in measured range from the
- mobile station to the reference points.
- 13 **DOP.** See Dilution of Precision.
- **Doppler n**th **Order.** The nth order moment specifying a satellite's observed Doppler.
- 15 **Doppler Search Window.** The expected range of possible Doppler values.
- 16 **E**_h. Average energy of an information bit at the mobile station antenna input.
- $\frac{\mathbf{E_b}}{\mathbf{N_t}}$. The ratio in dB of the combined received energy per bit to the effective noise power
- spectral density at the mobile station antenna input.
- 19 **E**_c. Average energy accumulated over one PN chip period.
- $\frac{E_c}{I_{or}}$. The ratio in dB between the energy accumulated over one PN chip period (E_c) to the
- 21 total transmit power spectral density.
- 22 **ECEF.** "Earth-Centered-Earth-Fixed". A frame of reference for specifying positions that is
- centered in the center of the Earth and rotates with it.
- 24 **EGNOS.** See SBAS.
- 25 **Elevation Angle.** The angle between a (GPS) satellite and the horizon, expressed in
- 26 degrees.
- 27 Ephemeris. The precise (high accuracy) orbital parameters of one GPS satellite, as
- transmitted by that satellite in GPS subframes 2 and 3.
- 29 **Extended Base Station Almanac.** The location coordinates and reference time correction
- 30 parameters for a collection of base stations in the extended neighborhood of the mobile
- 31 station (the size of the extended neighborhood is a service provider option).
- 32 **Fix.** The process of performing position computation.
- 33 Forward Traffic Channel. One or more code channels used to transport user and
- 34 signaling traffic from the base station to the mobile station.

- 1 **Frame.** See GPS Navigation Message Frame.
- 2 **GAGAN.** See SBAS.
- 3 **Galileo.** Galileo is a global navigation satellite system currently being built by the European
- 4 Union (EU) and European Space Agency (ESA).
- 5 **Geolocation.** The process of determining a geographic location.
- 6 **GHz.** Gigahertz (10⁹ Hertz).
- 7 GLONASS. GLObal'naya NAvigatsionnaya Sputnikovaya Sistema; (English: Global
- 8 Navigation Satellite System), developed by the former Soviet Union and now operated for
- 9 the Russian government by the Russian Space Forces.
- 10 GNSS. Global Navigation Satellite System is the standard generic term for satellite
- 11 navigation systems that provide autonomous geo-spatial positioning with global or reginal
- 12 coverage, such as GPS, GLONASS, or Galileo.
- 13 **GPS.** Global Positioning System.
- 14 GPS Almanac. The almanac data are a reduced-precision subset of the clock and
- ephemeris parameters for all satellites, as transmitted by every satellite in GPS subframes 4
- 16 and 5.
- 17 GPS CNAV Navigation Message. The GPS CNAV (Civil Navigation) data is an upgraded
- version of the original NAV navigation message. It contains higher precision representation
- 19 and nominally more accurate data than the NAV data. The CNAV message format consists
- of 300-bit message packets of different types.
- 21 **GPS CNAV-2 Navigation message.** The GPS CNAV-2 navigation message modulated on the
- 22 L1C signal consists of three subframes of varying length. Subframe 1 provides Time of
- 23 Interval (TOI) count, subframe 2 provides ephemeris and clock corections, and subframe 3
- 24 which varies from frame to frame provides almanac and other data.
- 25 **GPS Code Boundary.** The point in time where the system time modulo the C/A code
- 26 period is precisely zero.
- 27 GPS Navigation Message Frame. A GPS navigation message frame contains five
- 28 subframes. Subframes 1 through 3 contain ephemeris and clock parameters; subframes 4
- and 5 contain message and almanac parameters.
- 30 **GPS Navigation Message Subframe.** One of the five GPS subframes of the GPS navigation
- 31 message. The subframe is 300-bits long.
- 32 GPS Navigation Message Superframe. A GPS navigation message superframe consists of
- 33 25 frames and has a duration of 12.5 minutes.
- 34 Handset-based Position Location. A position location method, where the underlying,
- 35 fundamental measurements to be used in the location calculation are made at the mobile
- 36 station. The location calculation itself can be performed by either the mobile station or by
- 37 one or more network entities. See also Network-based Position Location.
- 38 **ICD.** Interface Control Document.

- 1 Inc. The power spectral density of a band-limited white noise source, simulating
- 2 interference from other cells or other channel interference or both, as measured at the
- 3 mobile station antenna input. See also OCNS.
- 4 Ior. The total transmit power spectral density of the Forward CDMA Channel at the base
- 5 station antenna output.
- 6 **Î**or. The received power spectral density of the Forward CDMA Channel as measured at the
- 7 mobile station antenna input.
- 8 IWF. InterWorking Function. A network entity enabling interactions between network
- 9 elements, such as interactions between an MSC and a landline function. The IWF usually
- 10 performs protocol conversions as its primary function.
- 11 **kHz.** Kilohertz (10^3 Hertz).
- 12 **Legacy Terminal.** A mobile station that does not support the position determination
- techniques described in Reference [1].
- 14 **Location.** The terms "location" and "position" are used interchangeably throughout this
- document. In this respect, the definition of the term differs from the historic use of location
- 16 in wireless systems to identify the mobile's current serving system. See Position.
- 17 LOS. Line of Sight.
- 18 **LSB.** Least Significant Bit.
- 19 Mean Input Power. The total received calorimetric power measured in a specified
- 20 bandwidth at the antenna input, including all internal and external signal and noise
- 21 sources.
- 22 **Mean Output Power.** The total transmitted calorimetric power measured in a specified
- bandwidth at the antenna output when the transmitter is active.
- 24 **MHz.** Megahertz (10⁶ Hertz).
- 25 **MPC.** Mobile Positioning Center: The network entity that serves as the point of interface
- 26 of the wireless network for the exchange of geographic position information.
- 27 **Mobile Station (MS).** A station that communicates with the base station.
- 28 **Mobile Station Originated Message.** A message originating from a mobile station.
- 29 **Mobile Station Terminated Message.** A message received by a mobile station.
- 30 Mobile Switching Center (MSC). A configuration of equipment that provides cellular
- 31 radio-telephone service. Also called the Mobile Telephone Switching Office (MTSO).
- 32 **Modernized GPS.** The GPS modernization project involves new ground stations and new
- 33 satellites with additional navigation signals to improve the accuracy and availability for
- 34 GPS users. The additional navigation signals include a Civilian L2 (L2C) signal, a Safety-of-
- 35 Life L5 signal, and a new Civilian L1 (L1C) signal, together with improved navigation
- 36 message data (see CNAV, CNAV-2).
- 37 **ms.** Millisecond (10^{-3} second).
- 38 **MS.** See Mobile Station.

- 1 **MSAS.** See SBAS.
- 2 **MSB.** Most Significant Bit.
- 3 **MSC.** See Mobile Switching Center.
- 4 Navigation Message Bits. The message bits (50 bits-per-second) transmitted by GPS
- 5 satellites, containing the satellite clock, ephemeris, almanac and other parameters.
- 6 **N₀.** The effective inband noise or interference power spectral density.
- 7 **Nt.** The effective noise power spectral density at the mobile station antenna input.
- 8 **N/A.** Not applicable.
- 9 **Network-based Position Location.** A position location method, where the underlying,
- 10 fundamental measurements to be used in the location calculation are made by the
- 11 terrestrial network, typically by one or more base stations. See also Handset-based
- 12 Position Location.
- 13 **ns.** Nanosecond (10^{-9} second).
- 14 **N/S.** Not specified.
- 15 **OCNS.** See Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator.
- 16 **OCNS E_c.** Average energy per PN chip for the OCNS.
- 17 $\frac{\text{OCNS } \mathbf{E_c}}{\mathbf{I_{or}}}$. The ratio of the average transmit energy per PN chip for the OCNS to the total
- 18 transmit power spectral density.
- 19 Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator. A hardware mechanism used to simulate the users
- 20 on the other orthogonal channels of a Forward CDMA Channel.
- 21 Paging Channel (PCH). A code channel in a Forward CDMA Channel used for
- 22 transmission of control information and pages from a base station to a mobile station.
- 23 **PDE.** See Position Determination Entity.
- 24 **Pilot Channel.** An unmodulated, direct-sequence spread spectrum signal transmitted by a
- 25 CDMA base station or mobile station. A pilot channel provides a phase reference for
- 26 coherent demodulation and may provide a means for signal strength comparisons between
- 27 base stations for determining when to handoff.
- 28 **Pilot Ec.** Average energy per PN chip for the Pilot Channel.
- 29 $\frac{\text{Pilot } E_c}{I_o}$. The ratio of the received pilot energy per chip, E_c , to the total received power
- 30 spectral density (noise and signals).
- 31 $\frac{\text{Pilot } \mathbf{E_c}}{\mathbf{I_{or}}}$. The ratio of the transmit pilot energy per chip, $\mathbf{E_c}$, to the total transmit power
- 32 spectral density.

- 1 **Pilot Phase Offset.** The time difference measured at the mobile station between the
- 2 earliest arriving useable multipath component of a pilot and the mobile station system time
- 3 reference. The AFLT technique is based primarily on Pilot Phase Offset data.
- 4 Pilot PN Sequence. A pair of modified maximal length PN sequences used to spread the
- 5 Forward CDMA Channel and the Reverse CDMA Channel. Different base stations are
- 6 identified by different pilot PN sequence offsets.
- 7 **PN.** Pseudonoise.
- 8 **PN Chip.** One bit in the PN sequence.
- 9 **PN Offset.** The PN offset measured in units of 64 PN chips of a pilot, relative to the zero-
- 10 offset pilot PN sequence.
- 11 **PN Sequence.** Pseudonoise sequence. A periodic binary sequence.
- 12 **Position.** The geographic position of the mobile station expressed in latitude and longitude
- 13 and height.
- 14 **Position Determination Entity (PDE).** A network entity that manages the position or
- 15 geographic location determination of the mobile station.
- 16 **ppb.** Parts-per-billion.
- 17 **Pseudodoppler.** The measured Doppler frequency shift in the signal received from the GPS
- 18 satellite. Since the satellite and receiver clock drifts are included, it is referred to as
- 19 pseudodoppler.
- 20 **Pseudorange.** The measured range (in GPS chips) from the observed satellite to the GPS
- 21 receiver antenna. Since the satellite and receiver clock biases are included, it is referred to
- 22 as pseudorange.
- 23 **Push.** An unsolicited response.
- 24 **PRN Number.** The GPS PRN signal number as defined in ICD-GPS-200C, table 3-I.
- 25 **QZSS.** Quasi-Zenith Satellite System (QZSS) is a regional navigation satellite system where
- 26 the eccentricity and elevation of the satellite orbits are selected so that the minimum
- elevation angle through 24 hours in Japan is larger than about 60 degrees. The satellite
- 28 signals are fully compatible and interoperable with GPS and its modernization.
- 29 **Reference Bit Boundary.** A boundary between two 20-ms GPS bit intervals chosen as the
- 30 reference point for code phases.
- 31 **Reverse Traffic Channel.** A traffic channel on which data and signaling are transmitted
- 32 from a mobile station to a base station.
- 33 **RMS.** Root of Mean Square.
- 34 **s.** Second.
- 35 Satellite Clock Correction. Bits nine through 24 of word eight, bits one through 24 of
- 36 word nine, and bits one through 22 of word ten in GPS subframe one contain the
- parameters needed by the user for apparent satellite clock correction (t_{oc}, a_{f2}, a_{f1}, a_{f0}).

- 1 Satellite Health. Satellite health is the information identifying a satellite as usable for
- 2 position calculation.
- 3 SBAS. Satellite Based Augmentation System. Several independent but compatible satellite
- 4 based augmentation systems exist: The American Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS),
- 5 the European Geostationary Navigation Overlay Service (EGNOS), the Indian GPS Aided
- 6 GEO Augmented Navigation System (GAGAN), and the Japanese Multi-functional Satellite
- 7 Augmentation System (MSAS). The (GPS-like) ranging signals from all these SBASs are here
- 8 considered as a single GNSS, although this GNSS is not a standalone positioning system
- 9 because of the small number of satellites and their distribution in space.
- 10 **Sensitivity.** The minimum level (dBm) of received GPS signal at a mobile station that
- allows the determination of the geolocation of the mobile station.
- 12 **Serving Frequency.** The CDMA frequency on which a mobile station is currently
- 13 communicating with one or more base stations.
- 14 **Subframe.** See GPS Navigation Message Subframe.
- 15 **Superframe.** See GPS Navigation Message Superframe.
- 16 **SV.** Space Vehicle: A way of referring to one of the GPS satellites.
- 17 **Time of Arrival.** The time occurrence, as measured at the mobile station antenna input, of
- the earliest arriving usable multipath component of the signal.
- 19 **Traffic Channel.** A communication path between a mobile station and a base station used
- 20 for user and signaling traffic. The term Traffic Channel implies a Forward Traffic Channel
- 21 and Reverse Traffic Channel pair. See also Forward Traffic Channel and Reverse Traffic
- 22 Channel.
- 23 Unsolicited Response. A response element that is issued in the absence of the
- 24 corresponding request element.
- 25 **WAAS.** See SBAS.
- Walsh Function. One of 2^N time orthogonal binary functions (note that the functions are
- 27 orthogonal after mapping '0' to 1 and '1' to -1).
- Weighting Factor. Weighting factor is a weight applied to the GPS measurement as part of
- 29 a Weighted Least Squares Filter (WLSF) implementation of the navigation algorithm.
- 30 **WGS-84.** World Geodetic System 1984.
- 31 **WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid.** Worldwide datum reference system defining the surface of
- 32 the Earth (note: Supersedes WGS-72); i.e., the standard physical model of the Earth used
- 33 for GPS applications. Ellipsoid reference models are location-specific and may be obtained
- 34 from Defense Mapping Agency publication DMA TR 8350.2 (September 30, 1987).
- 35 **WLSF.** Weighted Least Squares Filter navigation algorithm.

1 1.3 General Test Procedures

- 2 The mobile station tests presented in this Specification support various position location
- 3 technologies that use an implementation compliant with [1]. Only the tests that are
- 4 applicable to the technology supported by the mobile station under testing should be
- 5 performed.

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- 6 All applicable tests shall be performed at least once. Test results will be recorded in real-
- 7 time with all actual parametric performance logged where applicable.

1.4 Test Modes

- 9 Based on the position location call flows between the serving base station and the mobile 10 station during the tests, the following four test modes are defined:
- 1. Position Location Test Mode 1: This test mode is used for testing position location operation when the mobile station originates a position location session 1 on the Access
- 13 Channel. Parts of the subsequent messaging related to the position location session
- 14 may be carried out on a dedicated channel using Location Service Option (Service
- 15 Option 35 or 36).
- 2. Position Location Test Mode 2: This test mode is used for testing position location operation when the mobile station originates a position location session on a dedicated channel. This test mode is entered by setting up a call using Voice Service Option or
- 19 Location Service Option (Service Option 35 or 36).
- 20 3. Position Location Test Mode 3: This test mode is used for testing position location operation when the base station originates a position location session on the Paging
- 22 Channel. Parts of the subsequent messaging related to the position location session
- 23 may be carried out on a dedicated channel using Location Service Option (Service
- 24 Option 35 or 36).
- 4. Position Location Test Mode 4: This test mode is used for testing position location operation when the base station originates a position location session on a dedicated channel. This test mode is entered by setting up a call using a Voice Service Option
- 28 supported by the mobile station or Location Service Option (Service Option 35 or 36).
- 29 Position Location Test Modes 1 and 2 are only applied to mobile stations that support
- 30 mobile originated position location sessions.
- 31 Example call flows for these test modes are described in 6.10.2.

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¹ The origination of the position location session, in general, is independent of the call origination. A position location session can, for example, be initiated by the PDE during a voice call, which had been originated by the mobile station. The initiator of the position location session is defined as the entity that sends the first *Position Determination Data Message*.

1 1.5 Tolerances

- 2 1.5.1 CDMA System Parameter Tolerances
- 3 CDMA parameters are specified in [11], [12]. All parameters indicated in [8], [9] and [10]
- 4 are exact, unless an explicit tolerance is stated.
- 5 1.5.2 Measurement Tolerances
- 6 Unless otherwise specified, a measurement tolerance, including the tolerance of the
- 7 measurement equipment, of ±10% is assumed. This ±10% tolerance includes, but is not
- 8 limited to the effects of VSWR, source signal levels, and variations in room temperature
- 9 (15°C to 35°C).

1.6 Measurement Data Evaluation

- 11 The minimum specifications presented in this document describe tolerances applicable to
- 12 numerical parameter values returned by the mobile station. The specified tolerance value
- types are summarized in Table 1.6-1.

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Table 1.6-1 Summary of Test Evaluation Parameters

Parameter	Description
T_1	Time limit for returning Provide MS Information
N	Minimum number of required parameter values
T_2	Time limit for returning the N parameter values
CODE _{1A}	The maximum absolute error level corresponding to the 67% point for SV_CODE_PH_WH/SV_CODE_PH_FR or "Satellite code phase – whole chips/Satellite code phase – fractional chips" in <i>Provide Pseudorange Measurement</i> message ² , or for "Code phase origin/Code phase" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message
CODE _{2A}	The maximum absolute error level corresponding to the 95% point for SV_CODE_PH_WH/SV_CODE_PH_FR or "Satellite code phase – whole chips/Satellite code phase – fractional chips" in <i>Provide Pseudorange Measurement</i> message, or for "Code phase origin/Code phase" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message
CODE _{3A}	The maximum absolute error level corresponding to the 80% point for "Code phase origin/Code phase" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message
CODE _{1R}	The maximum relative error level corresponding to the 67% point for SV_CODE_PH_WH/SV_CODE_PH_FR or "Satellite code phase – whole chips/Satellite code phase – fractional chips" in <i>Provide Pseudorange Measurement</i> message, or for "Code phase origin/Code phase" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message
CODE _{2R}	The maximum relative error level corresponding to the 95% point for SV_CODE_PH_WH/SV_CODE_PH_FR or "Satellite code phase – whole chips/Satellite code phase – fractional chips" in <i>Provide Pseudorange Measurement</i> message, or for "Code phase origin/Code phase" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message

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 $^{^2}$ SV_CODE_PH_WH/SV_CODE_PH_FR and "Satellite code phase – whole chips/Satellite code phase – fractional chips" of the *Provide Pseudorange Measurement* message are used interchangeably in this document.

CODE _{3R}	The maximum relative error level corresponding to the 80% point for "Code phase origin/Code phase" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message
DPR ₁	The maximum error level corresponding to the 67% point for PS_DOPPLER or "Pseudodoppler" in <i>Provide Pseudorange Measurement</i> message ³ , or for "Satellite Pseudodoppler" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message
DPR ₂	The maximum error level corresponding to the 95% point for PS_DOPPLER or "Pseudodoppler" in <i>Provide Pseudorange Measurement</i> message, or for "Satellite Pseudodoppler" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message
DPR ₃	The maximum error level corresponding to the 80% point for "Satellite Pseudodoppler" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message
CNO ₁	The maximum error level corresponding to the 67% point for SV_CNO or "Satellite C/No" in <i>Provide</i> Pseudorange Measurement message ⁴ , or for "Satellite C/No" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message
CNO ₂	The maximum error level corresponding to the 95% point for SV_CNO or "Satellite C/No" in <i>Provide</i> Pseudorange Measurement message, or for "Satellite C/No" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message
CNO ₃	The maximum error level corresponding to the 80% point for "Satellite C/No" in <i>Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement</i> message
PNPHASE ₁	The maximum error level corresponding to the 67% point for PILOT_PN_PHASE or "Pilot measured phase" in <i>Provide Pilot Phase Measurement</i> message ⁵

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 $^{^3}$ PS_DOPPLER and "Pseudodoppler" of the *Provide Pseudorange Measurement* message are used interchangeably in this document.

⁴ SV_CNO and "Satellite C/No" of the *Provide Pseudorange Measurement* message are used interchangeably in this document.

 $^{^5}$ PILOT_PN_PHASE and "Pilot measured phase" of the *Provide Pilot Phase Measurement* message are used interchangeably in this document.

PNPHASE ₂	The maximum error level corresponding to the 95% point for PILOT_PN_PHASE or "Pilot measured phase" in <i>Provide Pilot Phase Measurement</i> message
RXPWR ₁	The maximum error level corresponding to the 67% point for TOTAL_RX_PWR or "Total received power" in <i>Provide Pilot Phase Measurement</i> message ⁶
RXPWR ₂	The maximum error level corresponding to the 95% point for TOTAL_RX_PWR or "Total received power" in <i>Provide Pilot Phase Measurement</i> message
REFPS ₁	The maximum error level corresponding to the 67% point for REF_PILOT_STRENGTH or "Pilot strength" in <i>Provide Pilot Phase Measurement</i> message ⁷
REFPS ₂	The maximum error level corresponding to the 95% point for REF_PILOT_STRENGTH or "Pilot strength" in <i>Provide Pilot Phase Measurement</i> message
PS ₁	The maximum error level corresponding to the 67% point for PILOT_SRENGTH or "Pilot strength" in "Pilot phase information" IE of the <i>Provide Pilot Phase Measurement</i> message ⁸
PS ₂	The maximum error level corresponding to the 95% point for PILOT_SRENGTH or "Pilot strength" in "Pilot phase information" IE of the <i>Provide Pilot Phase Measurement</i> message
LATLONG ₁	The maximum error level corresponding to the 67% point for LAT/LONG or "Latitude/Longitude" in <i>Provide Location Response</i> message ⁹ or for "Latitude/Longitude" in <i>Provide Advanced Location Response</i> message
LATLONG ₂	The maximum error level corresponding to the 95% point for LAT/LONG or "Latitude/Longitude" in <i>Provide Location Response</i> message or for "Latitude/Longitude" in <i>Provide Advanced Location Response</i> message

⁶ TOTAL_RX_PWR and "Total received power" of the *Provide Pilot Phase Measurement* message are used interchangeably in this document.

 $^{^7}$ REF_PILOT_STRENGTH and "Pilot strength" of the *Provide Pilot Phase Measurement* message are used interchangeably in this document.

⁸ PILOT_SRENGTH and "Pilot strength" in "Pilot phase information" IE of the *Provide Pilot Phase Measurement* message are used interchangeably in this document.

 $^{^9}$ LAT/LONG and "Latitude/Longitude" of the *Provide Pseudorange Measurement* message are used interchangeably in this document.

R ₁	Lower limit for RMS error normalized by PS_RANGE_RMS_ER or "Pseudorange RMS Error" in Provide Pseudorange Measurement message 10, or by RMS_ERR_PHASE or "RMS error in phase measurement" in Provide Pilot Phase Measurement message 11, or by "Pseudorange RMS Error" in Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement message, or by "Satellite Pseudodoppler RMS Error" in Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement message
R_2	Upper limit for RMS error normalized by PS_RANGE_RMS_ER or "Pseudorange RMS Error" in Provide Pseudorange Measurement message, or by RMS_ERR_PHASE or "RMS error in phase measurement" in Provide Pilot Phase Measurement message, or by "Pseudorange RMS Error" in Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement message, or by "Satellite Pseudodoppler RMS Error" in Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement message

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- 2 Detailed description of the values listed in Table 1.6-1 is given in 1.6.1 through 1.6.2.2.
- 3 1.6.1 Evaluation of the Measurement Yield
- 4 Unless otherwise noted, the following general procedures apply:
- 1. A given test consists of a series of independent measurements. 12 5
- 2. A measurement is declared a success if the mobile station returns at least N instances 7 of a designated parameter type within time period T_2 , where both N and T_2 are specified for each test. The designated parameter type is LAT/LONG or "Latitude/Longitude" in the Provide Location Response message, "Latitude/Longitude" 10 in the Provide Location Advanced Response message, SV_CODE_PH_WH/SV_CODE_PH_FR or "Satellite code phase - whole chips/Satellite code phase - fractional chips" in the Provide Pseudorange Measurement message, "Code 12 phase origin/Code phase" in the Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement message,

¹⁰ PS_RANGE_RMS_ER and "Pseudorange RMS Error" of the Provide Pseudorange Measurement message are used interchangeably in this document.

¹¹ RMS_ERR_PHASE and "RMS error in phase measurement" of the *Provide Pilot Phase Measurement* message are used interchangeably in this document.

¹² In this document, 'measurement', when used in the context of position location, means the process that normally leads to obtaining a single position fix. The parameters returned by the mobile station during the course of a measurement (satellite code phase values, for example) themselves are not called measurements; they are called parameters or parameter values instead.

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- and PILOT_PN_PHASE or "Pilot measured phase" in the *Provide Pilot Phase*Measurement message. 13 A measurement is declared a failure if the mobile station returns M parameters, with M < N, within time period T_2 . The start of time period T_2 is set as follows:
 - For Position Location Test Modes 1 and 2, the start of the time period is at the occurrence of the action evoking the position location session origination by the mobile station. (For example, pressing the last key in the sequence to start an emergency call.)
 - For Position Location Test Modes 3 and 4, the start of the time period is at the end of the transmission of the message containing the measurement request by the base station.
 - 3. The designated parameter values returned by the mobile station, for which the mobile station indicated an error, are not counted towards *N*. See Table 1.6.2.1.1-1 for the list of error indications.
- 15 4. If the mobile station returns redundant information during a single measurement, i.e. it 16 returns more than one LAT/LONG parameter or "Latitude/Longitude" parameter, or it 17 returns more than one SV CODE PH WH/SV CODE PH FR parameter or "Satellite 18 code phase - whole chips/Satellite code phase - fractional chips" parameter for the 19 same satellite, or it returns more than one "Code phase origin/Code phase" parameter 20 for the same satellite of a GNSS signal, or it returns more than one PILOT_PN_PHASE 21 parameter or "Pilot measured phase" parameter for the same pilot, then only the first 22 parameter for which the mobile station did not indicate an error will be counted 23 towards N.

24 1.6.2 Evaluation of the returned parameters

The performance tests described in this document (i.e. all tests other than the protocol tests) require carrying out a statistical analysis of the parameter values returned by the mobile station. The statistical analysis is performed for each parameter type separately, on a subset of the returned values. The following will apply to the construction of these subsets:

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¹³ The mobile station always returns the values of LAT and LONG or "Latitude" and "Longitude" as a pair, and these values are evaluated jointly by the procedures described in this document. These two pairs of values are both considered a single parameter in this document designated by LAT/LONG and "Latitude/Longitude", respectively. Similarly, SV_CODE_PH_WH and SV_CODE_PH_FR, or "Satellite code phase – whole chips" and "Satellite code phase – fractional chips", are also returned as a pair. These two pairs are also considered to be a single parameter designated by SV_CODE_PH_WH/SV_CODE_PH_FR and "Satellite code phase – whole chips/Satellite code phase – fractional chips". Similarly, "Code phase origin" and "Code phase" are also returned as a pair. This pair is also considered to be a single parameter designated by "Code phase origin/Code phase".

- The parameter values returned by the mobile station, for which the mobile station indicated an error, are excluded from the statistical evaluation. See Table 1.6.2.1.1-1 for the list of error indications.
- 4 If the mobile station returns redundant information during a single measurement, i.e. 5 it returns more than one Provide Location Response, or it returns more than one Provide Advanced Location Response, or it returns more than one satellite code phase 6 7 record for the same satellite in Provide Pseudorange Measurement messages, or it 8 returns more than one satellite code phase record for the same satellite of a GNSS 9 signal in Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement messages, or it returns more than 10 one pilot phase record for the same pilot in Provide Pilot Phase Measurement 11 messages, then only the first message or record, for which the mobile station did not 12 indicate an error, will be included in the statistical evaluation. See Table 1.6.2.1.1-1 for the list of error indications. 13
- The parameters returned by the mobile station after the expiration of specified time period T_2 will be excluded from the evaluation.
- If the mobile station returns more than N non-redundant parameters (i.e. parameters corresponding to distinct satellites or base stations) within time period T_2 , then all the returned parameters that have no error indications will be included in the evaluation. See Table 1.6.2.1.1-1 for the list of error indications.
- 20 1.6.2.1 Evaluation with σ_1 , σ_2 and σ_1 , $\sigma_{80\%}$ Type Tests
- 21 For all tested data fields, except for the returned RMS error estimate, a σ_1 , σ_2 or σ_1 , $\sigma_{80\%}$
- 22 type test is performed. The σ_1 , σ_2 and σ_1 , $\sigma_{80\%}$ type tests comprise the following steps:
- 23 1. For each returned parameter, in each measurement, a non-negative error value ε is 24 The calculation of this error value for successful measurements is 25 described in 1.6.2.1.1. For failed measurements, where M valid parameters were returned within time period T_2 , with M < N, ε is set to any value greater than σ for 26 27 each of the N-M missing parameters. For failed measurements in *Provide GNSS* 28 Pseudorange Measurement of GNSS dynamic range test σ is $\sigma_{80\%}$, the 80% point 29 defined below. For failed measurements other than those in Provide GNSS Pseudorange 30 Measurement of GNSS dynamic range test σ is σ_2 , the 95% point defined below.
- 2. If the mobile station returns parameter values corresponding to satellite or base station signals that were not simulated during the measurement, then for those parameters, the error is set to any value greater than σ . For parameters in *Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement* of GNSS dynamic range test σ is $\sigma_{80\%}$, the 80% point defined below. For parameters other than those in *Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement* of GNSS dynamic range test σ is σ_2 , the 95% point defined below.
- 3. The mobile station is declared compliant with the minimum specification if the collected measurement results establish $P(\varepsilon < \sigma_1) > 0.67$ and $P(\varepsilon < \sigma) > p$ with a given confidence level for all tested parameter types; where threshold levels σ_1 and σ are

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- specified for each parameter type for a given test, and the confidence level will be 90% unless otherwise stated. For parameters in *Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement* of GNSS dynamic range test σ is $\sigma_{80\%}$ and p=0.8. For parameters other than those in *Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement* of GNSS dynamic range test σ is σ_2 and p=0.95. See Annex D for the description of the recommended method of statistical evaluation.
- Hereinafter, the test method described in this paragraph will be called a σ_1 , σ_2 type test or a σ_1 , $\sigma_{80\%}$ type test.

9 1.6.2.1.1 Error Calculation

- 10 Unless specified otherwise, error ε is calculated as the absolute value of the difference between the returned parameter value and the true parameter value. Whenever a given 11 12 parameter represents a vector (for example, horizontal position), the magnitude of the 13 vector difference is taken. True parameter value, in this context, means a best estimate of 14 the physical parameter value observable by the mobile station. The true value can be 15 generated by interpolating between reference data sample points provided by the test 16 equipment (for example, recorded reference SV-to-user range provided by the GPS and 17 GNSS simulators). Alternatively, the true value can be independently computed with an 18 appropriate algorithm, based on the test scenario parameters. These or other methods for 19 determining the true value are acceptable provided that all test equipment requirements 20 listed in 6 are met.
- The returned parameter fields and corresponding error indications are listed in Table 1.6.2.1.1-1.

Table 1.6.2.1.1-1 Returned Parameter Fields and Corresponding Error Indications

MS Response	Returned Parameter Field	Error Indication	Note
Provide Pseudorange Measurement	SV_CODE_PH_WH SV_CODE_PH_FR	PS_RANGE_RMS_ER or "Pseudorange RMS error" = '111111'	See 1.6.2.1.1.1, 1.6.2.1.1.2
	PS_DOPPLER	PS_RANGE_RMS_ER or "Pseudorange RMS error" = '111111'	See 1.6.2.1.1.3
	SV_CNO	PS_RANGE_RMS_ER or "Pseudorange RMS error" = '111111'	See 1.6.2.1.1.4
Provide Pilot Phase Measurement	PILOT_PN_PHASE	RMS_ERR_PHASE or "RMS error in phase measurement" = '1111111'	See 1.6.2.1.1.5
	REF_PILOT_STRENGTH	RMS_ERR_PHASE or "RMS error in phase measurement" = '111111'	See 1.6.2.1.1.4
	TOTAL_RX_POWER	RMS_ERR_PHASE or "RMS error in phase measurement" = '111111'	See 1.6.2.1.1.4
	PILOT_STRENGTH	RMS_ERR_PHASE or "RMS error in phase measurement" = '1111111'	See 1.6.2.1.1.4
Provide Location Response	LAT	LOC_UNCRTNTY_A or "Standard deviation of axis along angle	See 1.6.2.1.1.6
	LONG	specified for position uncertainty" = '11110' or '11111' or LOC_UNCRTNTY_P or "Standard deviation of axis perpendicular to angle specified for position uncertainty" = '11110' or '11111'	

Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement	Code Phase origin Code Phase	Pseudorange RMS Error = '111111'	See 1.6.2.1.1.1, 1.6.2.1.1.2
	Satellite Pseudodoppler	Satellite Pseudodoppler RMS Error = '111111'	See 1.6.2.1.1.3
	Satellite C/No	Pseudorange RMS Error = '111111'	See 1.6.2.1.1.4
Provide Advanced Location Response	Latitude Longitude	Magnitude of error along angle specified for horizontal location uncertainty = '62' or '63' or Magnitude of error perpendicular to angle specified for horizontal location uncertainty = '62' or '63'	See 1.6.2.1.1.6

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2 1.6.2.1.1.1 Calculation of Absolute Satellite Code Phase Error

3 Satellite code phase values with error indications are discarded (see Table 1.6.2.1.1-1 for 4 the list of error indications).

The absolute satellite code phase error represents the mobile station's measurement quality prior to the PDE operating on the measurements. This can also be referred to as the raw performance. The relative satellite code phase error represents the consistency of values returned for each satellite within a single measurement. The limits placed on the absolute and relative satellite code phase errors, together, define a level of performance equivalent to that defined by the LAT/LONG and 'Latitude/Longitude' requirements.

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The absolute satellite code phase error $\delta_{i,j}$ is obtained as $\delta_{i,j} = \left| e_{i,j} \right|$, where for GPS tests in sections other than 3, $e_{i,j}$ is defined as 14 $e_{i,j} = \begin{cases} \rho_{i,j} + 1023, & \text{if } \rho_{i,j} < -511 \\ \rho_{i,j} - 1023, & \text{if } \rho_{i,j} > 511 \end{cases}$, with $\rho_{i,j}$ $\rho_{i,j}$, otherwise 12

¹⁴ This definition accommodates for the periodic nature of the GPS C/A code. The C/A code sequence has a period of 2^{10} -1= 1023 chips.

- $1 \qquad \text{calculated as} \ \ \rho_{i,j} = \hat{r}_{i,j} r_j(t_i) C_{\textit{GPS}} \cdot (-\frac{\textit{MSTO}_i}{16 \cdot C_{\textit{CDMA}}} + \Delta T) \, , \text{ where } \ C_{\textit{GPS}} = 1.023 \text{ Mcps is the}$
- 2 GPS C/A code chip rate, $C_{\rm CDMA}$ =1.2288 Mcps is the CDMA chip rate, i is the measurement
- 3 index, j is the satellite index, $\hat{r}_{i,j}$ is the satellite code phase value returned by the mobile
- 4 station and $r_i(t_i)$ is the true satellite code phase value at GPS time t_i , where t_i is derived
- 5 from the returned TIME_REF field (expressed in CDMA system time) corresponding to the
- 6 measurement; $MSTO_i$ is the value of the MOB_SYS_T_OFFSET field reported by the mobile
- 7 station for the t^{th} measurement, and ΔT is the independently measured base station to
- 8 GPS simulator timing offset (see 6.6). An advance in base station system time relative to
- 9 GPS simulator system time is represented by a positive ΔT value. If OFFSET_INCL is set
- 10 to '0' by the mobile station, then $MSTO_i = 0$ assignment is used. For GNSS tests in 3, the
- absolute satellite code phase error $\delta_{i,j}$ is obtained as $\delta_{i,j} = \left| e_{i,j} \right|$ nanoseconds, where $e_{i,j}$ is
- 12 defined as

$$13 \qquad e_{i,j} = \begin{cases} \rho_{i,j} + 10^6 \text{, if } \rho_{i,j} < -5 \times 10^5 \\ \rho_{i,j} - 10^6 \text{, if } \rho_{i,j} > 5 \times 10^5 \text{,} & \text{with} & \rho_{i,j} & \text{calculated} \end{cases}$$
 as
$$\rho_{i,j} = \begin{cases} \rho_{i,j} + 10^6 \text{, if } \rho_{i,j} < -5 \times 10^5 \\ \rho_{i,j} - 10^6 \text{, if } \rho_{i,j} > 5 \times 10^5 \\ \rho_{i,j} - 10^6 \text{, otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\rho_{i,j} = \hat{r}_{i,j} - r_j(t_i) + \frac{\textit{MSTO}_i \cdot 10^9}{16 \cdot C_{\textit{CDMA}}} - \Delta T_{\textit{GNSS}}, \text{ where } C_{\textit{CDMA}} = 1.2288 \text{ Mcps is the CDMA chip}$$

- rate, where i is the measurement index, j is the satellite index, $\hat{r}_{i,j}$ is the satellite code
- phase value in nanoseconds returned by the mobile station and $r_i(t_i)$ is the true satellite
- 17 code phase value in nanoseconds at reference time t_i , where t_i is derived from the
- returned 'Reference Time' field corresponding to the measurement. $MSTO_i$ is the value of
- 19 the "Mobile station system time offset" field reported by the mobile station for the t^{th}
- 20 measurement. ΔT_{GNSS} is the independently measured base station to GNSS simulator
- 21 timing offset in nanoseconds (see 6.8). An advance in base station system time relative to
- 22 GNSS simulator system time is represented by a positive ΔT_{GNSS} value.
- Note, ΔT and ΔT_{GNSS} shown in the equations above represents a correction for a certain
- 24 type of test equipment inaccuracy. Other inaccuracies (for example, unequal cable length
- 25 connecting the mobile station to the GPS or GNSS simulator and the base station) may be
- 26 corrected for in a similar fashion. However, if any or all of these corrections were already
- 27 applied as part of the determination of the true parameter value, then those corrections
- shall not be applied here.

- 1 1.6.2.1.1.2 Calculation of Relative Satellite Code Phase Error
- 2 Satellite code phase values with error indications are discarded (see Table 1.6.2.1.1-1 for
- 3 the list of error indications). The relative satellite code phase error $\delta'_{i,j}$ is obtained as
- 4 $\delta'_{i,j} = |\tilde{e}_{i,j}|$, where $\tilde{e}_{i,j}$ is calculated as $\tilde{e}_{i,j} = e_{i,j} \bar{e}_i$, where the $e_{i,j}$ are obtained as
- 5 explained above, and \overline{e}_i is the mean error, calculated as $\overline{e}_i = \frac{1}{l_i} \sum_{j=1}^{l_i} e_{i,j}$, where l_i is the
- 6 number of satellite code phase values returned by the mobile station for the t^{th}
- 7 measurement.
- 8 1.6.2.1.1.3 Calculation of Pseudo Doppler Error
- 9 Pseudo Doppler values with error indications are discarded (see Table 1.6.2.1.1-1 for the
- 10 list of error indications). The pseudo Doppler error $\gamma'_{i,j}$ is obtained as $\gamma'_{i,j} = \left| \tilde{d}_{i,j} \right|$; where
- 11 $\widetilde{d}_{i,j}$ is calculated as $\widetilde{d}_{i,j} = d_{i,j} \overline{d}_i$, where $d_{i,j}$ is the difference between the returned
- 12 pseudo Doppler value and the true Doppler value at time t_i , where t_i is derived from the
- returned TIME_REF field corresponding to the measurement; and \bar{d}_i is the mean error,
- calculated as $\overline{d}_i = \frac{1}{l_i} \sum_{j=1}^{l_i} d_{i,j}$, where l_i is the number of pseudo Doppler values returned by
- 15 the mobile station for the i^{th} measurement.
- 16 1.6.2.1.1.4 Calculation of Signal-to-Noise Ratio and Signal Strength Errors
- 17 Signal-to-noise ratio and signal strength values with error indications are discarded (see
- 18 Table 1.6.2.1.1-1 for the list of error indications). Signal-to-noise ratio and signal strength
- 19 estimation errors are obtained as the absolute value of the difference between the reported
- value and the true value, both expressed in units given by the corresponding field definition
- 21 of [1].
- 22 1.6.2.1.1.5 Calculation of Pilot Phase Error
- 23 Pilot phase values with error indications are discarded (see Table 1.6.2.1.1-1 for the list of
- 24 error indications). The pilot phase error $\mu_{i,j}$ is obtained as $\mu_{i,j} = \left| m_{i,j} \right|$, where $m_{i,j}$ is

25 defined as 15
$$m_{i,j} = \begin{cases} \zeta_{i,j} + 2^{15}, & \text{if } \zeta_{i,j} < -2^{14} \\ \zeta_{i,j} - 2^{15}, & \text{if } \zeta_{i,j} > 2^{14}, & \text{with } \zeta_{i,j} & \text{calculated as } \zeta_{i,j}, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

26 $\zeta_{i,j} = \hat{p}_{i,j} - p_j(t_i) + MSTO_i/16 - C_{CDMA} \cdot \Delta T_j$; where $C_{CDMA} = 1.2288$ Mcps is the CDMA chip

 $^{^{15}}$ This definition accommodates for the periodic nature of the CDMA pilot PN code. The pilot PN code sequence has a period of 2^{15} = 32768 chips.

- 1 rate, i is the measurement index, j is the base station index, $\hat{p}_{i,j}$ is the pilot phase value
- 2 returned by the mobile station, and $p_i(t_i)$ is the true pilot phase value at time t_i , where t_i
- 3 is the timestamp derived from the TIME_REF_MS field value for the ith measurement;
- 4 MSTO; is the value of the MOB_SYS_T_OFFSET field reported by the mobile station for the
- 5 $i^{\rm th}$ measurement, and ΔT_i is the independently measured timing offset between base
- 6 station j (whose pilot phase is being reported) and the serving base station (see 6.4.2). An
- 7 advance in base station system time relative to the serving base station system time is
- 8 represented by a positive ΔT_i value. If OFFSET_INCL is set to '0' by the mobile station,
- 9 then $MSTO_i = 0$ assignment is used.
- Note, ΔT_i shown in the equation above represents a correction for a certain type of test
- 11 equipment inaccuracy. Other inaccuracies (for example, unequal cable length connecting
- 12 the mobile station to the different base stations) may be corrected for in a similar fashion.
- 13 However, if any or all of these corrections were already applied as part of the determination
- of the true parameter value, then those corrections shall not be applied here.
- 15 1.6.2.1.1.6 Calculation of Horizontal Position Error
- 16 Returned horizontal position values corresponding to Latitude and Longitude values that
- 17 were indicated as erroneous by the mobile station according to Table 1.6.2.1.1-1 are not
- 18 counted towards N and are discarded from the statistical evaluation. A horizontal position
- 19 error is calculated as the magnitude of the difference vector between the reported and the
- 20 nominal 2D positions, all expressed in units of 1 m.
- 21 1.6.2.2 Evaluation of the Returned RMS Error Estimates
- 22 The RMS error estimate returned by the mobile station is evaluated as follows:
- 23 1. All returned values for a given parameter type (satellite code phase or pilot phase),
- excluding the values for which there was an error indication, are collected during the i^{th}
- measurement to give $x_{i,1}, x_{i,2}, \dots, x_{i,l_i}$, where l_i is the total number of valid parameter
- values (satellite code phase or pilot phase) returned by the mobile station during the i^{th}
- 27 measurement.
- 28 2. For each value $x_{i,j}$, an error value $\eta_{i,j}$ is calculated. For satellite code phase values,
- 29 $\eta_{i,j}$ is assigned as $\eta_{i,j} = \tilde{e}_{i,j}$, while for pilot phase values, $\eta_{i,j}$ is assigned as
- 30 $\eta_{i,j} = m_{i,j}$, where the $\tilde{e}_{i,j}$ and $m_{i,j}$ are calculated according to the description in
- 31 1.6.2.1.1.
- 32 3. For each $\eta_{i,j}$, $\widetilde{\eta}_{i,j}$ is calculated as $\widetilde{\eta}_{i,j} = \eta_{i,j} \overline{\eta}$, where $\overline{\eta}$ is the mean, calculated as
- 33 $\overline{\eta} = \frac{1}{K} \sum_{i=1}^{K} \left(\frac{1}{l_i} \sum_{i=1}^{l_i} \eta_{i,j} \right)$, where K is the total number of measurements.

- 4. Each error value $\widetilde{\eta}_{i,j}$ is normalized 16 by dividing it with the corresponding RMS error
- estimate $RMS_{i,j}$ returned by the mobile station, to get $\eta'_{i,j} = \frac{\tilde{\eta}_{i,j}}{RMS_{i,j}}$. The returned
- RMS error estimate parameter fields and the corresponding error indications are listed in Table 1.6.2.2-1.

Table 1.6.2.2-1 Returned RMS Error Estimate Parameter Fields and Corresponding Error Indications

MS Response	Parameter Field	Error Indication
Provide Pseudorange Measurement	PS_RANGE_RMS_ER	PS_RANGE_RMS_ER = '111111'
Provide Pilot Phase Measurement	RMS_ERR_PHASE	RMS_ERR_PHASE = '111111'
Provide GNSS Pseudorange	Pseudorange RMS Error	Pseudorange RMS Error = '111111'
Measurement	Satellite Pseudodoppler RMS Error	Satellite Pseudodoppler RMS Error = '111111'

- 9 5. The average normalized RMS error R is calculated as $R = \sqrt{\frac{1}{K} \sum_{i=1}^{K} \left(\frac{1}{l_i} \sum_{j=1}^{l_i} \eta_{i,j}^{\prime}^2\right)}$.
- 10 The mobile station is declared compliant with the minimum specification if $R_1 \le R \le R_2$ is
- satisfied, where threshold levels R_1 and R_2 are specified for each test.

¹⁶ The resulting random variable $\eta'_{i,j}$ would have unit variance with a perfect returned RMS error estimate.

2 GPS MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS

- 2 The tests described in this section shall be performed for GPS capable mobile stations.
- 3 GPS capable mobile stations may return Provide Pseudorange Measurement messages or
- 4 Provide Location Response messages. For a mobile station that is capable of returning
- 5 Provide Pseudorange Mesaurement messages, the parameter fields of that message will be
- 6 tested. For a mobile station that is capable of returning Provide Location Response
- 7 messages, the parameter fields of that message will be tested. The following comments
- 8 apply to all GPS test cases:

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- 9 The serving base station pilot PN offset corresponds directly to PILOT_PN in the *Sync Channel Message* and to REF_PN in the PDE simulator GPS assistance messages.
- 11 The serving base station power is set to \hat{I}_{or} = -70 dBm.
- 12 The simulated locations (not the actual physical locations) of the mobile station and
- the serving base station are as follows: In the stationary and protocol tests, the
- serving base station is due north from the mobile station at a distance of $5/\sqrt{3}\,$ km.
- In the moving scenario test, the mobile station's trajectory is circular in the horizontal
- plane, with a radius of 1 km centered at the serving base station location. See Annex
- B for detailed location data.
- 18 The limit values for each measurement parameter represent an interpretation of the
- returned values with the units stated and are not the actual returned binary values.

20 2.1 GPS Performance Specifications

- 21 The performance specifications described in this section set a minimum acceptable level of
- 22 accuracy for the GPS based measurements returned by the mobile station under various
- 23 test conditions.
- 24 2.1.1 Stationary Location Tests
- 25 In stationary location tests, the signal environment is set such that a stationary mobile
- 26 station location is simulated.
- 27 2.1.1.1 GPS Accuracy Test
- 28 2.1.1.1.1 Definition
- 29 The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain precise GPS
- 30 measurements under favorable signal conditions and good satellite geometry. The GPS
- 31 simulator shall provide high SNR signals representing eight satellites with HDOP less than
- 32 1.6. Note that the GPS assistance provided by the serving base station is not limited to
- 33 eight satellites during this test. A sequence of independent measurements is carried out.
- 34 In each measurement, the mobile station shall return a Provide Location Response message
- 35 if the mobile station is capable of location computation; or it shall return one or more
- 36 Provide Pseudorange Measurement messages if it is not capable of location computation.
- 37 The test may be stopped when the required confidence levels are met for all tested
- 38 parameters.

- 1 2.1.1.1.2 Method of Measurement
- 2 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GPS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-1.
- 4 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 13.
- 6 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 7 4. Configure the GPS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex 8 B.
- 9 5. Set the GPS simulator output levels according to Table 2.1.1.1.2-1. Satellites not listed in Table 2.1.1.1.2-1 shall not be simulated.

Table 2.1.1.1.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the GPS Accuracy Test

Satellite PRN Number	Signal Level (dBm)	C/N ₀ (dB-Hz)
3, 14, 15, 17, 18, 21, 29, 31	-130	44

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- 6. Measure and record the time offset between the base station and the GPS simulator time base (see 6.7).
- 16 7. Repeat Steps 8 through 13.
- 17 8. Power up the mobile station.
- 9. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GPS system time.
- 20 10. Initiate a mobile terminated voice call.
- 21 11. Initiate a Test Mode 4 session.
- 22 12. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 23 13. Power down the mobile station.
- 24 2.1.1.1.3 Minimum Specification
- 25 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 26 2.1.1.1.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

Table 2.1.1.1.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the GPS Accuracy Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide MS Information	N/A	T_1	750 ms
Provide	SV_CODE_PH_WH	N	4
Pseudorange Measurement	SV_CODE_PH_FR	T_2	16 s
Measurement		CODE _{1R}	0.05 GPS chips
		CODE _{2R}	0.15 GPS chips
		CODE _{1A}	0.22 GPS chips
		CODE _{2A}	0.32 GPS chips
	PS_DOPPLER	DPR ₁	30 Hz
		DPR ₂	50 Hz
	SV_CNO	CNO ₁	4 dB-Hz
		CNO ₂	6 dB-Hz
	PS_RANGE_RMS_ER	R_1	0
		R_2	3
Provide Location	LAT	N	1
Response	LONG	T_2	16 s
		LATLONG ₁	25 m
		LATLONG ₂	75 m

2.1.1.2 GPS Dynamic Range Test

4 2.1.1.2.1 Definition

The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain precise GPS measurements under variable (strong to weak) signal conditions while stationary. The test covers signal strength ranging from -125 dBm to -146 dBm. The GPS simulator shall provide signals representing eight satellites with HDOP less than 1.6. Note that the GPS assistance provided by the serving base station is not limited to eight satellites during this test. A sequence of independent measurements is carried out. In each measurement, the mobile station shall return a *Provide Location Response* message if the mobile station is capable of location computation; or it shall return one or more *Provide Pseudorange Measurement* messages if it is not capable of location computation. The test may be stopped when the required confidence levels are met for all tested parameters.

- 1 2.1.1.2.2 Method of Measurement
- 2 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GPS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-1.
- 4 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 13.
- 6 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 7 4. Configure the GPS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex 8 B.
- 9 5. Set the GPS simulator output levels according to Table 2.1.1.2.2-1. Satellites not listed in Table 2.1.1.2.2-1 shall not be simulated.

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Table 2.1.1.2.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the GPS Dynamic Range Test

Satellite PRN Number	Signal Level	C/N ₀
	(dBm)	(dB-Hz)
3	-125	49
14	-128	46
15	-131	43
17	-134	40
29	-137	37
31	-140	34
21	-143	31
18	-149	25

- 6. Measure and record the time offset between the base station and the GPS simulator time base (see 6.7).
- 16 7. Repeat Steps 8 through 13.
- 17 8. Power up the mobile station.
- 9. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GPS system time.
- 20 10. Initiate a mobile terminated voice call.
- 21 11. Initiate a Test Mode 4 session.
- 22 12. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 23 13. Power down the mobile station.

1 2.1.1.2.3 Minimum Specification

2 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table

3 2.1.1.2.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

Table 2.1.1.2.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the GPS Dynamic Range Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide MS Information	N/A	T_1	750 ms
Provide	SV_CODE_PH_WH	N	8
Pseudorange Measurement	SV_CODE_PH_FR	T_2	32 s
measurement		CODE _{1R}	0.1 GPS chips
		CODE _{2R}	0.3 GPS chips
		CODE _{1A}	0.3 GPS chips
		CODE _{2A}	0.6 GPS chips
	PS_DOPPLER	DPR ₁	40 Hz
		DPR ₂	80 Hz
	SV_CNO	CNO ₁	4 dB-Hz
		CNO ₂	6 dB-Hz
	PS_RANGE_RMS_ER	R_1	0
		R_2	3
Provide Location	LAT	N	1
Response	LONG	T_2	16 s
		LATLONG ₁	50 m
		LATLONG ₂	150 m

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7 2.1.1.3 GPS Sensitivity Test

8 2.1.1.3.1 Definition

The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain GPS measurements under weak satellite signal conditions. The GPS simulator shall provide low SNR signals representing four satellites with HDOP less than 2.1. Note that the GPS assistance provided by the serving base station is not limited to four satellites during this test. A sequence of independent measurements is carried out. In each measurement, the mobile station shall return a *Provide Location Response* message if the mobile station is capable of location computation; or it shall return one or more *Provide Pseudorange*

- 1 Measurement messages if it is not capable of location computation. The test may be
- 2 stopped when the required confidence levels are met for all tested parameters.
- 3 2.1.1.3.2 Method of Measurement
- 4 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GPS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-1.
- 6 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 13.
- 8 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 9 4. Configure the GPS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex 10 B.
- 5. Set the GPS simulator output levels according to Table 2.1.1.3.2-1. Satellites not listed in Table 2.1.1.3.2-1 shall not be simulated.

Table 2.1.1.3.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the GPS Sensitivity Test

Satellite PRN Number	Signal Level (dBm)	C/N ₀ (dB-Hz)
14, 17, 21, 31	-149	25

- 6. Measure and record the time offset between the base station and the GPS simulator time base (see 6.7).
- 18 7. Repeat Steps 8 through 13.
- 19 8. Power up the mobile station.
- 9. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GPS system time.
- 22 10. Initiate a mobile terminated voice call.
- 23 11. Initiate a Test Mode 4 session.
- 24 12. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 25 13. Power down the mobile station.
- 26 2.1.1.3.3 Minimum Specification
- 27 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 28 2.1.1.3.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

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Table 2.1.1.3.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the GPS Sensitivity Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide MS Information	N/A	T_1	750 ms
Provide	SV_CODE_PH_WH	N	4
Pseudorange Measurement	SV_CODE_PH_FR	T_2	16 s
теазитетет		CODE _{1R}	0.11 GPS chips
		CODE _{2R}	0.33 GPS chips
		CODE _{1A}	0.31 GPS chips
		CODE _{2A}	0.63 GPS chips
	PS_DOPPLER	DPR ₁	40 Hz
		DPR ₂	80 Hz
	SV_CNO	CNO ₁	4 dB-Hz
		CNO ₂	6 dB-Hz
	PS_RANGE_RMS_ER	R_1	0
		R_2	3
Provide Location	LAT	N	1
Response	LONG	T_2	16 s
		LATLONG ₁	60 m
		LATLONG ₂	180 m

2.1.1.4 GPS Multipath Accuracy Test

4 2.1.1.4.1 Definition

The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain precise GPS measurements under a simple, two-ray GPS multipath environment and good satellite geometry. The GPS simulator shall provide signals representing a total of five satellites with HDOP less than 1.7. Two separate GPS signals shall be produced for three of the five GPS satellites being simulated and presented to the mobile station under test, one representing an attenuated, direct path and one representing a higher amplitude, delayed multipath signal. Note that the GPS assistance provided by the serving base station is not limited to five satellites during this test. A sequence of independent measurements is carried out. In each measurement, the mobile station shall return a *Provide Location Response* message if the mobile station is capable of location computation; or it shall return one or more *Provide Pseudorange Measurement* messages if it is not capable of location

- computation. The test may be stopped when the required confidence levels are met for all tested parameters.
- 3 2.1.1.4.2 Method of Measurement
- 4 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GPS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-1.
- 6 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 13.
- 8 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 9 4. Configure the GPS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex B. The Doppler shift of the multipath signal relative to the direct signal shall be in the range of 0.1 Hz t 0.5 Hz.
- 5. Set the GPS simulator output levels according to Table 2.1.1.4.2-1. Satellites not listed in Table 2.1.1.4.2-1 shall not be simulated.

Table 2.1.1.4.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the GPS Multipath Accuracy Test

Satellite PRN Number	Signal Level (dBm)	C/N ₀ (dB-Hz)	Initial Delay (GPS Chips)
14, 17, 18	-144	30	0
14, 17, 18	-141	33	2
21, 31	-141	33	0

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- 6. Measure and record the time offset between the base station and the GPS simulator time base (see 6.7).
- 7. Repeat Steps 8 through 13.
- 20 8. Power up the mobile station.
- 9. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GPS system time.
- 23 10. Initiate a mobile terminated voice call.
- 24 11. Initiate a Test Mode 4 session.
- 25 12. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 26 13. Power down the mobile station.
- 27 2.1.1.4.3 Minimum Specification
- 28 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 29 2.1.1.4.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

Table 2.1.1.4.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the GPS Multipath Accuracy Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide MS Information	N/A	T_1	750 ms
Provide	SV_CODE_PH_WH	N	4
Pseudorange Measurement	SV_CODE_PH_FR	T_2	16 s
теаѕитетет		CODE _{1R}	0.11 GPS chips
		CODE _{2R}	0.33 GPS chips
		CODE _{1A}	0.31 GPS chips
		CODE _{2A}	0.63 GPS chips
	PS_DOPPLER	DPR ₁	35 Hz
		DPR ₂	70 Hz
	SV_CNO	CNO ₁	4 dB-Hz
		CNO ₂	6 dB-Hz
	PS_RANGE_RMS_ER	R_1	0
		R_2	3
Provide Location	LAT	N	1
Response	LONG	T_2	16 s
		LATLONG ₁	60 m
		LATLONG ₂	180 m

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4 2.1.2 Moving Scenario Test

5 2.1.2.1 Moving Scenario GPS Accuracy Test

6 2.1.2.1.1 Definition

- 7 The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain precise GPS
- 8 measurements under favorable signal conditions, when the mobile station is in motion.
- 9 The mobile station's trajectory is circular in the horizontal plane, with a radius of 1 km.
- 10 The mobile station's speed is constant at 100 km/h. The GPS simulator shall provide high
- 11 SNR signals representing eight satellites with HDOP less than 1.6. Note that the GPS
- assistance provided by the serving base station is not limited to eight satellites during this
- 13 test. A sequence of independent measurements is carried out. In each measurement, the
- 14 mobile station shall return a Provide Location Response message if the mobile station is
- 15 capable of location computation; or it shall return one or more Provide Pseudorange

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- 1 Measurement messages if it is not capable of location computation. The test may be
- 2 stopped when the required confidence levels are met for all tested parameters.
- 3 2.1.2.1.2 Method of Measurement
- 4 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GPS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-1.
- 6 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 13.
- 8 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 9 4. Configure the GPS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex 10 B.
- 5. Set the GPS simulator output levels according to Table 2.1.2.1.2-1. Satellites not listed in Table 2.1.2.1.2-1 shall not be simulated.

14 Table 2.1.2.1.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the Moving Scenario GPS Accuracy Test

Satellite PRN Number	Signal Level (dBm)	C/No (dB-Hz)
3, 14, 15, 17, 18, 21, 29, 31	-130	44

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- 6. Measure and record the time offset between the base station and the GPS simulator time base (see 6.7).
- 18 7. Repeat Steps 8 through 13.
- 19 8. Power up the mobile station.
- 9. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous
- 21 fixes and GPS system time.
- 22 10. Initiate a mobile terminated voice call.
- 23 11. Initiate a Test Mode 4 session.
- 24 12. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 25 13. Power down the mobile station.
- 26 2.1.2.1.3 Minimum Specification
- 27 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 28 2.1.2.1.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

1 Table 2.1.2.1.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the Moving Scenario GPS Accuracy Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide MS Information	N/A	T_1	750 ms
Provide	SV_CODE_PH_WH	N	4
Pseudorange Measurement	SV_CODE_PH_FR	T_2	16 s
measurement		CODE _{1R}	0.07 GPS chips
		CODE _{2R}	0.22 GPS chips
		CODE _{1A}	0.4 GPS chips
		CODE _{2A}	0.7 GPS chips
	PS_DOPPLER	DPR ₁	35 Hz
		DPR ₂	70 Hz
	SV_CNO	CNO ₁	4 dB-Hz
		CNO ₂	6 dB-Hz
	PS_RANGE_RMS_ER	R_1	0
		R_2	3
Provide Location	LAT	N	1
Response	LONG	T_2	16 s
		LATLONG ₁	35 m
		LATLONG ₂	105 m

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2.2 GPS Protocol Tests

- 4 The protocol tests presented in this section shall be performed if the tests listed in 4.3
- 5 (AFLT Protocol Tests) are not performed.
- 6 2.2.1 GPS Position Location Session on the Paging Channel Test
- 7 2.2.1.1 Definition
- 8 The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to operate in a mode
- 9 when the base station initiates a position location session on the Paging Channel.
- 10 2.2.1.2 Method of Measurement
- 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GPS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-1.
- 2. Configure the mobile station to operate in a band class it supports.

- 1 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 4. Configure the GPS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in AnnexB.
- 5. Set the GPS simulator output levels according to Table 2.2.1.2-1. Satellites not listed in Table 2.2.1.2-1 shall not be simulated.

Table 2.2.1.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the Protocol Tests

Satellite PRN Number	Signal Level (dBm)	C/No (dB-Hz)
3, 14, 15, 17, 18, 21, 29, 31	-130	44

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- 9 6. Power up the mobile station.
- 7. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GPS system time.
- 12 8. Initiate a mobile terminated voice call.
- 13 9. Initiate a Test Mode 3 session.
- 14 10. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 15 11. Power down the mobile station.
- 16 2.2.1.3 Minimum Specification
- 17 The mobile station shall respond to base station requests received on the Paging Channel
- 18 and it shall complete the position location session by returning a *Provide Location Response*
- 19 message if the mobile station is capable of location computation; or it shall return one or
- 20 more Provide Pseudorange Measurement messages if it is not capable of location
- 21 computation. The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements
- 22 listed in Table 2.2.1.3-1 (see also 1.6).

Table 2.2.1.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the GPS Position Location Session on the Paging Channel Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide	SV_CODE_PH_WH	N	4
Pseudorange Measurement	SV_CODE_PH_FR	T_2	16 s
Provide Location	LAT	N	1
Response	LONG	T_2	16 s

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- 4 2.2.2 Mobile Station Originated GPS Position Location Session Test
- 5 These tests shall only be applied to mobile stations that support mobile station originated
- 6 position location sessions.
- 7 2.2.2.1 Access Channel Test
- 8 2.2.2.1.1 Definition
- 9 This test shall be only applied to mobile stations that support position location session
- 10 origination on the Access Channel. The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile
- station's capability to operate in a mode where the position location session is originated by
- 12 the mobile station
- 13 2.2.2.1.2 Method of Measurement
- 14 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GPS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-1.
- 16 2. Configure the mobile station to operate in a band class it supports.
- 17 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 4. Configure the GPS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in AnnexB.
- 5. Set the GPS simulator output levels according to Table 2.2.1.2-1. Satellites not listed in Table 2.2.1.2-1 shall not be simulated.
- 22 6. Power up the mobile station.
- 7. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GPS system time.
- 25 8. Initiate a Test Mode 1 session.
- 9. Record the values returned by the mobile station or the computed location stored in the mobile station.
- 28 10. Power down the mobile station.

1 2.2.2.1.3 Minimum Specification

- 2 The mobile station shall complete the position location session by returning one or more
- 3 Provide Pseudorange Measurement messages if it is not capable of location computation or
- 4 by computing its own location otherwise.
- 5 Note, if the mobile station is capable of location computation, it may return neither
- 6 pseudorange measurement values nor the calculated position during this test. In this case
- 7 the calculated position shall be retrieved from the mobile station by other means (for
- 8 example, through the data port).
- 9 The parameters returned or computed by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements
- 10 listed in Table 2.2.2.1.3-1 (see also 1.6).
- Note, time limit T_2 applies to the measurement time period that starts when the position
- location session is invoked at the mobile station.

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Table 2.2.2.1.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the Mobile Station Originated GPS Position Location Session Tests

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide	SV_CODE_PH_WH	N	4
Pseudorange Measurement	SV_CODE_PH_FR	T_2	16 s
Computed	N/A	N	1
Mobile Station Location		T_2	16 s

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17 2.2.2.2 Dedicated Channel Test

18 2.2.2.2.1 Definition

- 19 This test shall only be applied to mobile stations that support position location session
- 20 origination on a dedicated channel. The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile
- 21 station's capability to operate in a mode where the position location session is originated by
- the mobile station

23 2.2.2.2.2 Method of Measurement

- 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GPS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-1.
- 26 2. Configure the mobile station to operate in a band class it supports.
- 27 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 4. Configure the GPS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex B.

- 5. Set the GPS simulator output levels according to Table 2.2.1.2-1. Satellites not listed in Table 2.2.1.2-1 shall not be simulated.
- 3 6. Power up the mobile station.
- 4 7. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous
- 5 fixes and GPS system time.
- 6 8. Set up a mobile station originated voice call.
- 7 9. Initiate a Test Mode 2 session.
- 8 10. Record the values returned by the mobile station or the computed location stored in the
- 9 mobile station
- 10 11. Power down the mobile station
- 11 2.2.2.2.3 Minimum Specification
- 12 The mobile station shall complete the position location session by returning one or more
- 13 Provide Pseudorange Measurement messages if it is not capable of location computation or
- 14 by computing its own location otherwise.
- Note, if the mobile station is capable of location computation, it may return neither
- 16 pseudorange measurement values nor the calculated position during this test. In this case
- 17 the calculated position shall be retrieved from the mobile station by other means (for
- 18 example, through the data port).
- 19 The parameters returned or computed by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements
- 20 listed in Table 2.2.2.1.3-1 (see also 1.6).
- 21 Note, time limit T_2 applies to the measurement time period that starts at invoking the
- 22 position location session at the mobile station.

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3 GNSS MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS

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- 2 The tests described in this section shall be performed for GNSS capable mobile stations.
- 3 GNSS capable mobile stations may return Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement
- 4 messages or Provide Advanced Location Response messages. For a mobile station that is
- 5 capable of returning Provide GNSS Pseudorange Mesaurement messages, the parameter
- 6 fields of that message will be tested. For a mobile station that is capable of returning
- 7 Provide Advanced Location Response messages, the parameter fields of that message will be
- 8 tested. The following comments apply to all GNSS test cases:
 - The serving base station pilot PN offset corresponds directly to PILOT_PN in the *Sync Channel Message* and to "Pilot PN sequence offset" and "Reference PN" in the PDE simulator GNSS assistance messages.
 - The serving base station power is set to \hat{I}_{or} = -70 dBm.
 - The simulated locations (not the actual physical locations) of the mobile station and the serving base station are as follows: In the stationary and protocol tests, the serving base station is due north from the mobile station at a distance of $5/\sqrt{3}$ km. In the moving scenario test, the mobile station's trajectory is circular in the horizontal plane, with a radius of 1 km centered at the serving base station location. See Annex C for detailed location data.
 - The limit values for each measurement parameter represent an interpretation of the returned values with the units stated and are not the actual returned binary values.

3.1 GNSS Performance Specifications

- 22 The performance specifications described in this section set a minimum acceptable level of
- 23 accuracy for the GNSS based measurements returned by the mobile station under various
- 24 test conditions.
- 25 All signals per the supported GNSS are simulated with relative signal power according to
- 26 Table 3-1. The reference power levels are defined in each test.

Table 3-1 Relative Signal Power Levels for Various Signal Types

	Gal	ileo	GPS/Mod d GP		GLON	ASS	QZSS	8	SB	AS
Signal power	E1	0	L1 C/A	0	G1	0	L1 C/A	0	L1	0
level relative to	E6	+2	L1C	+1.5	G2	-6	L1C	+1.5		
reference power levels (dB)	E5	+2	L2C	-1.5			L2C	-1.5		
, ,			L5	+3.6			L5	+3.6		

- 1 3.1.1 Stationary Location Tests
- 2 In stationary location tests, the signal environment is set such that a stationary mobile
- 3 station location is simulated.
- 4 3.1.1.1 GNSS Accuracy Test
- 5 3.1.1.1.1 Definition
- 6 The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain precise
- 7 GNSS measurements under favorable signal conditions and good satellite geometry. The
- 8 GNSS simulator shall provide high SNR signals representing six or seven satellites with
- 9 HDOP between 1.4 and 2.1. Note that the GNSS assistance provided by the serving base
- 10 station is not limited to six or seven satellites during this test. A sequence of independent
- 11 measurements is carried out. In each measurement, the mobile station shall return a
- 12 Provide Advanced Location Response message if the mobile station is capable of location
- 13 computation; or it shall return one or more Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement
- 14 messages if it is not capable of location computation. The test may be stopped when the
- 15 required confidence levels are met for all tested parameters.
- 16 3.1.1.1.2 Method of Measurement
- 17 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GNSS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-4.
- 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 13.
- 21 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 4. Configure the GNSS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex C.
- 5. Set the GNSS simulator output levels according to Table 3.1.1.1.2-1 and Table 3.1.1.1.2-2. Satellites not listed in Table 3.1.1.1.2-1 and Table 3.1.1.1.2-2 shall not be simulated.

Table 3.1.1.1.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the GNSS Accuracy Test

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 3.1.1.1.2-2
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6 or 7 ⁽²⁾
	HDOP Range		1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5
Galileo	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-127
GLONASS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131
QZSS ⁽³⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5
SBAS ⁽⁴⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131

NOTE 1: "GPS" means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on the MS capabilities

NOTE 2: 7 satellites applies only for SBAS case

NOTE 3: If QZSS is supported, one of the GPS satellites is replaced by a QZSS satellite with respective signal support

NOTE 4: If SBAS is supported, the SBAS satellite with the highest elevation is added to the scenario

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Table 3.1.1.1.2-2 Satellite Allocation for the GNSS Accuracy Test

	Satellite allocation for each constellation				
	GNSS 1(1)	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3(1)	SBAS	
Single constellation	6	-	-	1	
Dual constellation	3	3	-	1	
Triple constellation 2 2 2 1					
NOTE1: GNSS refers to global systems, i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS					

4 5

- 6. Measure and record the time offset between the base station and the GNSS simulator time base (see 6.8).
- 7 7. Repeat Steps 8 through 13.
- 8 8. Power up the mobile station.

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- 9. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GNSS system time.
- 3 10. Initiate a mobile originated or terminated voice call for the measurement domain test 4 and a mobile originated voice call for the position domain test.
- 5 11. Initiate a Test Mode 2 or 4 session for the measurement domain test and a Test Mode 2 session for the position domain test.
- 7 12. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 8 13. Power down the mobile station.
- 9 3.1.1.1.3 Minimum Specification
- 10 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 3.1.1.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

1 Table 3.1.1.1.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the GNSS Accuracy Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide GNSS	Code Phase Origin	N	4
Pseudorange Measurement	Code Phase	T_2	16 s
теазатетет		CODE _{1R}	50 ns
		CODE _{2R}	150 ns
		CODE _{1A}	220 ns
		CODE _{2A}	320 ns
	Satellite Pseudodoppler	DPR ₁	30 Hz
		DPR ₂	50 Hz
	Satellite C/No	CNO_1	4 dB-Hz
		CNO ₂	6 dB-Hz
	Pseudorange RMS Error	R_1	0
		R_2	3
	Satellite Pseudodoppler	R_1	0
	RMS Error	R_2	3
Provide Advanced	Latitude	N	1
Location Response	Longitude	T_2	18s
		LATLONG ₁	25 m
		LATLONG ₂	75 m

3 3.1.1.2 GNSS Dynamic Range Test

4 3.1.1.2.1 Definition

5 The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain precise 6 GNSS measurements under variable (strong to weak) signal conditions while stationary. 7 The GNSS simulator shall provide signals representing six satellites with HDOP between

- 1.4 and 2.1. Note that the GNSS assistance provided by the serving base station is not
- 8 9
- limited to six satellites during this test. A sequence of independent measurements is 10 carried out. In each measurement, the mobile station shall return a Provide Advanced
- 11 Location Response message if the mobile station is capable of location computation; or it
- 12 shall return one or more Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement messages if it is not
- 13 capable of location computation. The test may be stopped when the required confidence
- 14 levels are met for all tested parameters.

1 3.1.1.2.2 Method of Measurement

- 2 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GNSS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-4.
- 4 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 13.
- 6 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 7 4. Configure the GNSS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex C.
- 9 5. Set the GNSS simulator output levels according to Table 3.1.1.2.2-1 and Table 3.1.1.2.2-2. Satellites not listed in Table 3.1.1.2.2-1 and Table 3.1.1.2.2-2 shall not be simulated.

Table 3.1.1.2.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the GNSS Dynamic Range Test

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 3.1.1.2.2-2
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-129
	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-149
Galileo	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-127.5
	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-149
GLONASS	Reference high signal power level	dBm	-131.5
	Reference low signal power level	dBm	-149

NOTE 1: "GPS" means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on the MS capabilities

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Table 3.1.1.2.2-2 Satellite Allocation for the GNSS Dynamic Range Test

		Satellite allocation for each constellation			
		GNSS 1(1)	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3(1)	
Single constellation	High signal level	2	-	-	
	Low signal level	4	-	-	
Dual constellation	High signal level	1	1	-	
	Low signal level	2	2	-	
Triple constellation	High signal level	1	1	1	
	Low signal level	1	1	1	
NOTE1: GNSS refers to global systems, i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS					

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- 5 6. Measure and record the time offset between the base station and the GNSS simulator time base (see 6.8).
- 7 7. Repeat Steps 8 through 13.
- 8 8. Power up the mobile station.
 - 9. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GNSS system time.

- 1 10. Initiate a mobile originated or terminated voice call for the measurement domain test 2 and a mobile originated voice call for the position domain test.
- 3 11. Initiate a Test Mode 2 or 4 session for the measurement domain test and a Test Mode 2 session for the position domain test.
- 5 12. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 6 13. Power down the mobile station.
- 7 3.1.1.2.3 Minimum Specification
- 8 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 9 3.1.1.2.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests in position domain and σ_1 , $\sigma_{80\%}$
- type tests in measurement domain shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

Table 3.1.1.2.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the GNSS Dynamic Range Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide GNSS	Code Phase Origin	N	6
Pseudorange Measurement	Code Phase	T_2	32 s
теазитетет		CODE _{1R}	100 ns
		CODE _{3R}	300 ns
		CODE _{1A}	300 ns
		CODE _{3A}	600 ns
	Satellite Pseudodoppler	DPR ₁	40 Hz
		DPR ₃	80 Hz
	Satellite C/No	CNO ₁	4 dB-Hz
		CNO ₃	6 dB-Hz
	Pseudorange RMS Error	R_1	0
		R_2	3
	Satellite Pseudodoppler	R_1	0
	RMS Error	R_2	3
Provide Advanced	Latitude	N	1
Location Response	Longitude	T_2	18 s
		LATLONG ₁	50 m
		LATLONG ₂	150 m

1 3.1.1.3 GNSS Sensitivity Test

- 2 3.1.1.3.1 Definition
- 3 The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain GNSS
- 4 measurements under weak satellite signal conditions. The GNSS simulator shall provide
- 5 low SNR signals representing six satellites with HDOP between 1.4 and 2.1. Note that the
- 6 GNSS assistance provided by the serving base station is not limited to six satellites during
- 7 this test. A sequence of independent measurements is carried out. In each measurement,
- 8 the mobile station shall return a *Provide Advanced Location Response* message if the mobile
- 9 station is capable of location computation; or it shall return one or more Provide GNSS
- 10 Pseudorange Measurement messages if it is not capable of location computation. The test
- 11 may be stopped when the required confidence levels are met for all tested parameters.
- 12 3.1.1.3.2 Method of Measurement
- 13 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GNSS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-4.
- 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 13.
- 17 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 4. Configure the GNSS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex C.
- 5. Set the GNSS simulator output levels according to Table 3.1.1.3.2-1 and Table 3.1.1.3.2-2. Satellites not listed in Table 3.1.1.3.2-1 and Table 3.1.1.3.2-2 shall not be simulated.

Table 3.1.1.3.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the GNSS Sensitivity Test

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 3.1.1.3.2-2
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-149
Galileo	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-149
GLONASS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-149

NOTE 1: "GPS" means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on the MS capabilities

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Table 3.1.1.3.2-2 Satellite Allocation for the GNSS Sensitivity Test

	Satellite allocation for each constellation			
	GNSS 1(1)	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3(1)	
Single constellation	6	-	-	
Dual constellation	3	3	-	
Triple constellation	2	2	2	
NOTE1: GNSS refers to global systems, i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS				

- 5 6. Measure and record the time offset between the base station and the GNSS simulator time base (see 6.8).
- 7 7. Repeat Steps 8 through 13.
- 8 8. Power up the mobile station.
- 9 9. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GNSS system time.
- 10. Initiate a mobile originated or terminated voice call for the measurement domain test 12 and a mobile originated voice call for the position domain test.
- 13 11. Initiate a Test Mode 2 or 4 session for the measurement domain test and a Test Mode 2 session for the position domain test.
- 15 12. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 16 13. Power down the mobile station.

1 3.1.1.3.3 Minimum Specification

2 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table

3 3.1.1.3.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

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Table 3.1.1.3.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the GNSS Sensitivity Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement	Code Phase Origin Code Phase	N	4
		T_2	16 s
		$CODE_{1R}$	110 ns
		CODE _{2R}	330 ns
		CODE _{1A}	310 ns
		CODE _{2A}	630 ns
	Satellite Pseudodoppler	DPR ₁	40 Hz
		DPR ₂	80 Hz
	Satellite C/No	CNO ₁	4 dB-Hz
		CNO ₂	6 dB-Hz
	Pseudorange RMS Error	R_1	0
		R_2	3
	Satellite Pseudodoppler RMS Error	R_1	0
		R_2	3
Provide Advanced Location Response	Latitude	N	1
	Longitude	T_2	18 s
		LATLONG ₁	60 m
		LATLONG ₂	180 m

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7 3.1.1.4 GNSS Multipath Accuracy Test

8 3.1.1.4.1 Definition

The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain precise GNSS measurements under a simple, two-ray GNSS multipath environment and good satellite geometry. The GNSS simulator shall provide signals representing a total of six satellites with HDOP between 1.4 and 2.1. Two separate GNSS signals shall be produced for three or four of the six GNSS satellites being simulated and presented to the mobile

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- 1 station under test, one representing an attenuated, direct path and one representing a
- 2 higher amplitude, delayed multipath signal. Note that the GNSS assistance provided by the
- 3 serving base station is not limited to six satellites during this test. A sequence of
- 4 independent measurements is carried out. In each measurement, the mobile station shall
- 5 return a Provide Advanced Location Response message if the mobile station is capable of
- 6 location computation; or it shall return one or more Provide GNSS Pseudorange
- 7 Measurement messages if it is not capable of location computation. The test may be
- 8 stopped when the required confidence levels are met for all tested parameters.

9 3.1.1.4.2 Method of Measurement

- 10 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GNSS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-4.
- 12 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 13.
- 14 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 4. Configure the GNSS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in
 Annex C. The Doppler shift of the multipath signal relative to the direct signal shall be
 in the range of 0.1 Hz to 0.5 Hz.
- 5. Set the GNSS simulator output levels according to Table 2.1.1.4.2-1 and Table 3.1.1.4.2-2. Satellites not listed in Table 2.1.1.4.2-1 and Table 3.1.1.4.2-2 shall not be simulated.

Table 3.1.1.4.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the GNSS Multipath Accuracy Test

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 3.1.1.4.2-2
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP Range	-	1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference LOS signal power level	dBm	-147
	Reference Multipath ⁽²⁾ signal power level	dBm	-144
Galileo	Reference LOS signal power level	dBm	-147
	Reference Multipath ⁽²⁾ signal power level	dBm	-144
GLONASS	Reference LOS signal power level	dBm	-147
	Reference Multipath ⁽²⁾ signal power level	dBm	-144

NOTE 1: "GPS" means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on the MS capabilities

NOTE 2: The multipath signal is delayed by 2 GNSS chips initially from the LOS signal for each individual GNSS signal, i.e., GPS L1 C/A, Galileo E1 or GLONASS G1, etc.

Table 3.1.1.4.2-2 Satellite Allocation for the GNSS Multipath Accuracy Test

	Satellite allocation for each constellation			
	GNSS 1(1)	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3(1)	
LOS-only SVs	2	-	-	
SVs with LOS & Multipath	4	-	-	
LOS-only SVs	1	1	-	
SVs with LOS & Multipath	2	2	-	
LOS-only SVs	1	1	1	
SVs with LOS & Multipath	1	1	1	
	SVs with LOS & Multipath LOS-only SVs SVs with LOS & Multipath LOS-only SVs SVs with LOS &	CNSS 1(1) LOS-only SVs 2 SVs with LOS & 4 Multipath LOS-only SVs 1 SVs with LOS & 2 Multipath LOS-only SVs 1 SVs with LOS & 1 SVs with LOS & 1	CNSS 1(1) CNSS 2(1)	

NOTET: GNSS refers to global systems, i.e., GFS, Gameo, GLONASS

- 4 6. Measure and record the time offset between the base station and the GNSS simulator time base (see 6.8).
- 6 7. Repeat Steps 8 through 13.

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- 1 8. Power up the mobile station.
- 9. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous
 fixes and GNSS system time.
- 4 10. Initiate a mobile originated or terminated voice call for the measurement domain test 5 and a mobile originated voice call for the position domain test.
- 6 11. Initiate a Test Mode 2 or 4 session for the measurement domain test and a Test Mode 2 session for the position domain test.
- 8 12. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 9 13. Power down the mobile station.
- 10 3.1.1.4.3 Minimum Specification
- 11 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 3.1.1.4.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

Table 3.1.1.4.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the GNSS Multipath Accuracy Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide GNSS	Code Phase Origin	N	4
Pseudorange Measurement	Code Phase	T_2	16 s
measurement		CODE _{1R}	110 ns
		CODE _{2R}	330 ns
		CODE _{1A}	310 ns
		CODE _{2A}	630 ns
	Satellite Pseudodoppler	DPR ₁	35 Hz
		DPR ₂	70 Hz
	Satellite C/No	CNO ₁	4 dB-Hz
		CNO ₂	6 dB-Hz
	Pseudorange RMS Error	R_1	0
		R_2	3
	Satellite Pseudodoppler	R_1	0
	RMS Error	R_2	3
Provide Advanced	Latitude	N	1
Location Response	Longitude	T_2	18 s
		LATLONG ₁	60 m
		LATLONG ₂	180 m

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3 3.1.2 Moving Scenario Test

4 3.1.2.1 Moving Scenario GNSS Accuracy Test

5 3.1.2.1.1 Definition

The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain precise GNSS measurements under favorable signal conditions, when the mobile station is in motion. The mobile station's trajectory is circular in the horizontal plane, with a radius of 1 km. The mobile station's speed is constant at 100 km/h. The GNSS simulator shall provide high SNR signals representing six satellites with HDOP between 1.4 and 2.1. Note that the GNSS assistance provided by the serving base station is not limited to six satellites during this test. A sequence of independent measurements is carried out. In each measurement, the mobile station shall return a *Provide Advanced Location Response* message if the mobile station is capable of location computation; or it shall return one or

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- 1 more Provide GNSS Pseudorange Measurement messages if it is not capable of location
- 2 computation. The test may be stopped when the required confidence levels are met for all
- 3 tested parameters.
- 4 3.1.2.1.2 Method of Measurement
- 5 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GNSS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-4.
- 7 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 13.
- 9 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 10 4. Configure the GNSS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex C.
- 12 5. Set the GNSS simulator output levels according to Table 3.1.2.1.2-1 and Table
- 13 3.1.2.1.2-2. Satellites not listed in Table 3.1.2.1.2-1 and Table 3.1.2.1.2-2 shall not be
- simulated.

Table 3.1.2.1.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the Moving Scenario GNSS Accuracy Test

System	Parameters	Unit	Value
	Number of generated satellites per system	-	See Table 3.1.2.1.2-2
	Total number of generated satellites	-	6
	HDOP Range		1.4 to 2.1
	Propagation conditions	-	AWGN
GPS ⁽¹⁾	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-128.5
Galileo	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-127
GLONASS	Reference signal power level for all satellites	dBm	-131

NOTE 1: "GPS" means GPS L1 C/A, Modernized GPS, or both, dependent on the MS capabilities

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4 Table 3.1.2.1.2-2 Satellite Allocation for the Moving Scenario GNSS Accuracy Test

	Satellite allocation for each constellation			
	GNSS 1(1)	GNSS 2 ⁽¹⁾	GNSS 3(1)	
Single constellation	6	-	-	
Dual constellation	3	3	-	
Triple constellation	2	2	2	
NOTE1: GNSS refers to global systems, i.e., GPS, Galileo, GLONASS				

- 6. Measure and record the time offset between the base station and the GNSS simulatortime base (see 6.8).
- 7 7. Repeat Steps 8 through 13.
- 8 8. Power up the mobile station.
- 9 9. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GNSS system time.
- 10. Initiate a mobile originated or terminated voice call for the measurement domain test 12 and a mobile originated voice call for the position domain test.
- 13 11. Initiate a Test Mode 2 or 4 session for the measurement domain test and a Test Mode 2 session for the position domain test.
- 15 12. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 16 13. Power down the mobile station.

1 3.1.2.1.3 Minimum Specification

2 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table

3 3.1.2.1.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

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Table 3.1.2.1.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the Moving Scenario GNSS Accuracy
Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide GNSS	Code Phase Origin	N	4
Pseudorange Measurement	Code Phase	T_2	16 s
меаѕитетет		CODE _{1R}	70 ns
		CODE _{2R}	220 ns
		CODE _{1A}	400 ns
		CODE _{2A}	700 ns
	Satellite Pseudodoppler	DPR ₁	35 Hz
		DPR ₂	70 Hz
	Satellite C/No	CNO ₁	4 dB-Hz
		CNO ₂	6 dB-Hz
	Pseudorange RMS Error	R_1	0
		R_2	3
	Satellite Pseudodoppler	R_1	0
	RMS Error	R_2	3
Provide Advanced	Latitude	N	1
Location Response	Longitude	T_2	18 s
		LATLONG ₁	35 m
		LATLONG ₂	105 m

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2 The tests described in this section shall be performed for AFLT capable mobile stations.

3 **General Comments on AFLT Tests**

- 4 The following comments apply to all AFLT test cases:
- 5 AFLT tests only reflect 2D location processing.
- 6 Only cases where three base stations (base station 1, 2 and 3) can be observed by the 7 mobile station are examined.
- Although the Provide Pilot Phase Measurement message specified in [1] enables the mobile station to simultaneously report pilot phase measurements for more than one 10 CDMA frequency or Band Class, the tests included in this Specification do not cover that capability.
- 12 AFLT tests are described as using base stations or base station simulators, but it is 13 understood that equivalent pilot generators for the non-serving base stations may be 14 used.
- 15 No handoff scenario tests are included, the serving base station is always base station 16
 - For all AFLT tests, base station 1 pilot PN offset is P₀, base station 2 pilot PN offset is P₁ and base station 3 PN offset is P₂, where P₀, P₁ and P₂ are arbitrary values satisfying the requirements listed in 6.12.2. Furthermore, Po corresponds to PILOT_PN in the Sync Channel Message, while P1 and P2 correspond to the appropriate values in both the General Neighbor List Message (see Table 6.12.2-4) and the PDE simulator Provide Base Station Almanac message.
 - For all AFLT tests, the simulated locations (not the actual physical locations) of the mobile station and the base stations are as follows: The three base stations form an equilateral triangle with the mobile station being at the geometric center of the triangle. Each base station is at a distance of 5 km from every other base station; thus, the mobile station is at a distance of $5/\sqrt{3}$ km from each base station. Base station 1 is due north from the mobile station, and base station 2 is southeast from the mobile station. See Annex B for detailed location data. Note, because of the above configuration, the true time offset between the base stations' signals observed at the mobile station's location should be zero.
 - If the mobile station is capable of location computation based on AFLT measurements (Bit 3 or Bit 8 or both is set to '1' in the Provide MS Information message sent by the mobile station), and the returned location is evaluated, then the alternative base station synchronization method described in 6.4.2 shall not be used. Instead, the stricter requirement of maintaining less than 30 ns timing offset between the base stations shall be met (see 6.4.2).
 - The limit values for each measurement parameter represent an interpretation of the returned values with the units stated and are not the actual returned binary values.

1 4.2 AFLT Performance Specifications

- 2 The measurement performance specifications described in this section set a minimum
- 3 acceptable level of accuracy for the AFLT measurements returned by the mobile station
- 4 under various test conditions.
- 5 4.2.1 AFLT Accuracy Test
- 6 4.2.1.1 Definition
- 7 The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain precise
- 8 pilot phase measurements under favorable signal level and HDOP conditions. The base
- 9 station simulators shall provide high SNR signals representing three base stations. A
- 10 sequence of independent measurements is carried out. In each measurement, the mobile
- station shall return a *Provide Location Response* message if the mobile station is capable of
- 12 location computation; or it shall return one or more Provide Pilot Phase Measurement
- 13 messages if it is not capable of location computation. The test may be stopped when the
- 14 required confidence levels are met for all tested parameters.
- 15 4.2.1.2 Method of Measurement
- 16 1. Connect three base station simulators and an AWGN generator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-2.
- 18 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 12.
- 20 3. Configure the serving base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 4. Set the base station simulator and AWGN generator output levels according to Table 4.2.1.2-1.

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Table 4.2.1.2-1 Signal Levels for the AFLT Accuracy Test

Parameter	Unit	Base Station 1	Base Station 2	Base Station 3
Î _{or} /I _{oc}	dB	3	0	0
I _{oc}	dBm/1.23 MHz		-58	
$\frac{\text{Pilot } E_c}{I_0}$	dB	-11	-14	-14

Note: The Pilot $E_{\rm C}/I_{\rm O}$ value is calculated from the parameters in the table. It is not a directly settable parameter.

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- 29 5. Measure and record the time offset between the base stations (see 6.4.2).
- 30 6. Repeat Steps 7 through 12.

- 1 7. Power up the mobile station.
- 2 8. Reset the position location related parameters stored by the mobile station.
- 3 9. Initiate a mobile terminated voice call.
- 4 10. Initiate a Test Mode 4 session.
- 5 11. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 6 12. Power down the mobile station.
- 7 4.2.1.3 Minimum Specification
- 8 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 9 4.2.1.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

Table 4.2.1.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the AFLT Accuracy Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide MS Information	N/A	T_1	750 ms
Provide Pilot	PILOT_PN_PHASE	N	3
Phase Measurement		T_2	8 s
measurement		PNPHASE ₁	3/16 PN chips
		PNPHASE ₂	1/2 PN chips
	TOTAL_RX_PWR	RXPWR ₁	10 dBm/1.23 MHz
		RXPWR ₂	12 dBm/1.23 MHz
	REF_PILOT_STRENGTH	REFPS ₁	2.5 dB
		REFPS ₂	3.5 dB
	PILOT_STRENGTH	PS ₁	2.5 dB
		PS ₂	3.5 dB
	RMS_ERR_PHASE	R_1	0
		R_2	3
Provide Location	LAT	N	1
Response	LONG	T_2	8 s
		LATLONG ₁	45 m
		LATLONG ₂	135 m

1 4.2.2 AFLT Sensitivity Test

2 4.2.2.1 Definition

- 3 The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain pilot phase
- 4 measurements under weak signal level conditions. The base station simulators shall
- 5 provide a high SNR serving sector signal and two low SNR neighbor pilot signals. A
- 6 sequence of independent measurements is carried out. In each measurement, the mobile
- 7 station shall return a Provide Location Response message if the mobile station is capable of
- 8 location computation; or it shall return one or more Provide Pilot Phase Measurement
- 9 messages if it is not capable of location computation. The test may be stopped when the
- 10 required confidence levels are met for all tested parameters.

4.2.2.2 Method of Measurement

- 12 1. Connect three base station simulators and an AWGN generator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-2.
- 2. For each band class that the mobile station supports, configure the mobile station to operate in that band class and perform steps 3 through 12.
- 16 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 4. Set the base station simulator and AWGN generator output levels according to Table 4.2.2.2-1.

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Table 4.2.2.2-1 Signal Levels for the AFLT Sensitivity Test

Parameter	Unit	Base Station 1	Base Station 2	Base Station 3
Î _{or} /I _{oc}	dB	0	-15.9	-15.9
I_{oc}	dBm/1.23 MHz		-55	
$\frac{\text{Pilot } E_c}{I_0}$	dB	-10.1	-26	-26

Note: The Pilot E_C/I_O value is calculated from the parameters in the table. It is not a directly settable parameter.

- 24 5. Measure and record the time offset between the base stations (see 6.4.2).
- 25 6. Repeat Steps 7 through 12.
- 26 7. Power up the mobile station.
- 8. Reset the position location related parameters stored by the mobile station.
- 28 9. Initiate a mobile terminated voice call.
- 29 10. Initiate a Test Mode 4 session.

- 1 11. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 2 12. Power down the mobile station.
- 3 4.2.2.3 Minimum Specification
- 4 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 5 4.2.2.3-1; the confidence level for all σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

Table 4.2.2.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the AFLT Sensitivity Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide MS Information	N/A	T_1	750 ms
Provide Pilot	PILOT_PN_PHASE	N	3
Phase Measurement		T_2	8 s
measurement		PNPHASE ₁	5/16 PN chips
		PNPHASE ₂	9/16 PN chips
	TOTAL_RX_PWR	RXPWR ₁	10 dBm/1.23 MHz
		RXPWR ₂	12 dBm/1.23 MHz
	REF_PILOT_STRENGTH	REFPS ₁	2.5 dB
		REFPS ₂	3.5 dB
	PILOT_STRENGTH	PS ₁	4.5 dB
		PS ₂	8 dB
	RMS_ERR_PHASE	R_1	0
		R_2	4
Provide Location	LAT	N	1
Response	LONG	T_2	8 s
		LATLONG ₁	90 m
		LATLONG ₂	180 m

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4.3 AFLT Protocol Tests

- 10 The protocol tests presented in this section shall be performed if the tests listed in 2.2 are
- 11 not performed.

- 1 4.3.1 AFLT Position Location Session on the Paging Channel Test
- 2 4.3.1.1 Definition
- 3 The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to operate in a mode
- 4 where the base station initiates a position location session on the Paging Channel.
- 5 4.3.1.2 Method of Measurement
- 6 1. Connect three base station simulators to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-2.
- 8 2. Configure the mobile station to operate in a band class it supports.
- 9 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 10 4. Set the base station simulator output levels according to Table 4.3.1.2-1.

Table 4.3.1.2-1 Signal Levels for the AFLT Protocol Tests

Parameter	Unit	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3
Îor	dBm/1.23 MHz	-55	-58	-58
$\frac{\text{Pilot } \mathbf{E_c}}{\mathbf{I_0}}$	dB	-10	-13	-13

- Note: The Pilot $\rm E_{\rm C}/I_{\rm O}$ value is calculated from the parameters in the table. It is
- 14 not a directly settable parameter.

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- 16 5. Power up the mobile station.
- 17 6. Reset the position location related parameters stored by the mobile station.
- 18 7. Initiate a mobile terminated voice call.
- 19 8. Initiate a Test Mode 3 session.
- 20 9. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 21 10. Power down the mobile station.
- 22 4.3.1.3 Minimum Specification
- 23 The mobile station shall respond to base station requests received on the Paging Channel
- 24 and it shall complete the position location session by returning a Provide Location Response
- 25 message if the mobile station is capable of location computation; or it shall return one or
- 26 more *Provide Pilot Phase Measurement* messages if it is not capable of location computation.
- 27 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 28 4.3.1.3-1 (see also 1.6).

Table 4.3.1.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the AFLT Position Location Session on the Paging Channel Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide Pilot	PILOT_PN_PHASE	N	2
Phase Measurement		T_2	16 s
Provide Location	LAT	N	1
Response	LONG	T_2	16 s

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- 4 4.3.2 Mobile Station Originated AFLT Position Location Session Test
- 5 These tests shall only be applied to mobile stations that support mobile station originated
- 6 position location sessions.
- 7 4.3.2.1 Access Channel Test
- 8 4.3.2.1.1 Definition
- 9 This test shall be only applied to mobile stations that support position location session
- 10 origination on the Access Channel. The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile
- station's capability to operate in a mode where the position location session is originated by
- 12 the mobile station.
- 13 4.3.2.1.2 Method of Measurement
- 14 1. Connect three base station simulators to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-2.
- 16 2. Configure the mobile station to operate in a band class it supports.
- 17 3. Configure the serving base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 19 4. Set the base station simulator output levels according to Table 4.3.1.2-1.
- 20 5. Power up the mobile station.
- 21 6. Reset the position location related parameters stored by the mobile station.
- 22 7. Initiate a Test Mode 1 session.
- 8. Record the values returned by the mobile station or the computed location stored in the mobile station.
- 25 9. Power down the mobile station.

1 4.3.2.1.3 Minimum Specification

- 2 The mobile station shall complete the position location session by returning one or more
- 3 Provide Pilot Phase Measurement messages if it is not capable of location computation or by
- 4 computing its own location otherwise.
- 5 Note, if the mobile station is capable of location computation, it may return neither pilot
- 6 phase measurement values nor the calculated position during this test. In this case the
- 7 calculated position shall be retrieved from the mobile station by other means (for example,
- 8 through the data port).
- 9 The parameters returned or computed by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements
- 10 listed in Table 4.3.2.1.3-1 (see also 1.6).
- Note, time limit T_2 applies to the measurement time period that starts when the position
- location session is invoked at the mobile station.

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Table 4.3.2.1.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the Mobile Station Originated AFLT Position Location Session Tests

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide Pilot	PILOT_PN_PHASE	N	2
Phase Measurement		T_2	16 s
Computed	N/A	N	1
Mobile Station Location		T_2	16 s

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17 4.3.2.2 Dedicated Channel Test

- 18 4.3.2.2.1 Definition
- 19 This test shall only be applied to mobile stations that support position location session
- 20 origination on a dedicated channel. The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile
- 21 station's capability to operate in a mode where the position location session is originated by
- the mobile station.
- 4.3.2.2.2 Method of Measurement
- 24 1. Connect three base station simulators to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-2.
- 26 2. Configure the mobile station to operate in a band class it supports.
- 27 3. Configure the serving base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 29 4. Set the base station simulator output levels according to Table 4.3.1.2-1.

- 1 5. Power up the mobile station.
- 2 6. Reset the position location related parameters stored by the mobile station.
- 3 7. Set up a mobile station originated voice call.
- 4 8. Initiate a Test Mode 2 session.
- 5 9. Record the values returned by the mobile station or the computed location stored in the mobile station.
- 7 10. Power down the mobile station.
- 8 4.3.2.2.3 Minimum Specification
- 9 The mobile station shall complete the position location session by returning one or more
- 10 Provide Pilot Phase Measurement messages if it is not capable of location computation or by
- 11 computing its own location otherwise.
- Note, if the mobile station is capable of location computation, it may return neither pilot
- 13 phase measurement values nor the calculated position during this test. In this case the
- calculated position shall be retrieved from the mobile station by other means (for example,
- 15 through the data port).
- 16 The parameters returned or computed by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements
- 17 listed in Table 4.3.2.1.3-1 (see also 1.6).
- Note, time limit T_2 applies to the measurement time period that starts at invoking the
- 19 position location session at the mobile station.

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HYBRID MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS

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- 2 The tests described in this section shall be performed for hybrid capable mobile stations.
- Hybrid capable mobile stations shall also meet all requirements listed in 2 and 3. 3

General Comments on Hybrid Tests 5.1

- 5 The following comments apply to all hybrid test cases:
- 6 Hybrid tests are described as using base stations or base station simulators, but it is 7 understood that equivalent pilot generators for the non-serving base stations may be 8 used.
- In the hybrid tests, either three base stations (base station 1, 2 and 3) or two base 10 stations are used. In the case of two base stations being used, the base station configuration is the same as in the three base station case but base station 3 is 12 omitted.
- 13 No handoff scenario tests are included; the serving base station is always base station 14
 - For all hybrid tests, base station 1 pilot PN offset is P₀, base station 2 pilot PN offset is P₁ and base station 3 PN offset is P₂, where P₀, P₁ and P₂ are arbitrary values satisfying the requirements listed in 6.12.2. Furthermore, Po corresponds to PILOT PN in the Sync Channel Message and to REF PN in the PDE simulator GPS assistance messages, while P₁ and P₂ correspond to the appropriate values in both the General Neighbor List Message (see Table 6.12.2-4) and the PDE simulator Provide Base Station Almanac message.
 - For all hybrid tests, the simulated locations (not the actual physical locations) of the mobile station and the base stations are as follows: The three base stations form an equilateral triangle with the mobile station being at the geometric center of the triangle. Each base station is at a distance of 5 km from every other base station; thus, the mobile station is at a distance of $5/\sqrt{3}$ km from each base station. Base station 1 is due north from the mobile station, and base station 2 is southeast from the mobile station. See Annex B for detailed location data. Note, because of the above configuration, the true time offset between the base stations' signals observed at the mobile station's location should be zero.
 - The inconsistency between the assumed mobile station to base station distance as specified above and the physical base station to mobile station signal propagation delay is compensated by setting the TIME CRRECTION REF and TIME CORRECTION fields in the *Provide Base Station Almanac* message to the appropriate values.
- 35 In this section where the mobile station is capable of location computation, the alternative base station to base station and base station to GPS simulator 36 37 synchronization method described in 6.4.2 and 6.6 shall not be used. Instead, the 38 stricter requirement of maintaining less than 30 ns timing offset shall be met (see 6.4.2 and 6.6).

The limit values for each measurement parameter represent an interpretation of the returned values with the units stated and are not the actual returned binary values.

3 5.2 Hybrid Performance Specifications

- 4 The measurement performance specifications described in this section set a minimum
- 5 acceptable level of accuracy for the hybrid measurements returned by the mobile station
- 6 under various test conditions.
- 7 5.2.1 One Base Station + Three Satellites Hybrid Test
- 8 5.2.1.1 Definition
- 9 This test shall only be applied to mobile stations that are capable of location computation.
- 10 The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to compute location
- based on only three visible satellites. The GPS simulator shall provide high SNR signals
- 12 representing three satellites with HDOP less than 3.8. Note that the GPS assistance
- 13 provided by the serving base station is not limited to three satellites during this test. A
- sequence of independent measurements is carried out. In each measurement, the mobile
- 15 station shall return a *Provide Location Response* message. The test may be stopped when
- 16 the required confidence levels are met for all tested parameters.
- 17 5.2.1.2 Method of Measurement
- 18 1. Connect a base station simulator and a GPS simulator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-3.
- 20 2. Configure the mobile station to operate in a band class it supports.
- 21 3. Configure the base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 4. Configure the GPS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex B.
- 5. Set the GPS simulator output levels according to Table 5.2.1.2-1. Satellites not listed in Table 5.2.1.2-1 shall not be simulated.

Table 5.2.1.2-1 Satellite Signal Levels for the One Base Station + Three Satellites Hybrid Test

Satellite PRN Number	Signal Level (dBm)	C/N ₀ (dB-Hz)	
14, 17, 31	-144	30	

30 6. Repeat Steps 7 through 12.

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31 7. Power up the mobile station.

- 8. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GPS system time.
- 3 9. Initiate a mobile terminated voice call.
- 4 10. Initiate a Test Mode 4 session.
- 5 11. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 6 12. Power down the mobile station.
- 7 5.2.1.3 Minimum Specification
- 8 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 5.2.1.3-1; the confidence level for the σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

Table 5.2.1.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the One Base Station + Three Satellites
Hybrid Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide MS Information	N/A	T_1	750 ms
Provide Location Response	LAT LONG	N T ₂	1 16 s
		LATLONG ₁	100 m
		LATLONG ₂	175 m

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- 14 5.2.2 Two Base Stations + One Satellite Hybrid Test
- 15 5.2.2.1 Definition
- 16 This test shall only be applied to mobile stations that are capable of location computation.
- 17 The purpose of this test is to determine the mobile station's capability to obtain a position
- 18 solution by using altitude aiding and observing signals from two base stations and one
- 19 satellite. The base station simulators shall provide high SNR signals representing two base
- stations. The GPS simulator shall provide high SNR signal representing one satellite, which
- 21 is located approximately at elevation equal to 45° and azimuth equal to -120°. Note that
- 22 the GPS assistance provided by the serving base station is not limited to one satellite
- during this test. A sequence of independent measurements is carried out. In each
- 24 measurement, the mobile station shall return a *Provide Location Response* message. The
- 25 test may be stopped when the required confidence levels are met for all tested parameters.

- 1 5.2.2.2 Method of Measurement
- 2 1. Connect two base station simulators, a GPS simulator and an AWGN generator to the mobile station as shown in Figure 6.12.1-3.
- 4 2. Configure the mobile station to operate in a band class it supports.
- 5 3. Configure the serving base station according to the standard test parameters listed in 6.12.2.
- 7 4. Configure the GPS simulator according to the standard test parameters listed in Annex 8 B.
- 9 5. Set the base station simulator and AWGN generator output levels according to Table 5.2.2.2-1.

Table 5.2.2.2-1 Base Station Signal Levels for the Two Base Stations + One Satellite Hybrid Test

Parameter	Unit	Base Station 1	Base Station 2	
Î _{or} /I _{oc}	dB	5	2	
I _{oc}	dBm/1.23 MHz -55			
$\frac{\text{Pilot } E_c}{I_0}$	dB	-9.6	-12.6	

Note: The Pilot $E_{\rm C}/I_{\rm O}$ value is calculated from the parameters in the table. It is not a directly settable parameter.

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6. Set the GPS simulator output level according to Table 5.2.2.2-2. Satellites not listed in Table 5.2.2.2-2 shall not be simulated.

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Table 5.2.2.2-2 Satellite Signal Level for the Two Base Stations + One Satellite Hybrid Test

Satellite PRN Number	Signal Level (dBm)	C/N ₀ (dB-Hz)		
3	-144	30		

- 23 7. Repeat Steps 8 through 13.
- 24 8. Power up the mobile station.
- 9. Reset previous measurements, computed positions, values calculated during previous fixes and GPS system time.

- 1 10. Initiate a mobile terminated voice call.
- 2 11. Initiate a Test Mode 4 session.
- 3 12. Record the values returned by the mobile station.
- 4 13. Power down the mobile station.
- 5 5.2.2.3 Minimum Specification

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- 6 The parameters returned by the mobile station shall satisfy the requirements listed in Table
- 5.2.2.3-1; the confidence level for the σ_1 , σ_2 type tests shall be 90% (see also 1.6).

Table 5.2.2.3-1 Minimum Specifications for the Two Base Stations + One Satellite Hybrid Test

Mobile Station Response	Parameter Field	Limit Parameter	Limit Value
Provide MS Information	N/A	T_1	750 ms
Provide Location	LAT	N	1
Response	LONG	T_2	16 s
		LATLONG ₁	100 m
		LATLONG ₂	175 m

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6 STANDARD TEST CONDITIONS

2 6.1 Standard Equipment

3 6.1.1 Basic Equipment

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- 4 The equipment shall be assembled, and any necessary adjustments shall be made in
- 5 accordance with the manufacturer's instructions for the mode of operation required. When
- 6 alternative modes are available, the equipment shall be assembled and adjusted in
- 7 accordance with the relevant instructions. A complete series of measurements shall be
- 8 made for each mode of operation.
- 9 6.1.2 Associated Equipment
- 10 The mobile station equipment may include associated equipment during tests, provided
- 11 that the associated equipment is normally used in the operation of the equipment under
- 12 test. For mobile station equipment, this may include power supplies, handsets, cradles,
- 13 charging stands, control cables and battery cables.

14 6.2 Standard Environmental Test Conditions

- 15 Measurements under standard atmospheric conditions shall be carried out under any
- 16 combination of the following conditions:
- 17 Temperature: +15°C to +35°C
- Relative humidity: 10% to 75%
- 19 Air pressure: 86,000 Pa to 106,000 Pa (860 mbar to 1060 mbar)
- 20 If desired, the results of the measurements can be corrected by calculation to the standard
- 21 reference temperature of 25°C and by the standard reference air pressure of 101,300 Pa
- 22 (1013 mbar).
- 23 The values of noise spectral density presented in this Specification are valid for +17°C, 290
- 24 K. If testing is done at any other temperature, the value of the noise spectral density, N₀,
- 25 should be scaled according to the following formula: $N_0 = k \times T$ where k is the Boltzman
- constant, k = 1.380658×10^{-23} J/K, and T is the room temperature expressed in units of
- 27 Kelvin.

28 6.3 Standard Conditions for the Primary Power Supply

- 29 6.3.1 General Requirements
- 30 The standard test voltages shall be those specified by the manufacturer, or an equivalent
- 31 type that duplicates the voltage, impedance, and ampere-hours (if relevant for the
- 32 measurement) of the recommended supply.
- 33 6.3.2 Standard DC Test Voltage from Accumulator Batteries
- 34 The standard (or nominal) DC test voltage specified by the manufacturer shall be equal to
- 35 the standard test voltage of the type of accumulator to be used, multiplied by the number of

- 1 cells, minus an average DC power cable loss value that the manufacturer determines as
- 2 being typical (or applicable) for a given installation. Since accumulator batteries may, or
- 3 may not, be under charge, or may be in a state of discharge when the equipment is being
- 4 operated, the manufacturer shall also test the equipment at anticipated voltage extremes
- 5 above and below the standard voltage. The test voltages shall not deviate from the stated
- 6 values by more than ±2% during a series of measurements carried out as part of a single
- 7 test on the same equipment.
- 8 6.3.3 Standard AC Voltage and Frequency
- 9 For equipment that operates from the AC mains, the standard AC test voltage shall be
- 10 equal to the nominal voltage specified by the manufacturer. If the equipment is provided
- 11 with different input taps, the one designated "nominal" shall be used. The standard test
- 12 frequency and the test voltage shall not deviate from their nominal values by more than
- 13 ±2%.
- 14 The equipment shall operate without degradation, with input voltage variations of up to
- 15 ±10%, and shall maintain its specified transmitter frequency stability for input voltage
- 16 variations of up to ±15%. The frequency range over which the equipment is to operate shall
- be specified by the manufacturer.

18 6.4 Standard CDMA Test Equipment

- 19 6.4.1 Base Station Simulator Equipment
- 20 6.4.1.1 Transmitter Equipment
- 21 The base station transmitter shall be capable of generating the following channels at the
- specified output power, relative to the total power:
- Pilot Channel: -5 dB to -10 dB.
- Sync Channel: -7 dB to -20 dB.
- Paging Channel: -7 dB to -20 dB. ■
- Traffic Channel: -7 dB to -20 dB or off for full rate power output. Lower rates will reduce the Traffic Channel power so as to maintain a constant energy per bit.
- Power Control Subchannel: This is always transmitted at the same power as the full rate speech bits.
- OCNS: 0 dB to -6 dB or off. The OCNS may, as an option, be composed of Paging, Sync or Traffic Channels, all operating on different Walsh channels than the channel(s) being used for test.
- 33 In addition, the base station transmitter shall meet the following requirements:
- Frequency range: base station frequencies as specified in [2]
- Frequency accuracy: ±0.2 ppm
- Frequency resolution: 10 Hz

- 1 Code phase offset resolution: 100 ns
- 2 Code phase offset accuracy (referenced to the even second output): ±20 ns
- 3 Output range: -40 dBm/1.23 MHz to -110 dBm/1.23 MHz
- 4 Amplitude resolution: 1 dB for all channels
- Output accuracy (relative levels between any two channels): ±1 dB
- 6 Absolute output accuracy: ±2.0 dB
- Minimum waveform quality factor (ρ): greater than 0.966 (excess power is less than
 0.15 dB)
- 9 Source VSWR: 2.0:1
- 10 Forward Link Power Control:
- When Forward Link Power Control is used, the latency shall be less than 2 power control groups between the end of the power control group with an active power control bit and the corresponding change in power in the base station simulator.
- When Forward Link Power Control is used, the OCNS shall be adjusted to maintain constant base station power. The OCNS adjustments should be made in the same power control group as the response to Power Control Bits and shall occur no more than one power control group later than the response to Power Control Bits.
- 18 6.4.1.2 Receiver Equipment
- 19 Input Range -50 dBm to +40 dBm. External attenuators or amplifiers or both may be used
- 20 to meet these power requirements, and may be considered as part of the equipment.
- 21 6.4.1.3 Protocol Support
- 22 The base station shall be capable of supplying the protocols required by this document.
- 23 6.4.1.4 Timing Signals
- 24 The base station shall provide the following system timing signals, referenced to the base
- 25 station antenna port for use as triggers by other measurement equipment:
- 26 10 MHz frequency reference
- 27 Even second time mark
- 28 The base station shall provide signals synchronized to the following event:
- 29 Start of reference clock at preset system time
- 30 Start of power control bit sequence
- 31 6.4.1.5 Base Station Data Burst Message Transport Capability
- 32 The serving base station shall be capable of transporting Data Burst Messages in both
- 33 directions between an auxiliary test equipment connected to it (for example, the PDE
- 34 simulator described in 6.10) and the mobile station.

- 1 The serving base station shall meet the following requirements:
- 2 The serving base station shall provide a transparent connection between the auxiliary 3 test equipment and the mobile station.
 - The serving base station shall be capable of sending *Data Burst Messages* on both the paging channel and the forward link traffic channel and receiving Data Burst Messages on both the access channel and the reverse link traffic channel.
- 7 The latency between the end of the reception of a Data Burst Message and the transmission of the end of the same Data Burst Message by the serving base station 8 9 shall be less than 1 s.
- 10 6.4.2 Synchronization of Base Stations
- If more than one base station is used in a test and the base stations don't share an internal 11
- 12 timing source, then synchronization of the base stations must be achieved by external
- 13 means.

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- 14 The synchronization may be achieved by using two separate connections:
- 15 1. For frequency synchronization, the serving base station's 10 MHz reference signal 16 should be used.
- 17 2. For system time synchronization, the serving base station's even second timing signal 18 should be used.
- 19 The synchronization between the base stations shall meet the following minimum 20 requirements:
- 21 Frequency offset between the base station carriers shall be less than ±0.02 ppm.
- Phase offset between the base station carriers shall be constant within ±0.2 radians 22 23 throughout the test.
- 24 The timing offset between the base stations (i.e. system time modified by the code 25 phase offset adjustments), referenced to the mobile station's antenna input, shall be 26 less than ±30 ns.
- 27 If the requirement regarding the timing offset between the base stations is not met, the use 28 the following method is permissible, unless specified otherwise in a test:
- 29 1. Connect a clock/counter to the two base stations' even second pulse output, so that the 30 clock measures the time difference between the active edges of the even second pulses outputted by the two base stations. The clock/counter may use an internal time 31 32 reference or, optionally, derive its internal time reference from one of the base stations' 33 10 MHz signal.
- 34 2. At the beginning of the measurement, record the measured time difference.
- 3. Before evaluation, correct the pilot phase measurements with the measured offset. 35
- 36 When using the method described above, the achieved synchronization shall meet the
- 37 following minimum requirements:

- The timing offset between the base stations' even second pulse output shall be less than $\pm 1~\mu s$.
- The timing offset between the base stations' even second pulse output shall be measured with accuracy better than ±10 ns.
- 5 6.4.3 CDMA Pilot Generator Equipment
- 6 When a particular test requires the use of more than one base station, the non-serving base
- 7 stations may be simulated by using CDMA pilot generators instead of base station
- 8 simulators. In this case, if the AWGN generator is also connected (i.e. for all tests other
- 9 than protocol tests), then the AWGN generator's output signal level is adjusted so that the
- specified Pilot E_C/I_O values are maintained for all pilots.
- 11 6.4.3.1 Transmit Equipment
- 12 The requirements for the CDMA pilot generator transmit equipment shall be the same as
- the requirements relevant to the pilot signal in 6.4.1.1.
- 14 6.4.3.2 Timing Signals
- 15 The CDMA pilot generator shall accept the following system timing signals, referenced to
- 16 the CDMA pilot generator antenna port:
- 17 10 MHz frequency reference
- 18 Even-second time mark
- 19 The CDMA pilot generator shall provide the following timing signal, referenced to the CDMA
- 20 station antenna port for use as triggers by other measurement equipment:
- 21 Even second time mark
- 22 6.4.3.3 Synchronization of a CDMA Pilot Generator
- 23 The requirements for the CDMA pilot generator transmit equipment shall be the same as
- 24 the requirements relevant to the base station simulator in 6.4.2.

25 **6.5 GPS Simulator Equipment**

- 26 The GPS simulator shall be capable of all of the following:
- Generate eight independent C/A signals on the L1 frequency.
- Set accurate satellite positions and timing, based on Ephemeris data input, where all Ephemeris parameter fields are populated.
- Set the signal phase dynamically, based on the satellite and user positions, with added offset derived from ionospheric, tropospheric and group delay models.
- Simultaneously generate signals representing specified code phase and power level offsets for a given satellite.
- Set the user position to be stationary or in motion along a circular trajectory.

- Modulate the satellite signal with navigation bits with a specified bit stream in a manner that is consistent with the simulated GPS system time.
- 3 Start the simulation at a preset GPS system time, triggered by an external signal.
- 4 The GPS simulator shall meet the following minimum requirements:
- 5 Frequency (L1): 1575.42 MHz
- Frequency accuracy: ±0.2 ppm
- 7 Code phase accuracy (referenced to the 1 PPS output): ±20 ns
- 8 Doppler resolution: 0.5 Hz
- 9 Doppler accuracy: ±5 Hz
- Output range referenced to the mobile station antenna input: -125 dBm to -149 dBm.
- Note that it may be necessary to utilize attenuators or other RF elements to achieve
- the required GPS signal levels at the mobile station antenna input. In all cases, the
- 13 GPS L1 band noise power spectral density at the mobile station antenna input will be
- 14 -174 dBm/Hz, which is equivalent to room temperature thermal noise.
- 15 Amplitude resolution: 1 dB for all channels
- Output accuracy (relative levels between any two channels): ±1.0 dB
- Absolute output accuracy: ±2.0 dB
- 18 Source VSWR: 2.0:1
- 19 The GPS simulator shall accept the following system timing signals, referenced to the GPS
- antenna port:
- 21 10 MHz frequency reference
- 22 Even-second time mark
- 23 The GPS simulator shall provide the following timing signal, referenced to the CDMA station
- antenna port for use as triggers by other measurement equipment:
- 25 1 PPS signal

26 6.6 GNSS Simulator Equipment

- 27 The GNSS simulator shall be capable of all of the following:
- Generate six or seven¹⁷ independent signals on the individual frequency for each supported GNSS.
- Set accurate satellite positions and timing, based on Ephemeris data input, where all Ephemeris parameter fields are populated.
- Set the signal phase dynamically, based on the satellite and user positions, with added offset derived from ionospheric, tropospheric and group delay models.

6-6

¹⁷ Seven signals including SBAS may be generated for GNSS Accuracy test

- Simultaneously generate signals representing specified code phase and power level offsets for a given satellite.
- 3 Set the user position to be stationary or in motion along a circular trajectory.
- Modulate the satellite signal with navigation bits with a specified bit stream in a
 manner that is consistent with the simulated GNSS system time.
- 6 Start the simulation at a preset GNSS system time, triggered by an external signal.
- 7 The GNSS simulator shall meet the following minimum requirements:
 - Frequency: Frequencies per the supported GNSS are listed in Table 6.6-1.

Table 6.6-1 Frequencies for Various GNSS Signal Types

	Galileo		Galileo		Galileo		-	dernized PS	G I	LONASS*	QZ	ss	;	SBAS
	E1	1575.42	L1 C/A	1575.42	G1	1602+K*Δf ₁	L1 C/A	1575.42	L1	1575.42				
Frequency	E6	1278.75	L1C	1575.42	G2	1246+K*Δf ₂	L1C	1575.42						
(MHz)	E5a	1176.45	L2C	1227.6			L2C	1227.6						
	E5b	1207.14	L5	1176.45			L5	1176.45						

- 10 * Δf_1 =562.5kHz, Δf_2 =437.5kHz and K=-7~13
- Frequency accuracy: ±0.2 ppm
- Code phase accuracy (referenced to the 1 PPS output): ±20 ns
- Doppler resolution: 0.5 Hz
- Doppler accuracy: ±5 Hz

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Output range per the supported GNSS referenced to the mobile station antenna input is as specified in Table 6.6-2:

Table 6.6-2 Output Ranges for Various GNSS Signal Types

	Galileo		Galileo GPS/Modernized GPS		GI	ONASS	QZ	SS SBA		SBAS
	E1	-127~ -149	L1 C/A	-128.5~ -149	G1	-131~ -149	L1 C/A	-128.5	L1	-131
Output	E6	-125~ -147	L1C	-127~ - 147.5	G2	-137~ -155	L1C	-127		
range (dBm)	E5	-125~ -147	L2C	-130~ - 150.5			L2C	-130		
			L5	-124.9~ -145.4			L5	-124.9		

Note that it may be necessary to utilize attenuators or other RF elements to achieve the required GNSS signal levels at the mobile station antenna input. In all cases, the GNSS noise power spectral density at the mobile station antenna input will be -174 dBm/Hz, which is equivalent to room temperature thermal noise.

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- Amplitude resolution: 1 dB for all channels
- 8 Output accuracy (relative levels between any two channels): ±1.0 dB
- 9 Absolute output accuracy: ±2.0 dB
- 10 Source VSWR: 2.0:1
- GNSS-GNSS time offset accuracy: ±3ns
- The GNSS simulator shall accept the following system timing signals, referenced to the GNSS antenna port:
- 10 MHz frequency reference
- Even-second time mark
- The GNSS simulator should provide the following timing signal, referenced to the CDMA station antenna port for use as triggers by other measurement equipment:
- 18 1 PPS signal

6.7 Synchronization of the Serving Base Station and the GPS Simulator

- 20 Time synchronization between the serving base station and the GPS simulator is critical in
- 21 some cases, since many MS implementations assume acquiring GPS system time from the
- 22 CDMA network.
- 23 The synchronization may be achieved by using two separate connections:
- 1. For frequency synchronization, the serving base station's 10 MHz reference signal should be used. Optionally, the direction of the signal may be reversed so that the
- 26 clock with higher precision is configured as the source.

- 2. For system time synchronization, the serving base station's even second signal should be used. Both the base station and the GPS simulator will be preset to start at the same
- 3 predetermined reference time value at the occurrence of the first even second pulse.
- Optionally, the direction of the even second (or 1 PPS) signal may be reversed, so that the GPS simulator's timing signal serves as the source.
- The synchronization between the base station and the GPS simulator shall meet the following minimum requirements:

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- Frequency offset between the base station and the GPS simulator carriers (after frequency division to match the lower of the two frequencies) shall be less than ±0.02 ppm.
- Phase offset between the base station and the GPS simulator carriers (after frequency division to match the lower of the two frequencies) shall be constant within ±0.2 radians throughout the test.
- The timing offset between the serving base station and the GPS simulator (i.e. the offset between CDMA and GPS system time), referenced to the mobile station's antenna input, shall be less than ±30 ns.
- 17 If the requirement regarding the timing offset is not met, the use the following method is 18 permissible, unless specified otherwise in a test:
- 1. Connect a clock/counter to the serving base station's even second pulse output and the GPS simulator's 1 PPS output, so that the clock measures the time difference between the active edges of the even second and the 1 PPS pulses. The clock/counter can use an internal time reference or, optionally, derive the internal time from the serving base station's or the GPS simulator's 10 MHz signal.
- 24 2. At the beginning of the measurement, record the measured time difference.
- 25 3. Before evaluation, correct the pseudorange measurements or the clock bias returned by the mobile station with the measured offsets.
- When using the method described above, the achieved synchronization shall meet the following minimum requirements:
- The timing offset between the even second pulse and the 1 PPS pulse shall be less than $\pm 10 \, \mu s$.
- The timing offset between the even second signal and the 1 PPS signal shall be measured with accuracy better than ±10 ns.

33 6.8 Synchronization of the Serving Base Station and the GNSS Simulator

- The synchronization between the serving base station and the GNSS simulator may be achieved by using two separate connections:
- 36 1. For frequency synchronization, the serving base station's 10 MHz reference signal should be used. Optionally, the direction of the signal may be reversed so that the clock with higher precision is configured as the source.

- 1 2. For system time synchronization, the serving base station's even second signal should
- 2 be used. The base station simulator will be preset to start at the predetermined
- 3 reference time value at the occurrence of the first even second pulse. The GNSS
- 4 simulator will be preset to start $\Delta T_{GPS-GNSS}$ after the base station simulator starts.
- $\Delta T_{GPS-GNSS}$ is the GPS to GNSS system time offset. An advance in GPS system time
- relative to GNSS system time is represented by a positive $\Delta T_{GPS-GNSS}$ value.
- 7 The synchronization between the base station and the GNSS simulator shall meet the following minimum requirements:
- Frequency offset between the base station and the GNSS simulator carriers (after frequency division to match the lower of the two frequencies) shall be less than ±0.02 ppm.
- Phase offset between the base station and the GNSS simulator carriers (after frequency division to match the lower of the two frequencies) shall be constant within ±0.2 radians throughout the test.
- The timing offset between the serving base station and the GNSS simulator (i.e. the offset between CDMA and GNSS system time), referenced to the mobile station's antenna input, shall be less than ± 30 ns off from the value $\Delta T_{GPS-GNSS}$.
- 18 If the requirement regarding the timing offset is not met, the use the following method is 19 permissible, unless specified otherwise in a test:
- 1. Connect a clock/counter to the serving base station's even second pulse output and the GNSS simulator's 1 PPS output, so that the clock measures the time difference between the active edges of the even second and the 1 PPS pulses. The clock/counter can use an internal time reference or, optionally, derive the internal time from the serving base station's or the GNSS simulator's 10 MHz signal.
- 25 2. At the beginning of the measurement, record the measured time difference.
- 3. Before evaluation, correct the pseudorange measurements or the clock bias returned by the mobile station with the measured offsets.
- When using the method described above, the achieved synchronization shall meet the following minimum requirements:
- The timing offset between the even second pulse and the 1 PPS pulse shall be less than $\pm 10 \, \mu s$.
- The timing offset between the even second signal and the 1 PPS signal shall be measured with accuracy better than ±10 ns.

34 **6.9 AWGN Generator Equipment**

- 35 The AWGN generator shall meet the following minimum performance requirements:
- Minimum bandwidth: 1.8 MHz for CDMA Spreading Rate 1. For the definition of Spreading Rate 1, see [2].

- The frequency ranges ¹⁸ are listed in Table 6.9-1.
 - The noise power spectral density level in the GPS and GNSS bands shall not exceed 174 dBm/Hz at the mobile station antenna input.

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Table 6.9-1 AWGN Generator Frequency Ranges

Band Class	Frequency Range (MHz)
0	864 to 899
1	1925 to 1985
2	912 to 965
3	827 to 875
4	1835 to 1875
5	416 to 499

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- 7 Frequency resolution: 10 kHz.
- Output accuracy: ±2 dB for outputs greater than or equal to -80 dBm/1.23 MHz.
- Amplitude resolution: 0.25 dB.
- Output range: -40 dBm/1.23 MHz to -95 dBm/1.23 MHz.
- The AWGN generator shall be uncorrelated to the ideal CDMA transmitter signals.

12 **6.10 PDE Simulator Equipment**

- 13 The PDE simulator equipment provides a uniform network assistance environment for
- 14 every mobile station under test. Optionally, parts or all of the measurement data
- evaluation may also be carried out by the PDE simulator equipment.
- 16 The PDE simulator shall be capable to transmit and receive Data Burst Messages to and
- 17 from the serving base station.
- 18 The PDE simulator shall recognize requests from the MS and shall appropriately respond to
- 19 them. For this purpose, for tests that use Position Determination Data Messages with
- 20 PD_MSG_TYPE='00000000', the PDE simulator shall be able to parse the received
- 21 messages, extract the REQ_TYPE field and the COORD_TYPE field if REQ_TYPE = '0110'
- 22 (Request GPS Location Assistance) and determine the time-of-arrival of the messages. The
- 23 PDE simulator response will be solely determined by these three values, i.e. by the
- 24 REQ_TYPE, COORD_TYPE and time-of-arrival of the request. These three values shall
- 25 serve as indices into an array that stores all the PDE simulator responses. For tests that

¹⁸ The frequency ranges are based on covering the receive band and frequencies as great as 5 MHz outside the band.

- 1 use Position Determination Data Messages with PD_MSG_TYPE='00000010', the PDE
- 2 simulator shall be able to parse the received messages, extract the type of MS Request
- 3 Element and the "Coordinate type requested" field in the Request GPS Location Assistance
- 4 MS Request Element and determine the time-of-arrival of the messages. The PDE simulator
- 5 response will be solely determined by these three values, i.e. by the type of MS Request
- 6 Element, the value of "Coordinate type requested" field in the Request GPS Location
- 7 Assistance MS Request Element and time-of-arrival of the request. These three values shall
- 8 serve as indices into an array that stores all the PDE simulator responses.
- 9 The PDE simulator shall be capable of recording time-of-arrival of Data Burst Messages
- 10 sent by the mobile station. The PDE simulator shall also be capable of recording mobile
- 11 station response time, measured from the transmission of the end of the Data Burst
- 12 Message containing the PDE request element to the reception of the end of the Data Burst
- 13 Message containing the last part of the corresponding mobile station response element.
- 14 The PDE simulator shall meet the following minimum requirements:
- 15 The PDE simulator shall support messages corresponding to all PDE capabilities
- Maximum Response time (measured from receipt of mobile station request): 200 ms
- Internal Time accuracy (referenced to base station system time): ±2 s
- Maximal Internal clock drift: 10⁻⁴ s/s
- 19 The PDE simulator shall accept the following timing signal:
- 20 Even-second time mark.
- 21 Trigger representing the start of the power control bit sequence.
- 22 6.10.1 PDE Simulator Responses
- 23 The PDE simulator responses are presented in Annex E. In Annex A, a normative
- 24 description is given of the method of generating the PDE simulator responses.
- 25 6.10.2 Position Determination Data Message Call Flows
- 26 The PDE simulator shall adhere to the following call flows, based on the utilized Position
- 27 Location Test Mode (see 1.4):
- 28 For non-GNSS test cases in 2, 4 and 5, Position Determination Data Messages with
- 29 PD_MSG_TYPE = '00000000' or '00000010' shall be used:
- 30 1. Position Location Test Mode 1: The PDE simulator shall not send unsolicited response
- 31 messages. The PDE simulator shall send solicited response messages to all requests
- received from the mobile station, according to 6.10.1, within the maximal response time
- 33 specified in 6.10. An example of a successful Test Mode 1 call flow is shown in Figure
- 34 6.10.2-1.
- 2. Position Location Test Mode 2: The PDE simulator shall not send unsolicited response
- 36 messages. The PDE simulator shall send solicited response messages to all requests
- 37 received from the mobile station, according to 6.10.1, within the maximal response time

specified in 6.10. An example of a successful Test Mode 2 call flow is shown in Figure 6.10.2-1.

- 3. Position Location Test Mode 3: The PDE simulator shall initiate a position location session by sending a *Position Determination Data Message*, containing a *Request MS Information* message on the Paging Channel. The base station shall use the Paging Channel until the mobile station requests a dedicated channel. The base station shall not initiate service negotiation in Position Location Test Mode 3. After receiving the *Provide MS Information* response element, based on whether the mobile station is capable of location calculation, the PDE simulator shall initiate one of the following two call flows:
 - 1. If the mobile station is capable of location calculation (at least one of bits 1-8 of the LOC_CALC_CAP or "Position calculation capability" field ¹⁹ of the *Provide MS Information* response element is set to '1'), then the PDE simulator shall send a *Request Location Response* message. Subsequent to that, the PDE simulator shall not send unsolicited response messages. The PDE simulator shall send solicited response messages to all requests received from the mobile station, according to 6.10.1, within the maximal response time specified in 6.10. An example of a successful call flow is shown in Figure 6.10.2-2.
 - 2. If the mobile station is not capable of location calculation (none of bits 1-8 of the LOC_CALC_CAP or "Position calculation capability" field of the *Provide MS Information* response element is set to '1'), then the PDE simulator shall send a *Request Pseudorange Measurement* message, or a *Request Pilot Phase Measurement* message, or both. Subsequent to that, the PDE simulator shall not send unsolicited response messages. The PDE simulator shall send solicited response messages to all requests received from the mobile station, according to 6.10.1, within the maximal response time specified in 6.10. An example of a successful call flow is shown in Figure 6.10.2-3.
- 4. Position Location Test Mode 4: After the traffic channel assignment is indicated by the serving base station, the PDE simulator shall initiate a position location session by sending a *Position Determination Data Message*, containing a *Request MS Information* message. After receiving the *Provide MS Information* response element, based on whether the mobile station is capable of location calculation, the PDE simulator shall initiate one of the following two call flows:
 - 1. If the mobile station is capable of location calculation (at least one of bits 1-8 of the LOC_CALC_CAP or "Position calculation capability" field of the *Provide MS Information* response element is set to '1'), then the PDE simulator shall send a *Request Location Response* message. Subsequent to that, the PDE simulator shall not send unsolicited response messages. The PDE simulator shall send solicited response messages to all requests received from the mobile station, according to

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 $^{^{19}}$ It is LOC_CALC_CAP if PD_MSG_TYPE='000000000' is used and it is "Position calculation capability" if PD_MSG_TYPE='00000010' is used.

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- 6.10.1, within the maximal response time specified in 6.10. An example of a successful call flow is shown in Figure 6.10.2-2.
 - 2. If the mobile station is not capable of location calculation (none of bits 1-8 of the LOC_CALC_CAP or "Position calculation capability" field of the *Provide MS Information* response element is set to '1'), then the PDE simulator shall send a *Request Pseudorange Measurement* message or a *Request Pilot Phase Measurement* message or both. Subsequent to that, the PDE simulator shall not send unsolicited response messages. The PDE simulator shall send solicited response messages to all requests received from the mobile station, according to 6.10.1, within the maximal response time specified in 6.10. An example of a successful call flow is shown in Figure 6.10.2-3.
- For GNSS test cases, *Position Determination Data Messages* with PD_MSG_TYPE = 13 '00000010' shall be used:
- 14 1. Position Location Test Mode 1: The PDE simulator shall not send unsolicited response 15 messages. The PDE simulator shall send solicited response messages to all requests 16 received from the mobile station, according to 6.10.1, within the maximal response time 17 specified in 6.10. An example of a successful Test Mode 1 call flow is shown in Figure 18 6.10.2-4 for the mobile station that is capable of location calculation (at least one of bits 19 3-5 and 7-9 of the "Position Calculation Capability" field of the Provide Advanced MS 20 Information response element is set to '1'). An example of a successful Test Mode 1 call 21 flow is shown in Figure 6.10.2-5 for the mobile station that is not capable of location 22 calculation (none of bits 3-5 and 7-9 of the "Position Calculation Capability" field of the Provide Advanced MS Information response element is set to '1'). 23
- 24 2. Position Location Test Mode 2: The PDE simulator shall not send unsolicited response 25 messages. The PDE simulator shall send solicited response messages to all requests 26 received from the mobile station, according to 6.10.1, within the maximal response time 27 specified in 6.10. An example of a successful Test Mode 2 call flow is shown in Figure 28 6.10.2-4 for the mobile station that is capable of location calculation (at least one of bits 29 3-5 and 7-9 of the "Position Calculation Capability" field of the Provide Advanced MS 30 Information response element is set to '1'). An example of a successful Test Mode 2 call 31 flow is shown in Figure 6.10.2-5 for the mobile station that is not capable of location calculation (none of bits 3-5 and 7-9 of the "Position Calculation Capability" field of the 32 33 Provide Advanced MS Information response element is set to '1').
- 34 3. Position Location Test Mode 3: The PDE simulator shall initiate a position location 35 session by sending a Position Determination Data Message, containing a Request 36 Advanced MS Information message on the Paging Channel. The base station shall use the Paging Channel until the mobile station requests a dedicated channel. The base 37 38 station shall not initiate service negotiation in Position Location Test Mode 3. After 39 receiving the Provide Advanced MS Information response element, the PDE simulator 40 shall send a Request GNSS Pseudorange Measurement message, or a Request Pilot Phase 41 Measurement message, or both. Subsequent to that, the PDE simulator shall send 42 solicited response messages to all requests received from the mobile station, according 43 to 6.10.1, within the maximal response time specified in 6.10. An example of a 44 successful call flow is shown in Figure 6.10.2-6.

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4. Position Location Test Mode 4: After the traffic channel assignment is indicated by the serving base station, the PDE simulator shall initiate a position location session by sending a *Position Determination Data Message*, containing a *Request Advanced MS Information* message. After receiving the *Provide Advanced MS Information* message, the PDE simulator shall send a *Request GNSS Pseudorange Measurement* message, or a *Request Pilot Phase Measurement* message, or both. Subsequent to that, the PDE simulator shall send solicited response messages to all requests received from the mobile station, according to 6.10.1, within the maximal response time specified in 6.10. An example of a successful call flow is shown in Figure 6.10.2-6.

Figure 6.10.2-1 Example Successful Call Flow for Test Modes 1 and 2 for non-GNSS Test Cases

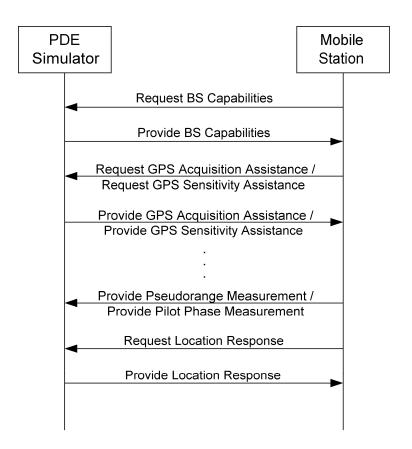


Figure 6.10.2-2 Example Successful Call Flow for Test Modes 3 and 4 for non-GNSS Test Cases, with Mobile Station that is Capable of Location Calculation

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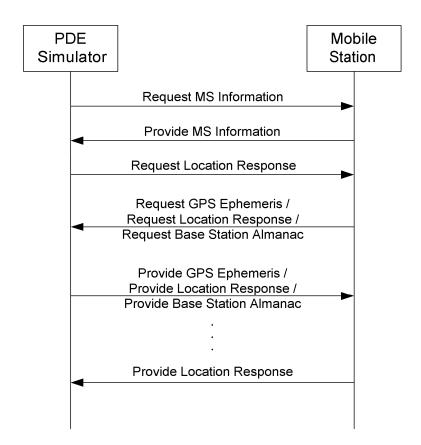


Figure 6.10.2-3 Example Successful Call Flow for Test Modes 3 and 4 for non-GNSS Test Cases, with Mobile Station that is not Capable of Location Calculation

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Request MS Information

Provide MS Information

Request Pseudorange Measurement /
Request Pilot Phase Measurement

Request GPS Acquisition Assistance /
Request GPS Sensitivity Assistance

Provide GPS Acquisition Assistance /
Provide GPS Sensitivity Assistance

Provide GPS Measurement /
Provide Pseudorange Measurement /
Provide Pilot Phase Measurement

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Figure 6.10.2-4 Example Successful Call Flow for Test Modes 1 and 2 for GNSS Test Cases, with Mobile Station that is Capable of Location Calculation

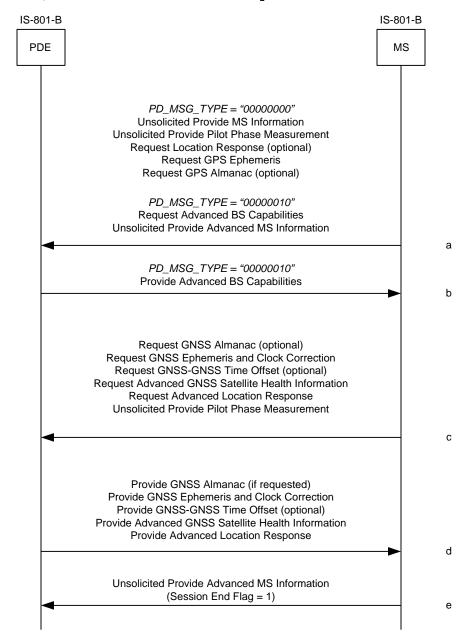
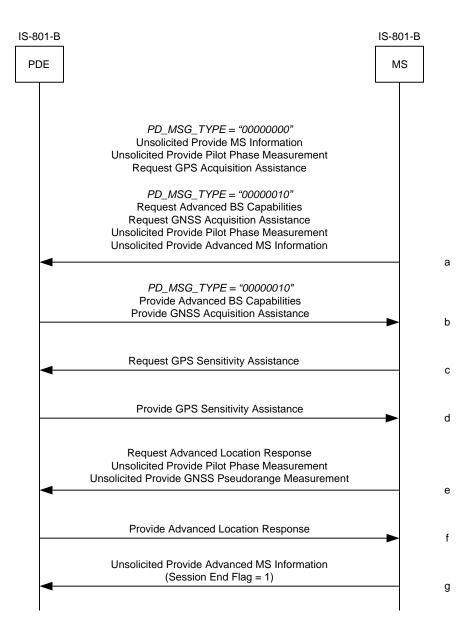


Figure 6.10.2-5 Example Successful Call Flow for Test Modes 1 and 2 for GNSS Test Cases, with Mobile Station that is not Capable of Location Calculation



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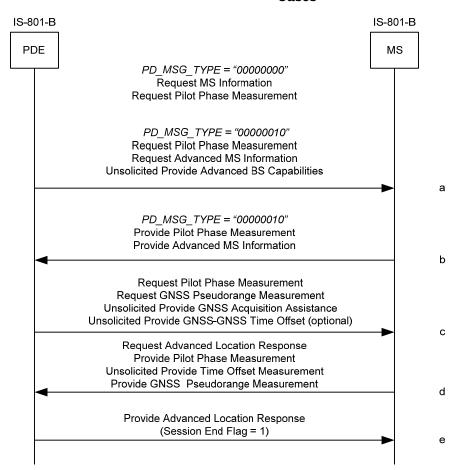
3

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Figure 6.10.2-6 Example Successful Call Flow for Test Modes 3 and 4 for GNSS Test Cases



6.11 MS Logging Entity

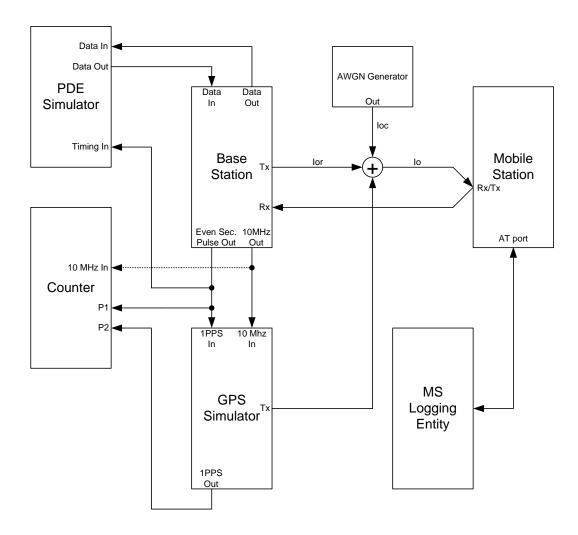
- The MS logging entity is essential for mobile station that is capable of calculating its position but does not return the final position to the network. The MS logging entity shall be used to log the position fixes generated by the mobile station that use the call flow indicated in Figure 6.10.2-4.
- 9 The MS logging entity could also be used to communicate with the mobile station on test-10 related matters such as preemption of assistance data such as Ephemeris, Almanac, or 11 position results computed in the past.
- The MS logging entity shall communicate with the mobile station using the asynchronous RS-232 protocol and standard Access Terminal (AT) comment mode via the serial port.

6.12 Functional System Set-ups

- 16 6.12.1 Functional Block Diagrams
- Figure 6.12.1-1 through Figure 6.12.1-3 show the functional block diagrams of the set-up
- 18 for the GPS, AFLT and Hybrid tests.

Figure 6.12.1-1 Functional Set-up for GPS Tests

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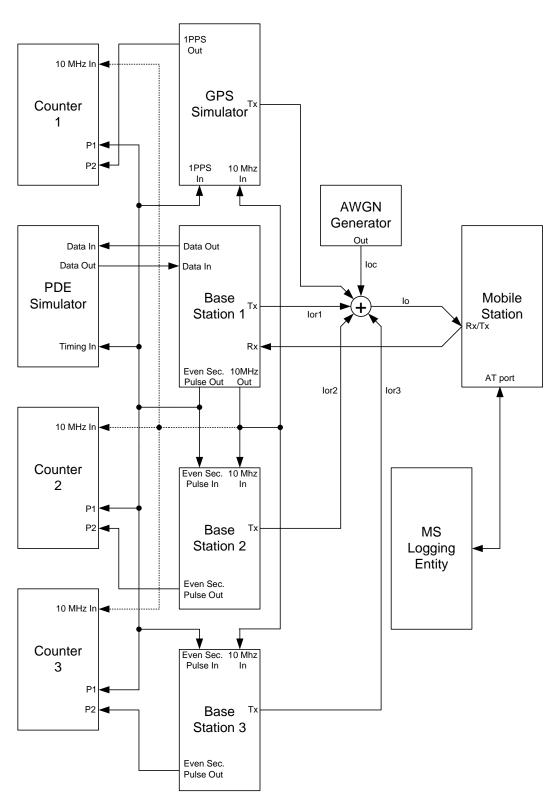
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Figure 6.12.1-2 Functional Set-up for AFLT Tests

AWGN Generator Out Data In Data Out Data Out loc Data In PDE Mobile Base lor1 lo Simulator Station 1^{Tx} Station Rx/Tx Timing In Even Sec. 10MHz Pulse Out Out AT port lor2 lor3 10 MHz In ◀ Counter Even Sec. 10 Mhz Pulse In In P2 Base Tx MS Station 2 Logging Entity Even Sec. Pulse Out 10 MHz In ◀ Counter Even Sec. 10 Mhz Pulse In 2 P2 Base Tx Station 3 Even Sec.

Pulse Out

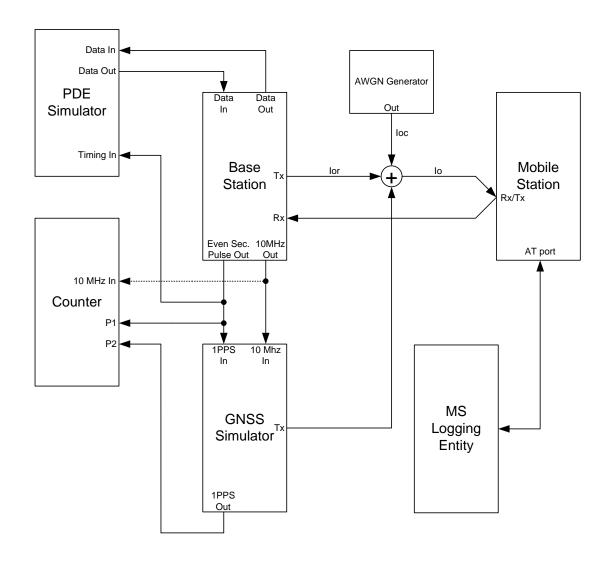
6-22



4 Figure 6.12.1-4 show the functional block diagrams of the set-up for the GNSS tests.

Figure 6.12.1-4 Functional Set-up for GNSS Tests

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6 6.12.2 General Comments

- 7 The following comments apply to all tests:
- 8 1. The Forward CDMA Channel may be comprised of a Pilot Channel, a Sync Channel, a Paging Channel, a Traffic Channel, and other orthogonal channels (OCNS).
- 10 2. For all base stations, use Pilot E_c/I_{or} equal to -7 dB.
- 3. For the serving base station, use Traffic E_c/I_{or} equal to -15 dB with 9600 bps data rate (full rate, Rate Set 1).
- 4. For the serving base station, use Sync E_c/I_{or} equal to -16 dB and Paging E_c/I_{or} equal to -12 dB with Paging Channel data rate at 9600 bps.

- 5. Adjust the OCNS gain such that the power ratios (E_c/I_{or}) of all specified forward channels add up to one.
- 3 6. Pilot PN sequence offset indices are denoted by P_i (i = 0, 1, 2, ...). The following assumptions hold unless otherwise specified:
 - $0 \le P_i \le 511$
- 6 $P_i \neq P_j$ if $i \neq j$
- 7 $P_i \mod PILOT_INC = 0$
- The chosen PN-sequence offset values shall be consistent with the parameter settings in the base station overhead and PDE simulator GPS and GNSS assistance messages.
- 5. Base stations should be configured for normal operation as specified in [2], unless specifically stated differently in a specific test.
- 12 6. All forward link power control bits from the base station shall be set to '0'.
- 7. For a mobile station with an integral antenna, the manufacturer shall provide a calibrated RF coupling fixture to provide connection to the standard test equipment.

 This applies to all the CDMA,GPS and GNSS antenna connections.
- 8. Unless specified otherwise in test procedures, if the mobile station supports turbo coding on the Reverse Supplemental Channel, the test shall be performed with turbo coding of the Reverse Supplemental Channel; otherwise, the mobile station shall use convolutional coding of the Reverse Supplemental Channel.
- 9. Overhead message fields should be those needed for normal operation of the base station, unless stated differently in Table 6.12.2-1 through Table 6.12.2-4 or in a specific test.

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Table 6.12.2-1 Special Field Values of the System Parameters Message

Field	Value (Decimal)
REG_PRD	0 (timer-based registration off)
SRCH_WIN_A	8 (60 chips)
SRCH_WIN_N	8 (60 chips)
SRCH_WIN_R	8 (60 chips)
NGHBR_MAX_AGE	0 (minimum amount of Neighbor Set aging)
PWR_THRESH_ENABLE	0 (threshold reporting off)
PWR_PERIOD_ENABLE	0 (periodic reporting off)
T_ADD	28 (-14 dB E _c /I ₀)
T_DROP	32 (-16 dB E _c /I ₀)

T_COMP	5 (2.5 dB)
T_TDROP	3 (4 sec)

Table 6.12.2-2 Special Field Value of the Extended System Parameters Message

Field	Value (Decimal)
SOFT_SLOPE	0 (0)

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Table 6.12.2-3 Special Field Values of the Access Parameters Message

Field	Value (Decimal)
NOM_PWR	0 (0 dB)
NOM_PWR_EXT	0 (0 dB)
INIT_PWR	0 (0 dB)
PWR_STEP	0 (0 dB)
NUM_STEP	4 (5 probes per sequence)

Table 6.12.2-4 Special Field Values of the *General Neighbor List Message* for the Serving Base Station

Field	Value (Decimal)
PILOT_INC	1 (64 chips)
NGHBR_SRCH_MODE	0 (no priorities or windows)
NUM_NGHBR	8 (8 neighbors)
NGHBR_CONFIG	0
NGHBR_PN	P ₁
NGHBR_CONFIG	0
NGHBR_PN	P ₂
NGHBR_CONFIG	0
NGHBR_PN	P ₃
NGHBR_CONFIG	0
NGHBR_PN	P ₄
NGHBR_CONFIG	0
NGHBR_PN	P ₅
NGHBR_CONFIG	0
NGHBR_PN	P ₆
NGHBR_CONFIG	0
NGHBR_PN	P ₇
NGHBR_CONFIG	0
NGHBR_PN	P ₈

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10. Values of time limits and other constants should be as specified in [11], [12]. Values of some time limits and constants are listed in Table 6.12.2 5 for reference.

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Table 6.12.2-5 Time Limit and Constant Values

Constant	Value	Unit
N _{1m}	9	frames
N_{2m}	12	frames
N_{3m}	2	frames
N_{11m}	1	frame
T_{1b}	1.28	seconds
T_{5m}	5	seconds
T _{40m}	3	seconds
T _{61m}	0.08	seconds
T _{72m}	1	second

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1 Annex A – METHOD OF GENERATING PDE SIMULATOR RESPONSES

2 This Annex is normative.

3 A.1 General Requirements for Position Determination Data Message Origination

- 4 A.1.1 Data Burst Message Origination
- 5 The PDE simulator shall comply with the requirements of Section 3 of [1]. The PDE
- 6 simulator shall limit the Data Burst Message size to 200 bytes.
- 7 A.1.2 Position Determination Data Message Origination
- 8 The PDE simulator shall populate the Position Determination Data Message field according
- 9 to Section 3.2.4 of [1]. In particular, for Test Modes 1 and 2, the value assignments are
- 10 shown in Table A.1.2-1 if Position Determination Data Messages (PDDMs) with
- 11 PD_MSG_TYPE='00000000' are used and are shown in Table A.1.2-2 if PDDMs with
- 12 PD MSG TYPE='00000010' are used; for Test Modes 3 and 4, with a mobile station that is
- capable of position calculation, the value assignments are shown in Table A.1.2-3 if PDDMs
- with PD_MSG_TYPE='00000000' are used; and for Test Modes 3 and 4, with a mobile
- station that is not capable of position calculation, the value assignments are shown in
- Table A.1.2-4 if PDDMs with PD_MSG_TYPE='000000000' are used; and for Test Modes 3
- and 4, the value assignments are shown in Table A.1.2-5 if PDDMs with
- 18 PD_MSG_TYPE='00000010' are used.

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Table A.1.2-1 Position Determination Data Message Format for Test Modes 1 and 2 if PD_MSG_TYPE='00000000'

Field	Value (Binary)
SESS_START	.0,
SESS_END	·0·
SESS_SOURCE	'1'
SESS_TAG	Same as in MS Request
PD_MSG_TYPE	'00000000'
NUM_REQUESTS	'0000'
NUM_RESPONSES	As specified in [1]

The base station shall include NUM_RESPONSES occurrences of the following record:

RESERVED	'000'
----------	-------

UNSOL_RESP	·0·
RESP_TYPE	Same as in MS Request
RESP_PAR_LEN	As specified in [1]
RESP_PAR_RECORD	As specified in [1]

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Table A.1.2-2 Position Determination Data Message Format for Test Modes 1 and 2 if PD_MSG_TYPE='00000010'

Field	Value (Binary)
SESS_START	·0·
SESS_END	·0'
SESS_SOURCE	'1'
SESS_TAG	Same as in MS Request
PD_MSG_TYPE	'00000010'
PD_MSG_LEN	As specified in [1]

The base station shall include 0 or 1 occurrences of the following record: $\,$

PDU	As specified in [1]
-----	---------------------

Table A.1.2-3 Position Determination Data Message Format for Test Modes 3 and 4, with a Mobile Station that is Capable of Position Calculation, if PD_MSG_TYPE='00000000'

Field	Value (Binary)
SESS_START	'1' in first message,
	'0' otherwise
SESS_END	·0·
SESS_SOURCE	·0·
SESS_TAG	'00000'
PD_MSG_TYPE	'00000000'
NUM_REQUESTS	'0001' in first message,
	'0001' in second
	message,
	'0000' otherwise
NUM_RESPONSES	'0000' in first message,
	As specified in [1]
	otherwise

The base station shall include NUM_REQUESTS occurrences of the following record:

RESERVED	'0000'
REQ_TYPE	'0010' in first message,
	'0001' in second
	message
REQ_PAR_LEN	As specified in [1]
REQ_PAR_RECORD	As specified in [1]

The base station shall include NUM_RESPONSES occurrences of the following record:

RESERVED	·000'
UNSOL_RESP	·0'
RESP_TYPE	As specified in [1]
RESP_PAR_LEN	As specified in [1]
RESP_PAR_RECORD	As specified in [1]

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Table A.1.2-4 Position Determination Data Message Format for Test Modes 3 and 4, with a Mobile Station that is not Capable of Position Calculation, if PD_MSG_TYPE='00000000'

Field	Value (Binary)
SESS_START	'1' in first message,
	'0' otherwise
SESS_END	·0·
SESS_SOURCE	.0,
SESS_TAG	'00000'
PD_MSG_TYPE	,00000000,
NUM_REQUESTS	'0001' in first message,
	second message,
	'0' otherwise
NUM_RESPONSES	'0000' in first message
	As specified in [1]
	otherwise

The base station shall include NUM_REQUESTS occurrences of the following record:

RESERVED	'0000'
REQ_TYPE	'0010' in first message, '0100' or '0101' or both '0100' and '0101' in second message, '0' otherwise
REQ_PAR_LEN	As specified in [1]
REQ_PAR_RECORD	As specified in [1]

The base station shall include NUM_RESPONSES occurrences of the following record:

RESERVED	'000'
UNSOL_RESP	
	'0'
RESP_TYPE	As specified in [1]
RESP_PAR_LEN	As specified in [1]
RESP_PAR_RECORD	As specified in [1]

Table A.1.2-5 Position Determination Data Message Format for Test Modes 3 and 4, if PD MSG TYPE='00000010'

Field	Value (Binary)
SESS_START	'1' in first message, '0' otherwise
SESS_END	·0'
SESS_SOURCE	.0,
SESS_TAG	,00000,
PD_MSG_TYPE	'00000010'
PD_MSG_LEN	As specified in [1]

The base station shall include 0 or 1 occurrences of the following record:

PDU	As specified in [1]
-----	---------------------

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4 A.1.3 Position Determination Data Message Segmentation

- 5 The PDE simulator shall divide messages into parts as necessary in order to meet the
- 6 requirement listed in A.1.1. The message segmentation shall be performed according to the
- 7 requirements listed in Section 3.2.2.1 of [1].

A.2 Method of Selecting the PDE Simulator Response Message

- 9 The PDE simulator shall respond to requests received from the mobile station by sending
- 10 the corresponding response messages. The response messages are presented in Annex E for
- 11 Position Determination Data Messages with PD_MSG_TYPE='00000000'. If Position
- 12 Determination Data Messages with PD_MSG_TYPE='00000000' are used, the PDE simulator
- 13 shall select the response message based on the received REQ TYPE and COORD TYPE, if
- REQ TYPE = '0110' (Request GPS Location Assistance), and the time-of-arrival of the mobile
- 15 station request. If Position Determination Data Messages with PD_MSG_TYPE='00000010'
- 16 are used, the PDE simulator shall select the response message based on the received type
- 17 of MS Request Element and the received value of "Coordinate type requested" field in the
- 18 Request GPS Location Assistance MS Request Element, and the time-of-arrival of the mobile
- 19 station request.

20 A.2.1 PDE Simulator Response Type

- 21 When responding to a mobile station request for which the Position Determination Data
- 22 Messages with PD_MSG_TYPE='00000000' are used, the PDE response type shall be
- 23 determined by the received REQ TYPE and COORD TYPE, if REQ TYPE = '0110' (Request
- 24 GPS Location Assistance) as listed in Table A.2.1-1.

Table A.2.1-1 PDE Simulator Response Types for PDDMs with PD_MSG_TYPE='00000000'

MS Request	PDE Response
Request BS Capabilities	Provide BS Capabilities
Request GPS Acquisition Assistance	Provide GPS Acquisition Assistance
Request GPS Location Assistance COORD_TYPE = '0'	Provide GPS Location Assistance – Cartesian
Request GPS Location Assistance COORD_TYPE = '1'	Provide GPS Location Assistance – Spherical
Request GPS Sensitivity Assistance	Provide GPS Sensitivity Assistance
Request Base Station Almanac	Provide Base Station Almanac
Request GPS Almanac	Provide GPS Almanac
Request GPS Ephemeris	Provide GPS Ephemeris
Request GPS Navigation Message Bits	Provide GPS Navigation Message Bits
Request Location Response	Provide Location Response
Request GPS Almanac Correction	Provide GPS Almanac Correction
Request GPS Satellite Health Information	Provide GPS Satellite Health Information

When responding to a mobile station request for which the *Position Determination Data Messages* with PD_MSG_TYPE='00000010' are used, the PDE response type shall be determined by the received type of MS Request Element and the value of "Coordinate type requested" field in the *Request GPS Location Assistance* MS Request Element as listed in Table A.2.1-2.

Table A.2.1-2 PDE Simulator Response Types for PDDMs with PD_MSG_TYPE='00000010'

MS Request	PDE Response	
Request BS Capabilities	Provide BS Capabilities	
Request GPS Acquisition Assistance	Provide GPS Acquisition Assistance	
Request GPS Location Assistance with "Coordinate type requested" = '0'	Provide GPS Location Assistance – Cartesian	
Request GPS Location Assistance with "Coordinate type requested" = '1'	Provide GPS Location Assistance – Spherical	
Request GPS Sensitivity Assistance	Provide GPS Sensitivity Assistance	
Request Base Station Almanac	Provide Base Station Almanac	
Request GPS Almanac	Provide GPS Almanac	
Request GPS Ephemeris	Provide GPS Ephemeris	
Request GPS Navigation Message Bits	Provide GPS Navigation Message Bits	
Request Location Response	Provide Location Response	
Request GPS Almanac Correction	Provide GPS Almanac Correction	
Request GPS Satellite Health Information	Provide GPS Satellite Health Information	
Request Advanced BS Capabilities	Provide Advanced BS Capabilities	
Request GNSS Acquisition Assistance	Provide GNSS Acquisition Assistance	
Request GNSS Sensitivity Assistance	Provide GNSS Sensitivity Assistance	
Request Modernized GPS Almanac	Provide Modernized GPS Almanac	
Request QZSS Almanac	Provide QZSS Almanac	
Request GLONASS Almanac	Provide GLONASS Almanac	
Request Galileo Almanac	Provide Galileo Almanac	
Request GEO Almanacs Message Parameters	Provide GEO Almanacs Message Parameters	
Request Modernized GPS Ephemeris and Clock Correction	Provide Modernized GPS Ephemeris and Clock Correction	
Request QZSS Ephemeris and Clock Correction	Provide QZSS Ephemeris and Clock Correction	
Request GLONASS Ephemeris and Clock Correction	Provide GLONASS Ephemeris and Clock Correction	
Request Galileo Ephemeris and Clock Correction	Provide Galileo Ephemeris and Clock Correction	
Request GEO Navigation Message	Provide GEO Navigation Message	

Parameters	Parameters
Request Advanced Location Response	Provide Advanced Location Response
Request GPS Ionospheric Model	Provide GPS Ionospheric Model
Request Galileo Ionospheric Model	Provide Galileo Ionospheric Model
Request QZSS Ionospheric Model	Provide QZSS Ionospheric Model
Request GNSS-GNSS Time Offset	Provide GNSS-GNSS Time Offset
Request GPS UTC Model	Provide GPS UTC Model
Request Advanced GNSS Satellite Health Information	Provide Advanced GNSS Satellite Health Information

A.2.2 PDE Simulator Response Reference Time

When responding to a mobile station request, the PDE simulator shall determine the response reference time based on the time-of-arrival of the request and the stepsize for the response time. The stepsize for the response time here means the time step between consecutive response messages of the same type contained in Annex E. The number of possible PDE simulator response messages for a given message type is obtained by dividing the maximal supported test duration by the resolution of the reference time for that message type. For message types for which Table A.2.2-1 and Table A.2.2-2 list 'N/A' as resolution of reference time, there is only one possible PDE simulator response. The PDE simulator shall support maximal test duration of at least 60 minutes for non-GNSS test cases in 2, 4 and 5 and shall support test duration of 15 minutes for GNSS test cases in 3.

Table A.2.2-1 PDE Simulator Response Reference Time Information for Non-GNSS

Test Cases

PDE Response	Reference Time Field	Stepsize for Response Time	Selection of Reference Time Note: t_{ref} = Reference Time, t_{req} = Time-of-Arrival of Mobile Station Request
Provide BS Capabilities	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide GPS Acquisition Assistance	TIME_OF_APP or "CDMA system time at the time when the acquisition assistance data is applicable"	1.28 s	$t_{req} + 2 \le t_{ref} < t_{req} + 3.28$
Provide GPS Location Assistance – Cartesian	Implicit	1.28 s	Same as in <i>Provide GPS</i> Acquisition Assistance message
Provide GPS Location Assistance – Spherical	Implicit	1.28 s	Same as in <i>Provide GPS</i> Acquisition Assistance message
Provide GPS Sensitivity Assistance	REF_BIT_NUM or "Reference bit number"	1.28 s	$t_{req} + 5 < t_{ref} \le t_{req} + 6.28$
Provide Base Station Almanac	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide GPS Almanac	WEEK_NUM or "GPS week number of the almanac"	N/A	104
	TOA or "Reference time of the almanac"	N/A	16384
Provide GPS	IODE	N/A	Same as in reference Ephemeris
Ephemeris	TOE or t _{oe}	N/A	324000
Provide GPS Navigation Message Bits	Implicit, start of next GPS frame	6 s	$t_{req} < t_{ref} \le t_{req} + 6$

Provide Location Response	TIME_REF_CDM A or "CDMA system time at the time the solution is valid"	1.28 s	$t_{req} \le t_{ref} < t_{req} + 1.28$
Provide GPS Almanac Correction	REF_TIME or "The time of validity of the parameters reported in this response element"	10.24 s	$t_{req} + 2 \le t_{ref} < t_{req} + 3.28$
	WEEK_NUM or "GPS week number"	N/A	Same as in reference Almanac
	TOA or "Time of almanac"	N/A	Same as in reference Almanac
Provide GPS Satellite Health Information	N/A	N/A	N/A

Cases				
PDE Response	Reference Time Field	Stepsize for Response Time	Selection of Reference Time Note: t_{ref} = Reference Time, t_{req} = Time-of-Arrival of Mobile Station Request $T_{NavBits}$ = Length of "Nav message bits" in Seconds of Provide GNSS Sensitivity Assistance Message	
Provide BS Capabilities	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Provide GPS Acquisition Assistance	CDMA system time at the time when the acquisition assistance data is applicable	1.28 s	$t_{req} + 2 \le t_{ref} < t_{req} + 3.28$	
Provide GPS Location Assistance – Cartesian	Implicit	1.28 s	Same as in <i>Provide GPS</i> Acquisition Assistance message	
Provide GPS Location Assistance – Spherical	Implicit	1.28 s	Same as in <i>Provide GPS</i> Acquisition Assistance message	
Provide GPS Sensitivity Assistance	Reference bit number	1.28 s	$t_{req} + 5 < t_{ref} \le t_{req} + 6.28$	
Provide Base Station Almanac	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Provide GPS Almanac	GPS week number of the almanac	N/A	533	
	Reference time of the almanac	N/A	405504	
Provide GPS	IODE	N/A	Same as in reference Ephemeris	
Ephemeris	t _{oe}	N/A	230400	
Provide GPS Navigation	Implicit, start of	6 s	$t_{req} < t_{ref} \le t_{req} + 6$	

Message Bits	next GPS frame		
Provide Location Response	CDMA system time at the time the solution is valid	1.28 s	$t_{req} \le t_{ref} < t_{req} + 1.28$
Provide GPS Almanac Correction	The time of validity of the parameters reported in this response element	10.24 s	$t_{req} + 2 \le t_{ref} < t_{req} + 3.28$
	GPS week number	N/A	Same as in reference Almanac
	Time of almanac	N/A	Same as in reference Almanac
Provide GPS Satellite Health Information	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide Advanced BS Capabilities	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide GNSS Acquisition Assistance	Reference time	1.28 s	$t_{req} + 2 \le t_{ref} < t_{req} + 3.28$
Provide GNSS Sensitivity Assistance	Reference bit number	1.28 s	$\begin{aligned} t_{req} + \left\lfloor T_{NavBits} / 2 \right\rfloor < t_{ref} &\leq t_{req} + \\ \left\lfloor T_{NavBits} / 2 \right\rfloor + 1.28 \end{aligned}$
Provide Advanced UMB Base Station Almanac	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide Advanced HRPD Base Station Almanac	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide Advanced 1x Base Station Almanac	N/A	N/A	N/A

Provide Modernized	WN_{a-n}	N/A	Not specified
GPS Almanac	t_{oa}	N/A	Not specified
Provide QZSS Almanac	WN _{a-n}	N/A	Not specified
Timeriae	toa	N/A	Not specified
Provide GLONASS	NA	N/A	679
Almanac	N ₄	N/A	4
Provide Galileo	Week Number	N/A	Not specified
Almanac	Toa	N/A	Not specified
	IODa	N/A	Not specified
Provide GEO Almanacs Message Parameters	t ₀	N/A	Not specified
Provide Modernized	t_{oe}	N/A	Not specified
GPS Ephemeris and Clock Correction	t _{oc}	N/A	Not specified
Provide QZSS Ephemeris	t _{oe} (NAV Ephemeris)	N/A	Not specified
and Clock Correction	t _{oc} (NAV Ephemeris)	N/A	Not specified
	t _{oe} (CNAV/CNAV2 Ephemeris)	N/A	Not specified
	t _{oc} (CNAV/CNAV2 Ephemeris)	N/A	Not specified
Provide GLONASS Ephemeris and Clock Correction	t _b	N/A	1065
Provide	IOD	N/A	Not specified

Galileo Ephemeris and Clock Correction	toe	N/A	Not specified
Provide GEO Navigation	IOD	N/A	Not specified
Message Parameters	t ₀	N/A	Not specified
Provide Advanced Location Response	Reference time	1.28 s	$t_{req} \le t_{ref} < t_{req} + 1.28$
Provide GPS Ionospheric Model	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide Galileo Ionospheric Model	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide QZSS Ionospheric Model	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide GNSS-GNSS Time Offset	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide GPS UTC Model	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide Advanced GNSS Satellite Health Information	N/A	N/A	N/A
Provide DGNSS Assistance	DGNSS reference time	1.28 s	$t_{req} \le t_{ref} < t_{req} + 1.28$

1 A.3 Method of Determining the PDE Simulator Response Values

- 2 A.3.1 Setting of PDE Simulator Response Field Counters
- 3 For tests that use PDDMs with PD_MSG_TYPE='00000000', the PDE simulator shall set the
- 4 field counters as listed in Table A.3.1-1.
- 5 The values of fields PART_NUM and TOTAL_PARTS, when applicable, shall be set by the
- 6 PDE simulator according to A.1.3.

Table A.3.1-1 PDE Simulator Response Field Counter Settings

PDE Response	Field Counter	Value (Binary)	Total Number in All Parts of the Response
Provide GPS Acquisition Assistance	NUM_SV	Number of SVs above 18° elevation angle – 1 = '1000'	No segmentation
	DOPP_INCL	'1'	N/A
	ADD_DOPP_INCL	'1'	N/A
	CODE_PH_PAR_INCL	'1'	N/A
	AZ_EL_INCL	'1'	N/A
Provide GPS	NUM_DLY	'000'	No segmentation
Location Assistance – Cartesian	NUM_SV	Same as in <i>Provide</i> GPS Acquisition Assistance message	No segmentation
Provide GPS	NUM_DLY	'000'	No segmentation
Location Assistance – Spherical	NUM_SV	Same as in Provide GPS Acquisition Assistance message	No segmentation
Provide GPS Sensitivity Assistance	NUM_DR_P	As needed	Number of SVs above 18° elevation angle = 9
	DR_SIZE	'11111111'	N/A
	NUM_SV_DR	' 0'	N/A
Provide	NUM_PILOTS_P	'000001001'	No segmentation
Base Station Almanac	LOC_SAME_AS_PREV	.0,	N/A
Provide GPS Almanac	NUM_SV_P	As needed	Number of SVs in reference Almanac = 26
Provide GPS Ephemeris	NUM_SV_P	As needed	Number of SVs above 18° elevation angle = 9
	AB_PAR_INCL	'1'	N/A
Provide GPS Navigation Message	NUM_SV_P	As needed	Number of SVs above 18° elevation angle = 9
Bits	SUBF_4_5_INCL	' 0'	N/A
Provide	VELOCITY_INCL	'0'	N/A

Location	CLOCK_INCL	.0,	N/A
Response	HEIGHT_INCL	'1'	N/A
Provide GPS Almanac Correction	NUM_SV_P	Number of SVs above 18° elevation angle – 1 = '1000'	No segmentation
	DELTA_XYZ_INCL	'1'	N/A
	DELTA_CLOCK_INCL	'1'	N/A
Provide GPS Satellite Health Information	BAD_SV_PRESENT	·0'	N/A

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For tests that use PDDMs with PD_MSG_TYPE='00000010', the PDE simulator shall use the ASN.1 encoding to provide the GNSS assistance data for the intended number of GNSS satellites as specified in A.1. The values of fields "Part number" and "Total number of parts", when applicable, shall be set by the PDE simulator according to A.1.3.

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A.3.2 Calculating of PDE Simulator Numerical Parameter Values

8 The PDE simulator response numerical data values shall be calculated according to the 9 definitions of Section 2.5 of [7] as well as [17~2323], and Sections 3.2.4.2 and 3.2.4.3.2 of 10 [1].

11 Furthermore, the following procedures shall apply:

- Pseudorange, Doppler and Doppler rate of change values shall be calculated according to [17~23], based on the reference Ephemeris. Ionospheric and tropospheric corrections shall be applied as described in [17~23]. The serving base station's location shall be used as the reference location, and the time indicated by TIME_OF_APP or "CDMA system time at the time when the acquisition assistance data is applicable" in the *Provide Acquisition Assistance* message or indicated by "Reference time" in the *Provide GNSS Acquisition Assistance* message shall be used as the reference time. Location coordinates shall be interpreted according to [3]. The rounding or truncation of the resulting values shall be carried out according to Sections 3.2.4.2 and 3.2.4.3.2 of [1].
- The GPS and GNSS Almanac, Ephemeris and navigation bit data shall be set according to the GPS and GNSS simulator data, respectively.

24 A.3.3 Setting of PDE Simulator Response Information Parameters

Unless otherwise indicated in specific tests, the PDE simulator shall set the response information parameters according to Table A.3.3-1.

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- The parameter values included in the *Provide Location Response* or the *Provide Advanced Location Response* message were determined based on the assumption that the message may be sent as assistance to the mobile station before any measurements are made. The same *Provide Location Response* or the *Provide Advanced Location Response* message shall be sent by the PDE simulator to the mobile station regardless of whether it is requested
- 6 before or after any measurements are made; thus, it does not reflect the positioning
- 7 accuracy that could be obtained from the measurements.

Table A.3.3-1 PDE Simulator Response Information Parameters

PDE Response	Field	Value (Binary)
Provide BS Capabilities	BS_LS_REV or "Base station location standard revision number"	'000000'
	GPSC_ID or "GPS capability indicator"	'1'
	AFLTC_ID or "Advanced forward link trilateration capability indicator"	'1'
	APDC_ID or "Autonomous position determination capability indicator"	'00000000'
Reject	REJ_REQ_TYPE or "Reject request type"	As needed, same as in MS request
	REJ_REASON or "Reject reason"	'001'
Provide GPS Acquisition	REFERENCE_PN or "Reference PN"	P ₀
Assistance	SV_CODE_PH_WIN or "Code phase window"	'01011'
	DOPPLER_WIN or "Doppler search window"	'100'
Provide Base Station Almanac	TIME_CRRCTION_RE F or "Reference time correction"	'010111101'
	TIME_CORRECTION or "Reference time correction" within Data record	'010111101'
Provide Location Response	FIX_TYPE or "Fix type"	'1'
Provide Advanced BS	"BS location rev number"	'2'
Capabilities	"Supported GNSS"	As needed

	"AFLT capability indicator"	'00000000000xxxx 1x' ²⁰
Advanced Reject	"Reject request type"	As needed, same as in MS request
	"Reject reason"	'1'
Provide GNSS Acquisition	"Pilot PN sequence offset"	P ₀
Assistance	"Code phase search window"	'11'
	"Doppler search window"	'4'
Provide Advanced Location Response	"Fix type"	As needed

2 A.3.4 Setting of PDE Simulator Request Information Parameters

Unless otherwise indicated in specific tests, the PDE simulator shall set the request information parameters according to Table A.3.4-1.

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²⁰ 'x' means don't care.

1 Table A.3.4-1 PDE Simulator Request Information Parameters

PDE Request	Field	Value (Binary)
Request Pseudorange Measurement	PREF_RESP_QUAL or "Preferred response quality"	'100' for GPS Dynamic Range Test, '011' otherwise
	NUM_FIXES or "Number of fixes"	'0000000'
	T_BETW_FIXES or "Time between fixes"	'00010000'
	OFFSET_REQ or "Offset requested"	'1'
Request Pilot Phase Measurement	PREF_RESP_QUAL or "Preferred response quality"	'011' for AFLT Protocol Tests, '010' otherwise
	NUM_FIXES or "Number of fixes"	'0000000'
	T_BETW_FIXES or "Time between fixes"	'00010000'
	OFFSET_REQ or "Offset requested"	'1'
	DESI_PIL_PH_RES or "Desired pilot phase resolution"	'1'
Request Location Response	PREF_RESP_QUAL or "Preferred response quality"	'010' for AFLT Tests, '011' for GPS and Hybrid Tests
	NUM_FIXES or "Number of fixes"	'0000000'
	T_BETW_FIXES or "Time between fixes"	'00010000'
	HEIGHT_REQ or "Height information requested"	'1'
	CLK_COR_GPS_REQ or "Clock correction for GPS time requested"	'1'
	VELOCITY_REQ or "Velocity information requested"	'1'

Request GNSS Pseudorange	"Preferred response quality"	'100' for GNSS Dynamic Range Test, '011' for other GNSS Tests
Measurement	"Number of fixes"	'1'
	"Time between fixes"	'16'
Request Advanced	"Maximum response time"	'100' for all GNSS Tests
Location Response	"Number of fixes"	' 1'
	"Time between fixes"	'18'
	"Height information request"	'1'
	"Clock correction for GPS time request"	'1'
	"Horizontal velocity information request"	'1'
	"Vertical velocity information request"	'1'

1 Annex B - REFERENCE GPS NAVIGATION DATA, SYSTEM TIME AND USER LOCATION

2 This Annex is normative.

3 B.1 Reference Location

- 4 For all tests defined in this document, the PDE simulator response messages shall be
- 5 consistent with (i.e. all assistance data shall be valid at) the following reference location:
- 6 Lat: +37° 00' 00.0000"
- 7 Lon: 122° 00' 00.0000"
- 8 Height: + 100.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)

9 B.2 Reference Time

- 10 For all tests defined in this document, the reference time (start time of the test) shall be as
- 11 follows:

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- 12 GPS Time: Week 1127 (WIN:0103), TOW: 320320 (Wednesday, 16:58:40)
- Local Time (Pacific Standard Time): 2001 August 15, 08:58:27 am
- Local Time (Pacific Daylight Time): 2001 August 15, 09:58:27 am
- 15 The test equipment shall support a test duration of 1 hour.

16 B.3 Reference Ephemeris

For all tests defined in this document, the following reference Ephemeris data shall be used. Note that the first number after the parameter name is the binary value of the corresponding message field defined in [1]; the second number (in parentheses) is the scaling factor expressed in powers of two; and the third number is the floating-point representation. For the applicable units, see [17]. Note that the IODE values shown below are not mandatory. Any IODE value can be used, as long as the PDE simulator response

messages (see Annex E) are kept consistent with the settings of the GPS simulator.

- 27 alpha2 : -2 (2^-24) -1.19209289550781e-007
- 28 alpha3 : -2 (2^-24) -1.19209289550781e-007
- 29 beta0 : 55 (2^11) 112640 30 beta1 : 8 (2^14) 131072
- 31 beta2 : -2 (2^16) -131072 32 beta3 : -3 (2^16) -196608
- 35 ID : 3
- 36 PRN ID : 3
- 37 IODE : 2

```
1
   Crs : 1751 (2^-5)
                                 54.71875
 2
    delta_n : 13612 (2^-43)
                                 1.54750523506664e-009
 3
   M 0
          : 1554268988 (2^-31)
                                 0.723762897774577
 4
          : 1505 (2^-29)
    Cuc
                                 2.80328094959259e-006
 5
    е
          : 18979682 (2^-33)
                                 0.00220952578820288
 6
          : 5898 (2^-29)
                                 1.09858810901642e-005
7
    SQRT(A) : 2702017974 (2^-19)
                                 5153.6902885437
8
   toe : 20250 (2^4)
                                 324000
9
          : -27 (2^-29)
                                 -5.02914190292358e-008
   Cic
10
   OMEGA 0 : -598861499 (2^{-31})
                                 -0.278866616543382
11
    Cis
          : -27 (2^-29)
                                 -5.02914190292358e-008
12
   i0
          : 639774141 (2^-31)
                                 0.297918050084263
13
          : 4897 (2^-5)
                                 153.03125
14
   omega : 392157920 (2^-31)
                                 0.182612761855125
15
   OMEGADOT: -22673 (2^-43)
                                 -2.5776216716622e-009
16
    IDOT
          : -1344 (2^-43)
                                 -1.52795109897852e-010
17
                                 324000
   toc
          : 20250 (2^4)
18
   af2
          : 0 (2^-55)
                                 Ω
19
    af1
          : 30 (2^-43)
                                 3.41060513164848e-012
20
    af0
          : 122521 (2^-31)
                                5.70532865822315e-005
21
22
   23
       : 14
24
    PRN ID : 14
25
   IODE
          : 2
26
          : -4016 (2^-5)
                                -125.5
27
    delta n : 11923 (2^-43)
                                 1.35548816615483e-009
28
          : 627487520 (2^-31)
    M 0
                                 0.292196646332741
29
    Cuc
          : -3440 (2^-29)
                                 -6.40749931335449e-006
30
          : 20828844 (2^-33)
                                 0.00242479657754302
    e
31
    Cus : 5468 (2^-29)
                                 1.01849436759949e-005
32
    SORT(A) : 2702005606 (2^-19)
                                 5153.66669845581
33
   toe
          : 20250 (2^4)
                                 324000
34
   Cic
          : 19 (2^-29)
                                 3.53902578353882e-008
35
    OMEGA_0 : 1577408628 (2^-31)
                                 0.734538132324815
36
    Cis : 0 (2^{-29})
37
    i0
          : 659197995 (2^-31)
                                 0.306962986942381
          : 5906 (2^-5)
38
    Crc
                                 184.5625
39
    omega : -318920472 (2^{-31})
                                 -0.148508917540312
40
   OMEGADOT: -22013 (2^-43)
                                 -2.50258835876593e-009
41
    IDOT : 241 (2^-43)
                                 2.73985278909095e-011
42
          : 20250 (2^4)
   toc
                                 324000
43
    af2
          : 0 (2^-55)
44
    af1
          : -9 (2^-43)
                                 -1.02318153949454e-012
45
    af0
          : -259636 (2^-31)
                                -0.000120902433991432
46
```

B-2

```
**********************************
1
2
   ID
          : 15
3
   PRN ID : 15
4
   IODE
          : 2
5
   Crs
          : 3520 (2^-5)
                                110
6
   delta n : 11425 (2^-43)
                                 1.29887212096946e-009
7
    M 0
          : 783064363 (2^-31)
                                 0.364642759319395
8
   Cuc
          : 2968 (2^-29)
                                 5.52833080291748e-006
9
          : 70170715 (2^-33)
                                 0.00816894636955112
10
          : 2420 (2^-29)
                                 4.50760126113892e-006
   Cus
11
    SQRT(A) : 2702005530 (2^-19)
                                5153.66655349731
12
          : 20250 (2^4)
   toe
                                 324000
          : -28 (2^-29)
13
   Cic
                                 -5.21540641784668e-008
14
    OMEGA_0 : 196273480 (2^-31)
                                 0.0913969613611698
15
   Cis
          : -111 (2^-29)
                                 -2.06753611564636e-007
16
    i0
           : 669824293 (2^-31)
                                 0.311911242548376
17
          : 9659 (2^-5)
                                 301.84375
    Crc
18
   omega : 1184210256 (2^-31)
                                 0.551440872251987
19
   OMEGADOT: -22831 (2^-43)
                                 -2.59558419202222e-009
20
   IDOT : 754 (2^-43)
                                 8.57198756420985e-011
21
          : 20250 (2^4)
                                 324000
   toc
22
          : 0 (2^-55)
    af2
23
    af1
          : 40 (2^-43)
                                4.54747350886464e-012
24
          : 150252 (2^-31)
                                 6.99665397405624e-005
    af0
25
26
    27
    ID
          : 17
28
    PRN ID : 17
29
   IODE
          : 2
          : 3234 (2^-5)
30
                                 101.0625
   Crs
    delta_n : 11586 (2^-43)
31
                                1.31717570184264e-009
32
    M \ 0 : 21453549 \ (2^{-31})
                                0.00999008724465966
33
          : 2836 (2^-29)
                                 5.28246164321899e-006
34
    e
          : 114688506 (2^-33)
                                 0.0133514993358403
35
          : 2103 (2^-29)
                                 3.9171427488327e-006
    Cus
36
    SQRT(A) : 2702016898 (2^-19)
                                 5153.68823623657
37
    toe
          : 20250 (2^4)
                                 324000
38
    Cic
          : 99 (2^-29)
                                 1.84401869773865e-007
    OMEGA 0 : 223657985 (2^-31)
39
                                 0.104148865211755
40
   Cis
          : -24 (2^-29)
                                 -4.4703483581543e-008
41
    i0
           : 671066978 (2^-31)
                                 0.312489912845194
42
          : 10023 (2^-5)
                                 313.21875
   Crc
   omega : 2143332909 (2^-31)
43
                                0.998067161533982
44
   OMEGADOT: -23226 (2^-43)
                                 -2.64049049292225e-009
    IDOT : 765 (2^-43)
45
                                8.69704308570363e-011
46
    toc : 20250 (2<sup>4</sup>)
                                 324000
```

```
1
   af2 : 0 (2^-55)
2
    af1
          : 226 (2^-43)
                               2.56932253250852e-011
3
   af0
          : 771310 (2^-31) 0.000359169207513332
4
5
   ID : 18
6
7
    PRN ID : 18
8
   IODE : 2
9
   Crs : -2414 (2^{-5})
                                -75.4375
10
   delta n : 13174 (2^-43)
                                1.49771040014457e-009
11
   M_0: -412701330 (2^-31)
                               -0.192179032601416
12
          : -2089 (2^-29)
                                -3.89106571674347e-006
   Cuc
13
           : 18954306 (2^-33)
                                0.0022065716329962
    е
14
   Cus
          : 1071 (2^-29)
                               1.99489295482636e-006
15
   SQRT(A) : 2701992381 (2^-19) 5153.64147377014
          : 20250 (2^4)
16
    toe
                                324000
17
                                -2.23517417907715e-008
   Cic
          : -12 (2^-29)
18
   OMEGA_0 : 898577843 (2^-31)
                               0.418432915117592
19
          : 2 (2^-29)
   Cis
                                3.72529029846191e-009
20
          : 656996200 (2^-31)
                               0.305937696248293
   i0
21
   Crc
          : 10900 (2^-5)
                                340.625
   omega : 1845863650 (2^-31)
22
                               0.859547243453562
23
   OMEGADOT: -23748 (2^{-43})
                                -2.69983502221294e-009
                                -2.42152964347042e-011
24
   IDOT : -213 (2^{-43})
25
    toc
          : 20250 (2^4)
                               324000
26
   af2
          : 0 (2^-55)
                                0
27
    af1
          : -2 (2^-43)
                                -2.27373675443232e-013
28
    af0 : -158560 (2^-31) -7.38352537155151e-005
29
   *************SATELLITE: 21*********
30
31
   ID : 21
32
   PRN ID : 21
33
          : 2
   IODE
34
   Crs : -2326 (2^{-5})
                                -72.6875
35
    delta_n : 12066 (2^-43)
                               1.37174538394902e-009
36
    M \ 0 : -1590806617 \ (2^{-31}) \ -0.74077705712989
37
    Cuc
          : -2100 (2^-29)
                                -3.91155481338501e-006
38
    е
          : 149802739 (2^-33)
                                0.0174393340712413
39
          : 819 (2^-29)
                                1.52550637722015e-006
40
   SQRT(A) : 2701986661 (2^-19) 5153.63056373596
41
          : 20250 (2^4)
   toe
                                324000
42
   Cic
          : 94 (2^-29)
                                1.7508864402771e-007
43
   OMEGA 0 : 869520218 (2^-31)
                               0.404901904053986
          : -79 (2^-29)
44
    Cis
                                -1.47148966789246e-007
45
   i0
          : 668563068 (2^-31)
                               0.311323938891292
46
  Crc : 11468 (2^-5)
                                358.375
```

```
1
  omega : -1656971549 (2^-31) -0.771587504539639
2 OMEGADOT: -22726 (2^-43)
                               -2.58364707406145e-009
3 IDOT : 246 (2<sup>-43</sup>)
                              2.79669620795175e-011
4
   toc
          : 20250 (2^4)
                               324000
5
   af2
          : 0 (2^-55)
                               Ω
6
   af1
         : 1 (2^-43)
                              1.13686837721616e-013
7
    af0 : 9981 (2^-31)
                               4.64776530861855e-006
8
9
   10
11
   PRN ID : 23
12
   IODE
          : 2
   Crs : -2351 (2^-5)
13
                             -73.46875
14
   delta_n : 11761 (2^-43)
                              1.33707089844393e-009
15
   M_0: -1378456920 (2^-31) -0.641894023865461
          : -1911 (2^-29)
16
    Cuc
                               -3.55951488018036e-006
17
   е
          : 132793870 (2^-33)
                              0.0154592411126941
18
   Cus
         : 923 (2^-29)
                               1.71922147274017e-006
19
   SQRT(A) : 2701831446 (2^-19) 5153.33451461792
20
  toe : 20250 (2<sup>4</sup>)
                              324000
21
   Cic
         : 100 (2^-29)
                               1.86264514923096e-007
22
  23
  Cis : 42 (2^-29)
                              7.82310962677002e-008
24
   i0
          : 670774976 (2^-31)
                              0.312353938817978
25
  Crc
          : 11248 (2^-5)
                               351.5
26
  omega : -1245550721 (2^-31) -0.580004752147943
   OMEGADOT: -22412 (2^-43)
27
                               -2.54794940701686e-009
28
  IDOT : 22 (2^-43)
                              2.50111042987555e-012
29
   toc
          : 20250 (2^4)
                              324000
   af2
30
         : 0 (2^-55)
  af1
31
          : 6 (2^-43)
                              6.82121026329696e-013
32
   af0
          : 39215 (2^-31)
                              1.8260907381773e-005
33
    *********************************
34
35
    ID : 29
36
   PRN ID : 29
37
          : 2
   IODE
38
   Crs
         : -4216 (2<sup>-5</sup>) -131.75
    delta n : 11731 (2^-43)
39
                              1.33366029331228e-009
         : 1396677043 (2^-31) 0.650378429796547
40
   M 0
41
    Cuc
          : -3652 (2^-29)
                               -6.80238008499146e-006
42
    е
          : 71698904 (2^-33)
                              0.0083468509837985
43
   Cus : 5364 (2^-29)
                               9.99122858047485e-006
44
    SQRT(A) : 2702123387 (2<sup>-19</sup>) 5153.89134788513
45
  toe : 20250 (2<sup>4</sup>)
                              324000
46
    Cic : 9(2^-29)
                               1.67638063430786e-008
```

```
1
    OMEGA 0 : 1563399006 (2^-31)
                                    0.7280143937096
2
    Cis
           : -103 (2^-29)
                                    -1.91852450370789e-007
3
    i0
            : 659786730 (2^-31)
                                    0.307237138040364
4
            : 6053 (2^-5)
    Crc
                                    189.15625
5
    omega
           : -1269281011 (2^-31)
                                    -0.591055029537529
6
    OMEGADOT: -21749 (2^-43)
                                    -2.47257503360743e-009
7
            : 259 (2^-43)
                                    2.94448909698986e-011
    IDOT
8
           : 20250 (2^4)
                                    324000
    toc
9
    af2
           : 0 (2^-55)
10
    af1
            : 17 (2^-43)
                                    1.93267624126747e-012
11
            : 1346363 (2^-31)
                                    0.00062694912776351
    af0
12
13
    14
            : 31
15
    PRN ID : 31
            : 2
16
    IODE
17
           : 1383 (2^-5)
                                    43.21875
    Crs
18
    delta_n : 13054 (2^-43)
                                    1.48406797961798e-009
19
    M 0
            : 971966542 (2^-31)
                                    0.452607191167772
20
    Cuc
            : 1228 (2^-29)
                                    2.28732824325562e-006
21
            : 87696983 (2^-33)
                                    0.0102092724991962
    е
22
            : 6029 (2^-29)
    Cus
                                    1.12298876047134e-005
23
    SQRT(A) : 2702009354 (2^-19)
                                    5153.67384719849
24
           : 20250 (2^4)
                                    324000
    toe
25
    Cic
            : -100 (2^-29)
                                    -1.86264514923096e-007
26
    OMEGA_0 : -588296382 (2^-31)
                                    -0.273946850560606
27
    Cis
            : 7 (2^-29)
                                    1.30385160446167e-008
28
            : 645775312 (2^-31)
    i0
                                    0.300712563097477
29
    Crc
           : 5024 (2^-5)
                                    157
30
           : 592891816 (2^-31)
                                    0.276086766272783
    omega
31
    OMEGADOT: -22745 (2^-43)
                                    -2.58580712397816e-009
32
    IDOT
           : -1607 (2^-43)
                                    -1.82694748218637e-010
33
    toc
            : 20250 (2^4)
                                    324000
34
    af2
           : 0 (2^-55)
35
            : 17 (2^-43)
                                    1.93267624126747e-012
    af1
36
            : 125895 (2^-31)
    af0
                                    5.86244277656078e-005
```

B.4 Reference Almanac

For all tests defined in this document, the following reference Almanac data shall be used.

Note that the first number after the parameter name is the binary value of the corresponding message field defined in [1]; the second number (in parentheses) is the scaling factor expressed in powers of two; and the third number is the floating-point representation. For the applicable units, see [17].

44

37

```
1
   WTN=104
2
   toa : 4 (2^12)
                              16384
3
4
   ***********************************
5
   PRN ID : 1
6
    delta i : 3839 (2^-19)
                              0.00732231140136719
7
    M 0
          : -709057 (2^-23)
                               -0.0845261812210083
8
          : 10598 (2^-21)
                               0.00505352020263672
9
    SQRT(A) : 10554807 (2^-11)
                               5153.71435546875
10
   OMEGA 0 : 5901355 (2^-23)
                              0.703496336936951
11
    omega : -4575499 (2^-23)
                               -0.54544198513031
12
    OMEGADOT: -687 (2^-38)
                               -2.49929144047201e-009
13
    af1
          : 1 (2^-38)
                                3.63797880709171e-012
14
    af0
          : 201 (2^-20)
                               0.000191688537597656
15
16
    **********************************
17
    PRN ID : 2
18
    delta_i : -1649 (2^-19)
                               -0.00314521789550781
19
    M_0
          : 8006721 (2^-23)
                              0.954475522041321
20
          : 44805 (2^-21)
                               0.021364688873291
21
    SQRT(A) : 10554554 (2^-11)
                               5153.5908203125
22
    OMEGA_0 : -5549822 (2^-23)
                               -0.661590337753296
   omega : -5393208 (2^-23)
23
                               -0.64292049407959
24
    OMEGADOT: -723 (2^-38)
                               -2.63025867752731e-009
25
    af1 : -2 (2^{-38})
                               -7.27595761418343e-012
26
    af0
          : -65 (2^-20)
                               -6.19888305664063e-005
27
28
    **********************************
29
    PRN ID : 3
30
    delta i : -1115 (2^-19)
                               -0.00212669372558594
31
          : 4373628 (2^-23)
                              0.521377086639404
    M 0
32
    е
          : 4634 (2^-21)
                               0.00220966339111328
33
    SQRT(A) : 10554758 (2^-11)
                               5153.6904296875
34
    OMEGA 0 : -2667259 (2^{-23})
                               -0.317962050437927
35
    omega : 1531867 (2^-23)
                                0.182612776756287
36
    OMEGADOT: -709 (2^-38)
                                -2.57932697422802e-009
37
          : 1 (2^-38)
    af1
                               3.63797880709171e-012
38
    af0
          : 61 (2^-20)
                               5.81741333007813e-005
39
40
    ***********************************
    PRN ID : 4
41
42
    delta_i : 5180 (2^-19)
                              0.00988006591796875
43
          : -2766861 (2^-23)
                              -0.329835534095764
    е
44
           : 11382 (2^-21)
                               0.00542736053466797
45
    SQRT(A) : 10554840 (2^-11)
                              5153.73046875
46
    OMEGA 0 : 317784 (2^-23) 0.0378828048706055
```

```
1
   omega : -1101514 (2^-23) -0.131310701370239
   OMEGADOT: -678 (2^-38)
2
                            -2.46654963120818e-009
3
   af1 : -5 (2^{-38})
                             -1.81898940354586e-011
4
    af0
          : 629 (2^-20)
                            0.000599861145019531
5
6
   ************SATELLITE: 5*********
7
   PRN ID : 5
8
   delta_i : -1140 (2^-19)
                            -0.00217437744140625
9
          : -3255290 (2^-23)
                            -0.388060808181763
10
    е
          : 6206 (2^-21)
                            0.00295925140380859
11
   SQRT(A) : 10554460 (2^-11)
                             5153.544921875
12
   OMEGA 0 : -5494160 (2^{2}-23)
                             -0.65495491027832
   omega : 1091980 (2^-23)
13
                            0.130174160003662
14
   OMEGADOT: -724 (2^-38)
                            -2.6338966563344e-009
15
   af1 : 0 (2^{-38})
    af0 : 325 (2^-20) 0.000309944152832031
16
17
18
   19
   PRN ID : 6
   delta_i : 165 (2^-19)
20
                            0.000314712524414063
21
   M \ 0 : -416309 \ (2^{-23})
                             -0.0496279001235962
22
          : 14416 (2^-21)
                            0.00687408447265625
    е
23
   SORT(A) : 10554647 (2^{-11})
                             5153.63623046875
24
   OMEGA_0 : -2545582 (2^{-23})
                            -0.303457021713257
25
   omega : -6075586 (2^{-23})
                            -0.724266290664673
26
   OMEGADOT: -692 (2^-38)
                            -2.51748133450747e-009
    af1 : 0 (2^{-38})
27
28
    af0 : -3 (2^{-20})
                            -2.86102294921875e-006
29
   30
31
   PRN ID : 7
    delta_i : 454 (2^-19) 0.000865936279296875
32
33
   M 0 : 4956962 (2<sup>-23</sup>)
                             0.59091591835022
34
   e : 25192 (2^-21)
                            0.0120124816894531
                             5153.6982421875
35
   SQRT(A) : 10554774 (2^-11)
36
   OMEGA 0 : -2625876 (2^{2}-23)
                             -0.313028812408447
37
   omega : -5357772 (2^{-23})
                            -0.638696193695068
38
    OMEGADOT: -694 (2^-38)
                             -2.52475729212165e-009
39
    af1 : -9 (2^-38)
                             -3.27418092638254e-011
40
   af0 : 416 (2^-20)
                            0.000396728515625
41
42
   ***********SATELLITE: 8*********
43
   PRN ID : 8
44
    delta_i : 2813 (2^-19)
                            0.00536537170410156
45
   M 0 : 382759 (2<sup>-23</sup>)
                            0.0456284284591675
46
    e : 16794 (2^-21) 0.00800800323486328
```

```
1
  SQRT(A) : 10554740 (2^-11) 5153.681640625
2 OMEGA_0 : -8055571 (2^-23)
                           -0.960298895835876
3
  omega : 5432166 (2^-23)
                           0.647564649581909
4
                            -2.44472175836563e-009
   OMEGADOT: -672 (2^-38)
5
   af1 : 7(2^-38)
                           2.5465851649642e-011
6
   af0 : 513 (2^-20)
                           0.000489234924316406
7
8
  ***********SATELLITE: 9*********
9
   PRN ID : 9
10
   delta i : 505 (2^-19)
                       0.000963211059570313
11
   M_0: -1092959 (2^-23)
                           -0.130290865898132
12
   е
         : 25411 (2^-21)
                           0.0121169090270996
13
   SQRT(A) : 10554686 (2^-11)
                           5153.6552734375
14
   OMEGA_0 : -8197457 (2^{-23})
                           -0.977213025093079
15
   omega : 1966584 (2^-23)
                           0.234435081481934
16
   OMEGADOT: -685 (2^-38)
                            -2.49201548285782e-009
17
   af1 : -1 (2^{-38})
                           -3.63797880709171e-012
18
   af0
         : -4 (2^-20)
                           -3.814697265625e-006
19
20
    21
   PRN ID : 10
22
   delta_i : 6000 (2^-19)
                           0.011444091796875
23
   M \ 0 : 8097346 \ (2^{-23})
                           0.96527886390686
24
         : 9435 (2^-21)
                           0.00449895858764648
   e
25
   SQRT(A) : 10554528 (2^-11)
                           5153.578125
26
   OMEGA_0 : 3052626 (2^-23)
                           0.363901376724243
27
   omega : 238987 (2^-23)
                           0.0284894704818726
28
   OMEGADOT: -717 (2^-38)
                           -2.60843080468476e-009
   af1 : 0 (2^-38)
29
         : 9 (2^-20)
30
   af0
                           8.58306884765625e-006
31
32
   33
   PRN ID : 11
34
   delta i : -3527 (2^-19)
                           -0.00672721862792969
35
   M_0 : 7618680 (2^-23)
                           0.908217430114746
36
         : 2164 (2^-21)
                            0.00103187561035156
37
   SQRT(A) : 10554691 (2^-11)
                           5153.65771484375
38
   OMEGA_0 : 115484 (2^-23)
                           0.0137667655944824
39
   omega : -6792224 (2^{-23})
                            -0.809696197509766
40
   OMEGADOT: -719 (2^-38)
                           -2.61570676229894e-009
41
   af1 : 0 (2^{-38})
                            Ω
42
                           3.814697265625e-006
   af0
         : 4 (2^-20)
43
44
    45
  PRN ID : 13
46
```

```
1
   M_0: -6993686 (2^-23) -0.833712339401245
2
          : 4071 (2^-21)
                            0.00194120407104492
3
   SORT(A) : 10554723 (2^-11)
                            5153.67333984375
4
   OMEGA_0 : 5844615 (2^-23)
                            0.696732401847839
5
   omega : 168349 (2<sup>-23</sup>)
                             0.0200687646865845
6
   OMEGADOT: -685 (2^-38)
                            -2.49201548285782e-009
7
    af1
         : 0 (2^-38)
8
          : -4 (2^-20)
    af0
                            -3.814697265625e-006
9
10
   ************************************
11
   PRN ID : 14
12
    delta i : 3655 (2^-19)
                            0.00697135925292969
13
         : 754499 (2^-23)
                            0.0899432897567749
14
          : 5085 (2^-21)
                            0.00242471694946289
15
   SQRT(A) : 10554709 (2^-11)
                            5153.66650390625
16
   OMEGA 0 : 5833984 (2^{-23})
                            0.695465087890625
17
   omega : -1245783 (2^{-23})
                            -0.148508906364441
18
   OMEGADOT: -688 (2^-38)
                            -2.5029294192791e-009
19
         : 0 (2^-38)
    af1
          : -127 (2^-20)
20
   af0
                            -0.000121116638183594
21
22
   23
   PRN ID : 15
24
    delta_i : 6258 (2^-19)
                            0.0119361877441406
25
    M 0
          : 1362090 (2^-23)
                            0.162373781204224
26
          : 17132 (2^-21)
                            0.00816917419433594
27
    SQRT(A) : 10554709 (2^-11)
                             5153.66650390625
28
   OMEGA 0 : 438693 (2^-23)
                            0.0522962808609009
29
   omega : 4625821 (2^-23)
                            0.551440834999084
30
   OMEGADOT: -713 (2^-38)
                             -2.59387888945639e-009
31
    af1 : 1 (2^{-38})
                             3.63797880709171e-012
32
          : 75 (2^-20)
    af0
                             7.15255737304688e-005
33
    34
35
    PRN ID : 17
36
    delta i : 6562 (2^-19)
                            0.0125160217285156
37
          : -1614368 (2^-23)
                            -0.192447662353516
    е
38
          : 28000 (2^-21)
                              0.0133514404296875
    SQRT(A) : 10554754 (2^-11)
39
                            5153.6884765625
40
   OMEGA 0 : 545551 (2^-23)
                            0.0650347471237183
41
   omega : 8372394 (2^-23)
                            0.998067140579224
42
    OMEGADOT: -726 (2^-38)
                             -2.64117261394858e-009
43
    af1 : 7(2^-38)
                             2.5465851649642e-011
44
    af0
          : 385 (2^-20)
                            0.000367164611816406
45
46
```

B-10

```
1 PRN ID : 18
2
   delta_i : 3109 (2^-19) 0.00592994689941406
3
         : -3306685 (2^-23) -0.394187569618225
4
   е
         : 4628 (2^-21)
                           0.00220680236816406
5
   SQRT(A) : 10554658 (2^-11)
                           5153.6416015625
6
  OMEGA 0 : 3181809 (2^{-23})
                           0.379301190376282
7
   omega : 7210405 (2^-23)
                           0.859547257423401
8
  OMEGADOT: -742 (2^{-38})
                           -2.69938027486205e-009
9
   af1 : 0 (2^-38)
10
         : -77 (2^-20)
   af0
                           -7.34329223632813e-005
11
12
   ************SATELLITE: 20*********
13
   PRN ID : 20
14
   delta_i : 3240 (2^-19)
                           0.0061798095703125
15
         : -7906351 (2^-23)
   M_0
                           -0.942510485649109
         : 4718 (2^-21)
                           0.00224971771240234
16
   е
17
   SORT(A) : 10554829 (2^-11)
                           5153.72509765625
18
   OMEGA_0 : 3042589 (2^-23)
                           0.362704873085022
   omega : 5562936 (2^-23)
19
                           0.663153648376465
20
   OMEGADOT: -730 (2^-38)
                           -2.65572452917695e-009
21
   af1 : -1 (2^-38)
                            -3.63797880709171e-012
22
         : -97 (2^-20)
   af0
                           -9.25064086914063e-005
23
    24
25
   PRN ID : 21
   26
27
   M \ 0 : -7908237 \ (2^{-23})
                           -0.942735314369202
28
         : 36573 (2^-21)
                           0.0174393653869629
   е
29
   SQRT(A) : 10554635 (2^-11)
                           5153.63037109375
30
   OMEGA 0 : 3068592 (2^-23)
                           0.365804672241211
31
   omega : -6472545 (2^-23)
                           -0.771587491035461
32
   OMEGADOT: -710 (2^-38)
                           -2.58296495303512e-009
33
   af1 : 0 (2^{-38})
34
   af0 : 5(2^-20)
                           4.76837158203125e-006
35
36
    37
   PRN ID : 23
   38
39
   M \ 0 : -7058884 \ (2^{-23})
                           -0.841484546661377
40
   е
         : 32420 (2^-21)
                           0.0154590606689453
41
   SQRT(A) : 10554029 (2^-11)
                           5153.33447265625
42
   OMEGA_0 : 3181604 (2^-23)
                           0.379276752471924
43
   omega : -4865433 (2^{-23})
                           -0.580004811286926
44
   OMEGADOT: -700 (2^-38)
                            -2.5465851649642e-009
  af1 : 0 (2^-38)
45
                           0
46
   af0 : 19 (2^-20) 1.81198120117188e-005
```

```
1
2
   ************SATELLITE: 24*********
3
   PRN ID : 24
4
   delta i : 6865 (2^-19) 0.0130939483642578
5
   M_0: -1059000 (2^-23)
                            -0.126242637634277
6
         : 19382 (2^-21)
                            0.00924205780029297
7
   SQRT(A) : 10554441 (2^-11)
                             5153.53564453125
8
   OMEGA_0 : 361690 (2^-23)
                            0.0431168079376221
9
   omega : -4354610 (2^-23)
                            -0.519109964370728
10
   OMEGADOT: -671 (2^-38)
                             -2.44108377955854e-009
11
    af1 : 1 (2^{-38})
                             3.63797880709171e-012
12
    af0
         : 78 (2^-20)
                             7.43865966796875e-005
13
14
    15
   PRN ID : 25
16
    delta i : -695 (2^-19) -0.00132560729980469
17
   M \ 0 : 1146872 \ (2^{-23})
                            0.136717796325684
18
          : 18977 (2^-21)
                            0.0090489387512207
   е
19
                            5153.70654296875
   SQRT(A) : 10554791 (2^-11)
20
   OMEGA_0 : -8310991 (2^-23)
                             -0.990747332572937
21
   omega : -5198429 (2^-23)
                             -0.619701027870178
22
    OMEGADOT: -691 (2^-38)
                             -2.51384335570037e-009
23
    af1 : 0 (2^{-38})
24
                            1.62124633789063e-005
    af0
          : 17 (2^-20)
25
26
    27
   PRN ID : 27
28
    delta i : 57 (2^{-19})
                            0.000108718872070313
29
    M \ 0 : -2921613 \ (2^{-23})
                            -0.348283410072327
          : 31945 (2^-21)
30
                             0.0152325630187988
   е
31
   SQRT(A) : 10554622 (2^-11)
                            5153.6240234375
32
   OMEGA_0 : -8248422 (2^-23)
                            -0.983288526535034
   omega : -6816704 (2^-23)
33
                             -0.812614440917969
34
   OMEGADOT: -684 (2^-38)
                            -2.48837750405073e-009
    af1 : 0 (2^{-38})
35
                             0
36
    af0
          : 32 (2^-20)
                             3.0517578125e-005
37
38
    39
   PRN ID : 28
40
    delta i : 2801 (2^-19)
                            0.00534248352050781
41
    M_0 : -6238231 (2^-23)
                            -0.74365508556366
42
          : 11107 (2^-21)
                             0.00529623031616211
43
   SORT(A) : 10557146 (2^-11)
                            5154.8564453125
44
   OMEGA_0 : -5340170 (2^{-23})
                            -0.636597871780396
45
   omega : -6362118 (2^{-23})
                             -0.758423566818237
46
    OMEGADOT: -700 (2^-38)
                            -2.5465851649642e-009
```

```
1
   af1 : -1 (2^{-38})
                             -3.63797880709171e-012
2
           : -14 (2^-20)
    af0
                             -1.33514404296875e-005
3
4
    ************SATELLITE: 29*********
5
    PRN ID : 29
6
    delta i : 3799 (2^-19)
                             0.00724601745605469
7
    M 0
          : 3743957 (2^-23)
                             0.446314454078674
8
          : 17505 (2^-21)
                             0.0083470344543457
9
    SQRT(A) : 10555169 (2^-11)
                             5153.89111328125
10
    OMEGA 0 : 5779333 (2^-23)
                             0.688950181007385
11
    omega : -4958129 (2^-23)
                             -0.591055035591125
12
    OMEGADOT: -680 (2^-38)
                              -2.47382558882236e-009
13
          : 1 (2^-38)
                              3.63797880709171e-012
14
    af0
          : 658 (2^-20)
                             0.000627517700195313
15
16
    17
    PRN ID : 30
18
    delta_i : 47 (2^-19)
                             8.96453857421875e-005
19
    M 0
          : -7232067 (2^-23)
                             -0.86212956905365
20
          : 11969 (2^-21)
                             0.0057072639465332
21
    SQRT(A) : 10554571 (2^-11)
                             5153.59912109375
22
    OMEGA_0 : -5402649 (2^-23)
                             -0.644045948982239
23
   omega : 3629757 (2<sup>-23</sup>)
                              0.432700753211975
24
    OMEGADOT: -718 (2^-38)
                              -2.61206878349185e-009
25
         : 0 (2^-38)
    af1
26
    af0
          : -33 (2^-20)
                             -3.14712524414063e-005
27
28
    29
    PRN ID : 31
30
    delta i : 345 (2^-19)
                              0.000658035278320313
31
          : 2099959 (2^-23)
                             0.250334620475769
32
    е
          : 21410 (2^-21)
                             0.0102090835571289
33
    SQRT(A) : 10554724 (2^-11)
                             5153.673828125
34
   OMEGA 0 : -2626009 (2^{-23})
                             -0.313044667243958
35
   omega : 2315984 (2^-23)
                              0.276086807250977
36
    OMEGADOT: -711 (2^-38)
                              -2.58660293184221e-009
37
    af1
          : 1 (2^-38)
                              3.63797880709171e-012
38
                             5.91278076171875e-005
    af0
          : 62 (2^-20)
39
```

B.5 List of Active Satellites

- 41 Assistance shall be provided in all tests for the satellites having the following PRN numbers:
- 42 3, 14, 15, 17, 18, 21, 23, 29, 31
- 43 Satellites identified with the following PRN numbers shall be simulated in the tests:

- 1 1. GPS Accuracy, GPS Dynamic Range, GPS Moving Scenario and GPS Protocol Tests:
- 2 3, 14, 15, 17, 18, 21, 29, 31
- 3 2. GPS Sensitivity Test:
- 4 14, 17, 21, 31
- 5 3. GPS Multipath Accuracy Test:
- 6 14, 17, 18, 21, 31
- 7 4. One Base Station + Three Satellites Hybrid Test:
- 8 14, 17, 31
- 9 5. Two Base Stations + One Satellite Hybrid Test:
- 10 3

11 B.6 Simulated Base Station Locations

- 12 For all tests defined in this document, the simulated base station locations shall be as
- 13 follows:
- 14 1. Base Station 1:
- 15 Lat: + 37° 00' 00.0000"
- 16 Lon: 122° 00' 00.0000"
- Height: + 150.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)
- 18 2. Base Station 2:
- 19 Lat: + 36° 57' 39.5249"
- 20 Lon: 121° 58' 18.9429"
- 21 Height: + 150.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)
- 22 3. Base Station 3:
- 23 Lat: + 36° 57' 39.5249"
- 24 Lon: 122° 01' 41.0571"
- Height: + 150.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)

26 B.7 Simulated Mobile Station Locations

- 27 The simulated mobile station locations shall be as follows:
- 28 1. GPS Accuracy, GPS Sensitivity, GPS Dynamic Range and GPS Multipath Tests:
- 29 Lat: + 36° 58' 26.3580"
- 30 Lon: 122° 00' 00.0000"
- 31 Height: + 115.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)
- 32 2. GPS Moving Scenario Test:

- The mobile station's trajectory is a circle in the horizontal plane, with a radius of 1 km, centered at the following location:
- 3 Lat: + 37° 00' 00.0000"
- 4 Lon: 122° 00' 00.0000"
- 5 Height: + 115.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)
- The mobile station's initial position at reference time (see B.2) shall be set as follows:
- 8 Lat: + 36° 59' 27.5618"
- 9 Lon: 122° 00' 00.0000"
- Height: + 115.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)
- The mobile station's velocity is constant at 100 km/h, with an initial heading of -90° at reference time (see B.2).
- 13 3. GPS Protocol, all AFLT and Hybrid Tests:
- 14 Lat: + 36° 58' 26.3580"
- 15 Lon: 122° 00' 00.0000"
- Height: + 115.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)

17 B.8 Additional GPS Simulator Settings

- 18 The settings shown in Table B.8-1 are also applied in the GPS simulator set-up. Note that
- 19 the IODE and IODC values shown in Table B.8-1 are not mandatory. Any IODE or IODC
- 20 value can be used, as long as the PDE simulator response messages (see Annex E) are kept
- 21 consistent with the settings of the GPS simulator.

1

Table B.8-1 GPS Simulator Settings

SV	IODC	IODE	URA	T _{GD} (ns)	A/S Flag	Alert Flag	SV Health in Frame 25	SV Health in Valid Almanac Pages	SV Conf.
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
2	-	-	-	-	-	_	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
3	2	2	0	-4.656612873	'0'	' 0'	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
4	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
5	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
6	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
7	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
8	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
9	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
10	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
11	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
12	-	-	-	-	-	-	'111111'	-	'0001'
13	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
14	2	2	2	-10.24454832	' 0'	' 0'	,000000,	,00000000,	'0001'
15	2	2	1	-2.793967724	' 0'	' 0'	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
16	-	-	-	-	-	-	'111111'	-	'0001'
17	2	2	0	-2.328306437	' 0'	' 0'	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
18	2	2	2	-10.24454832	' 0'	' 0'	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
19	-	-	-	-	-	-	'111111'	-	'0001'
20	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
21	2	2	2	-2.328306437	' 0'	' 0'	'000000'	,00000000	'0001'
22	-	-	-	-	-	-	'111111'	-	'0001'
23	2	2	0	-2.793967724	'0'	'0'	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
24	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
25	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
26	-	-	-	-	-	-	'111111'	-	'0001'
27	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
28	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
29	2	2	0	-	'0'	·0'	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
30	-	-	-	-6.984919309	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'

31	2	2	1	-6.053596735	' 0'	' 0'	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
32	-	-	-	-	-	-	'111111'	1	'0001'

- 1 Notes for Table B.8-1:
- 2 1. The interpretation of URA is as follows:
- 3 0: >2 m
- 4 1: >2.8 m
- 5 2: >4 m
- 6 2. The interpretation of SV Health in Frame 25 is as follows:
- 7 '000000': All Signals OK
- 8 '111111': Satellite not present
- 9 3. The interpretation of SV Health in valid Almanac frames is as follows:
- 10 '00000000': All Data and Signals OK
- 4. The interpretation of Satellite Configuration is as follows:
- 12 '0001': Block 2 satellite

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1 Annex C - REFERENCE GNSS NAVIGATION DATA, SYSTEM TIME AND USER LOCATION

3 This Annex is normative.

4 C.1 Reference Location

- For all GNSS tests defined in this document, the PDE simulator response messages shall be consistent with (i.e. all assistance data shall be valid at) the following reference location:
- 7 Lat: +37° 22' 00.0000"
- 8 Lon: 121° 59' 00.0000"
- 9 Height: + 100.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)

10 C.2 Reference Time

- 11 For all GNSS tests defined in this document, the reference time (start time of the test) shall
- be as follows:
- GPS Time: Week 1557 (WIN:0533), TOW: 225015 (Tuesday, 14:30:15)
- Local Time (Pacific Standard Time): 2009 November 10, 06:30:00 am
- Local Time (Pacific Daylight Time): 2009 November 10, 07:30:00 am
- 16 Delta between GPS and GLONASS time $\Delta T_{GPS-GLONASS}$: tau_gps 3 hours + 15
- 17 seconds
- 18 Delta between GPS and Galileo time $\Delta T_{GPS-Galileo}$: Not specified
- 19 Delta between GPS and QZSS time $\Delta T_{GPS-OZSS}$: Not specified
- 20 Delta between GPS and SBAS time $\Delta T_{GPS-SBAS}$: Not specified
- 21 The test equipment shall support a test duration of 15 minutes. The test equipment shall
- 22 restart from the reference time every 15 minutes if the overall test duration runs over.

23 C.3 Reference GPS Ephemeris

- 24 For all GNSS tests defined in this document, the following GPS reference Ephemeris data
- shall be used. Note that the first number after the parameter name is the binary value of
- 26 the corresponding message field defined in [1]; the second number (in parentheses) is the
- scaling factor expressed in powers of two; and the third number is the floating-point
- 28 representation. For the applicable units, see [17]. Note that the IODE values shown below
- 29 are not mandatory. Any IODE value can be used, as long as the PDE simulator response
- 30 messages are kept consistent with the settings of the GPS simulator.

```
31
32 alpha0
```

- 2 alpha0 : 13 (2^-30) 1.2107193470e-008
- 33 alpha1 : -1 (2^-27) 7.4505805969e-009
- 34 alpha2 : -2 (2^-24) -1.1920928955e-007
- 35 alpha3 : 1 (2^-24) 5.9604644775e-008

```
1
   beta0
         : 47 (2^11)
                                9.6256000000e+004
2
  beta1
         : -2 (2^14)
                                -3.2768000000e+004
3
   beta2
         : -3 (2^16)
                                -1.9660800000e+005
4
   beta3
         : 3 (2^16)
                                1.9660800000e+005
5
        5
            ID :
                             5
        PRN ID :
          IODE :
                             72
          Crs :
                             61 (2^-5)
                                           1.9062500000E+00
       delta n :
                         13461 (2^-43)
                                           1.5303349440E-09
          M_0:
                   -2012012972 (2^-31)
                                           -9.3691435972E-01
                                           5.7741999626E-08
           Cuc :
                             31 (2^-29)
           e :
                       13994345 (2^-33)
                                           1.6291582632E-03
           Cus :
                          3244 (2^-29)
                                            6.0424208641E-06
       SQRT(A) :
                     2701964785 (2^-19)
                                            5.1535888386E+03
           toe :
                         14400 (2^4)
                                                     230400
           Cic :
                             20
                                (2^{-29})
                                            3.7252902985E-08
       OMEGA_0 :
                   -1613720449 (2^-31)
                                           -7.5144538442E-01
           Cis :
                             5 (2^-29)
                                            9.3132257462E-09
           i0 :
                      656908518
                               (2^-31)
                                           3.0590588808E-01
                                            2.6465625000E+02
           Crc :
                          8469
                                (2^-5)
         omega :
                     159748882 (2^-31)
                                            7.4388696085E-02
      OMEGADOT
                        -23281 (2^{-43})
                                           -2.6467370798E-09
                          -916 (2^-43)
          IDOT
                                           -1.0414021471E-10
           toc :
                         14400 (2^4)
                                                     230400
           af2 :
                             0 (2^-55)
                                                         0
          af1 :
                            62 (2^-43)
                                           7.0485839387E-12
           af0 :
                       -101259 (2^-31)
                                           -4.7152396291E-05
        TD:
                             7
                             7
        PRN ID :
          IODE :
                            68
                                           3.4375000000E+01
           Crs :
                          1100 (2^-5)
       delta_n :
                          12365 (2^-43)
                                            1.4057344612E-09
           M_0:
                      144216572 (2^-31)
                                            6.7155917529E-02
           Cuc :
                           974 (2^-29)
                                            1.8142163754E-06
            e :
                       27922392 (2^-33)
                                            3.2505984135E-03
           Cus :
                           3238 (2^-29)
                                            6.0312449932E-06
       SQRT(A) :
                     2701993152 (2^-19)
                                            5.1536429443E+03
           toe :
                          14400 (2^4)
                                                     230400
           Cic :
                            48 (2^-29)
                                           8.9406967163E-08
       OMEGA_0 :
                     -178519456 (2^-31)
                                           -8.3129405297E-02
           Cis :
                          -17 (2^-29)
                                           -3.1664967537E-08
           i0 :
                     662864081 (2^-31)
                                           3.0867924501E-01
```

```
Crc :
             8560 (2^-5)
                                 2.6750000000E+02
  omega :
             2067689887 (2^-31)
                                  9.6284088299E-01
OMEGADOT :
                -23097 (2^-43)
                                 -2.6258187505E-09
  IDOT :
                  1041 (2^-43)
                                  1.1835148856E-10
                 14400 (2^4)
                                           230400
   toc :
   af2 :
                    0 (2^-55)
                                               0
   af1 :
                   -6 (2^-43)
                                 -6.8212102633E-13
   af0 :
                17114 (2^-31)
                                  7.9693272710E-06
ID :
                    10
 PRN ID :
                   10
  IODE :
                   90
   Crs :
                  -81 (2^-5)
                                -2.5312500000E+00
delta_n :
                13563 (2^-43)
                                  1.5419309743E-09
   M_0 :
             2125332596 (2^-31)
                                  9.8968279829E-01
    Cuc :
                  -114 (2^-29)
                                 -2.1234154701E-07
    e :
              74940556 (2^-33)
                                  8.7242401166E-03
   Cus :
                  3288 (2^-29)
                                  6.1243772507E-06
SQRT(A) :
             2701863375 (2^-19)
                                  5.1533954144E+03
    toe :
                 14400 (2^4)
                                          230400
                                 7.4505805969E-09
    Cic :
                    4 (2^-29)
OMEGA 0 :
            -1595350838 (2^-31)
                                 -7.4289138773E-01
   Cis :
                  -44 (2^-29)
                                 -8.1956386566E-08
    i0 :
             653527418 (2^-31)
                                  3.0433139427E-01
   Crc :
                 8304 (2^-5)
                                  2.5950000000E+02
  omega :
             424078013 (2^-31)
                                  1.9747625167E-01
                -23065 (2^-43)
OMEGADOT :
                                 -2.6221807802E-09
   IDOT :
                  -951 (2^-43)
                                 -1.0811937139E-10
                 14400 (2^4)
   toc :
                                           230400
   af2 :
                    0 (2^-55)
                                               0
   af1 :
                   -8 (2^-43)
                                 -9.0949470177E-13
   af0 :
                -60034 (2^-31)
                                 -2.7955509722E-05
 ID :
                    11
 PRN ID :
                   11
   IODE :
                   89
   Crs :
                  1771 (2^-5)
                                 5.5343750000E+01
delta n :
                 18149 (2^-43)
                                  2.0632975929E-09
   M 0 :
              70699148 (2^-31)
                                  3.2921779284E-02
    Cuc :
                  1620 (2^-29)
                                  3.0174851418E-06
              87605285 (2^-33)
    e :
                                  1.0198610507E-02
   Cus :
                 4266 (2^-29)
                                  7.9460442066E-06
SQRT(A) :
            2702026027 (2<sup>-19</sup>)
14400 (2<sup>4</sup>)
                                  5.1537056484E+03
   toe :
                                          230400
                   16 (2<sup>-29</sup>) 2.9802322388E-08
   Cic :
```

```
OMEGA 0 :
          1815566681 (2^-31)
                                 8.4543714085E-01
    Cis :
                    99 (2^-29)
                                  1.8440186977E-07
                                  2.8302575246E-01
    i0 :
              607775250 (2^-31)
    Crc :
                  5928 (2^-5)
                                  1.8525000000E+02
  omega :
             515762294 (2^-31)
                                  2.4016997215E-01
OMEGADOT :
                -25634 (2^-43)
                                  -2.9142415834E-09
   IDOT :
                   401 (2^-43)
                                  4.5589766484E-11
                 14400 (2^4)
    toc :
                                            230400
   af2 :
                    0 (2^-55)
                                                0
   af1 :
                   -17 (2^-43)
                                  -1.9326762413E-12
    af0 :
                 -61211 (2^-31)
                                  -2.8503593057E-05
 13
    TD :
 PRN ID :
                    13
   IODE :
                    81
   Crs :
                   670 (2^-5)
                                   2.0937500000E+01
delta n :
                  9714 (2^-43)
                                  1.1043513592E-09
    M 0 :
             1767047356 (2^-31)
                                   8.2284362236E-01
    Cuc :
                   612 (2^-29)
                                  1.1399388313E-06
                                   3.9322129747E-03
     e :
               33777409 (2^-33)
    Cus :
                   5553 (2^-29)
                                  1.0343268514E-05
SQRT(A) :
             2701987852 (2^-19)
                                  5.1536328354E+03
    toe :
                 14400 (2^4)
                                           230400
                                  2.4214386940E-08
    Cic :
                    13 (2^-29)
OMEGA 0 :
             -852274658 (2^-31)
                                  -3.9687038633E-01
   Cis :
                     29 (2^-29)
                                  5.4016709328E-08
              679436465 (2^-31)
    i0 :
                                   3.1639659028E-01
    Crc :
                  6256 (2^-5)
                                  1.9550000000E+02
  omega :
                                   5.2769575411E-01
             1133220653 (2^-31)
OMEGADOT :
                -21110 (2^-43)
                                  -2.3999235322E-09
   IDOT :
                  -262 (2^-43)
                                  -2.9786829973E-11
                 14400 (2^4)
    toc :
                                            230400
                                                0
   af2 :
                    0 (2^-55)
    af1 :
                     1 (2^-43)
                                  1.1368683772E-13
    af0 :
                 657473 (2^-31)
                                   3.0615972355E-04
 TD:
                     15
 PRN ID :
                    15
   IODE :
                    56
   Crs :
                   -77 (2^-5)
                                 -2.4062500000E+00
                 12301 (2^-43)
delta n :
                                  1.3984585206E-09
    M 0 :
             1867052234 (2^-31)
                                   8.6941191371E-01
    Cuc :
                   -45 (2^-29)
                                  -8.3819031715E-08
                                  1.9748336313E-03
     e :
              16963670 (2^-33)
    Cus :
                   5423 (2^-29)
                                  1.0101124644E-05
             2702018849 (2^-19)
                                  5.1536919575E+03
SORT(A) :
```

```
14400 (2^4)
                                                       230400
       toe :
       Cic :
                                            7.4505805969E-09
                            4
                                (2^{-29})
   OMEGA 0 :
                   -905821450
                              (2^{-31})
                                           -4.2180499612E-01
       Cis :
                           -4 (2^-29)
                                           -7.4505805969E-09
        i0 :
                    652916048
                               (2^{-31})
                                            3.0404669453E-01
       Crc :
                         5788
                               (2^-5)
                                             1.8087500000E+02
     omega
           :
                   -330720647
                               (2^-31)
                                           -1.5400344209E-01
  OMEGADOT
                       -22624 (2^{-43})
                                            -2.5720450021E-09
      IDOT
                         -473 \quad (2^{-}43)
                                            -5.3775460216E-11
                        14400 (2^4)
                                                       230400
       toc :
       af2 :
                            0 (2^-55)
                                                            0
       af1 :
                            3
                               (2^{-43})
                                             3.4106051316E-13
       af0 :
                      -687680
                               (2^{-31})
                                            -3.2022595406E-04
   TD
            :
                           17
  PRN ID
            :
                           17
   IODE
            :
                           46
     Crs
                        -1146 (2^{-5})
                                                    -35.8125
 delta n
                        12573 (2^-43)
                                                  1.42938E-09
    M 0
                   2066715891
                              (2^{-31})
                                                  0.962387332
    Cuc
                         -977
                              (2^{-29})
                                                  -1.8198E-06
      е
                     40964640 (2^-33)
                                                  0.004768918
            :
                         6486 (2^-29)
                                                  1.20811E-05
    Cus
            :
                   2702052523 (2^-19)
                                                  5153.756186
 SQRT(A)
            :
                                                       230400
                        14400 (2^4)
     toe
     Cic
                                                 -4.47035E-08
                          -24 (2^{-29})
 OMEGA_0
            :
                   1265695521 (2^-31)
                                                  0.589384027
     Cis
            :
                          -26 (2^{-29})
                                                 -4.84288E-08
     i0
                    655954423 (2^-31)
                                                   0.30546159
                               (2^{-5})
                                                     144.125
    Crc
                         4612
                  -1811603965 (2^-31)
                                                 -0.843591862
   omega
OMEGADOT
            :
                       -22045 (2^-43)
                                                 -2.50622E-09
   IDOT
            :
                           26 (2^-43)
                                                  2.95594E-12
                                                       230400
    toc
            :
                        14400 (2^4)
                                                            0
    af2
                            0 (2^-55)
    af1
            :
                           31 (2^-43)
                                                  3.52429E-12
     af0
            :
                       217023 (2^-31)
                                                  0.000101059
```

C.4 Reference GPS Almanac

1

- 3 For all GNSS tests defined in this document, the following reference GPS Almanac data
- 4 shall be used. Note that the first number after the parameter name is the binary value of

```
1
    the corresponding message field defined in [1]; the second number (in parentheses) is the
2
    scaling factor expressed in powers of two; and the third number is the floating-point
3
    representation. For the applicable units, see [17].
4
5
    WIN=533
6
                                          405504
    toa : 99 (2^12)
7
8
              ********************************
     PRN ID
                              2
     delta_i
                           -257
                                (2^{-19})
                                              -4.9088898014E-04
                        6253756 (2^-23)
                                               7.4550406646E-01
     M_0
                          19195 (2^-21)
                                               9.1528892517E-03
                       10554748 (2^-11)
                                               5.1536855469E+03
     SQRT(A)
                :
     OMEGA_0
                :
                        7644804 (2^-23)
                                               9.1132952250E-01
                :
                        7780607 (2^-23)
                                               9.2751846381E-01
     omega
                           -697
                                              -2.5356652991E-09
     OMEGADOT:
                                (2^-38)
     af1
                              1
                                (2^{-38})
                                               3.6379788071E-12
     af0
                            200 (2^-20)
                                               1.9073486328E-04
              ***********************************
                :
                              3
     PRN ID
     delta_i
                :
                          -2707
                                (2^{-19})
                                              -5.1638822033E-03
     M_0
                        5593956 (2^-23)
                                               6.6684996117E-01
                          26583
                                (2^{-21})
                                               1.2675762177E-02
     SQRT(A)
                       10554584 (2^-11)
                                               5.1536054688E+03
                        4574562
                                (2^{-23})
                                               5.4532901082E-01
     OMEGA_0
                        2575152 (2^-23)
     omega
                :
                                               3.0698132255E-01
     OMEGADOT:
                           -725 (2^{-38})
                                              -2.6375284674E-09
     af1
                              1 (2^-38)
                                               3.6379788071E-12
     af0
                :
                            497
                                 (2^{-20})
                                               4.7397613525E-04
              *********************************
     PRN ID
                              4
     delta_i
                           -392
                                (2^{-19})
                                              -7.4838044309E-04
                       -2872369
     M_0
                                (2^{-23})
                                              -3.4241226709E-01
                                               9.0308189392E-03
                          18939 (2^-21)
     SQRT(A)
                       10554415 (2^-11)
                                               5.1535229492E+03
                :
                       7693245 (2^-23)
                                               9.1710412621E-01
     OMEGA_0
                :
                       1480014 (2^-23)
                                               1.7643100489E-01
     omega
                           -700
     OMEGADOT:
                :
                                (2^{-38})
                                              -2.5465792100E-09
                             -5 (2^-38)
                                              -1.8189894035E-11
     af1
     af0
                           -373 (2^{-20})
                                              -3.5572052002E-04
              *******************************
                              5
     PRN ID
```

```
delta i
                   3090 (2^-19)
                                       5.8929919659E-03
M 0
                -6764272 (2^-23)
                                      -8.0636217383E-01
                                       1.6441345215E-03
                    3448 (2^-21)
9
SORT(A)
                10554447 (2^-11)
                                       5.1535385742E+03
OMEGA 0
          :
                -6307557 (2^{-23})
                                      -7.5191763047E-01
                                      7.4005073106E-02
                  620801 (2^-23)
omega
OMEGADOT: :
                    -723 (2^-38)
                                      -2.6302525269E-09
                       1 (2^-38)
af1
                                       3.6379788071E-12
af0
                     -48 (2^-20)
                                      -4.5776367188E-05
        ********************************
PRN TD
                       6
delta i
                   -1466 (2^-19)
                                      -2.7968680863E-03
M 0
          :
                -5039317 (2^-23)
                                      -6.0073199462E-01
                                       5.7697296143E-03
е
                   12100 (2^-21)
                10554652 (2^-11)
                                      5.1536386719E+03
SQRT(A)
OMEGA 0
                 4758858 (2^-23)
                                       5.6729875465E-01
                -3227930 (2^{-23})
                                      -3.8479834218E-01
omega
                    -716 (2^-38)
                                      -2.6047867348E-09
OMEGADOT:
                                      0.000000000E+00
af1
                       0 (2^-38)
af0
                     273 (2^-20)
                                       2.6035308838E-04
        ***********************************
PRN ID
                       7
delta i
                    4555 (2^-19)
                                       8.6872511777E-03
                                       1.9584216575E-01
M 0
                 1642847 (2^-23)
                    6828 (2^-21)
                                       3.2558441162E-03
                10554571 (2^-11)
SORT(A)
                                       5.1535991211E+03
OMEGA 0
                 -701053 (2^-23)
                                      -8.3571834642E-02
                 8086906 (2^-23)
                                       9.6403206458E-01
omega
          :
                    -677 (2^-38)
                                      -2.4629058930E-09
OMEGADOT: :
af1
                       0 (2^-38)
                                       0.000000000E+00
af0
                                       7.6293945313E-06
                        8 (2^-20)
        *******************************
PRN ID
                       9
delta i
                    6032 (2^-19)
                                       1.1504398520E-02
M 0
                 -567815 (2^-23)
                                      -6.7688664461E-02
0
                   43195 (2^-21)
                                       2.0596981049E-02
                10554535 (2^-11)
SQRT(A)
                                       5.1535815430E+03
                 -788585 (2^-23)
OMEGA 0
          :
                                      -9.4006437774E-02
omega
                 4057794 (2^-23)
                                       4.8372560873E-01
OMEGADOT: :
                    -670 (2^{-38})
                                      -2.4374401010E-09
af1
                       1 (2^-38)
                                       3.6379788071E-12
af0
                      92 (2^-20)
                                      8.7738037109E-05
        ********************************
PRN TD
        :
                      10
```

```
delta i
                  2265 (2^-19)
                                    4.3194330214E-03
M 0
                                    -8.7910732690E-01
                -7374504 (2^-23)
                                     8.7366104126E-03
                   18322 (2^-21)
9
SORT(A)
                10554046 (2^-11)
                                     5.1533427734E+03
                                    -7.4336712573E-01
OMEGA 0
          :
               -6235830 (2^-23)
                1655629 (2^-23)
                                     1.9736589532E-01
omega
OMEGADOT: :
                    -729 (2^-38)
                                    -2.6520803486E-09
af1
                      0 (2^-38)
                                     0.000000000E+00
af0
                     -29 (2^-20)
                                     -2.7656555176E-05
       **********************************
PRN ID
                     11
delta i
                  -8903 (2^-19)
                                    -1.6981786698E-02
M 0
          :
                 1360966 (2^-23)
                                     1.6223941058E-01
е
                   21419 (2^-21)
                                     1.0213375092E-02
               10554667 (2^-11)
                                    5.1536459961E+03
SQRT(A)
OMEGA 0
                7087952 (2^-23)
                                    8.4494774643E-01
                 2017609 (2^-23)
                                      2.4051717305E-01
omega
                    -736 (2^-38)
                                     -2.6775461408E-09
OMEGADOT:
af1
                     -1 (2^-38)
                                    -3.6379788071E-12
af0
                     -30 (2^-20)
                                    -2.8610229492E-05
       PRN ID
                     12 (2^-19)
                  4355 (2^-23)
delta i
                                    8.3057823434E-03
          :
M 0
                 1998629 (2^-21)
                                      2.3825458602E-01
                   6448 (2^-11)
                                     3.0746459961E-03
                10554310 (2^-23)
                                    5.1534716797E+03
SORT(A)
OMEGA 0
                2109267 (2^-23)
                                     2.5144363256E-01
          :
                -1535165 (2^-38)
                                    -1.8300550105E-01
omega
OMEGADOT: :
                   -704 (2^-38)
                                     -2.5611310912E-09
af1
                      1 (2^-20)
                                     3.6379788071E-12
af0
                   -200
                                     -1.9073486328E-04
        ***********************************
PRN ID
                     13
delta i
                    8582 (2^-19)
                                      1.6368126162E-02
M 0
                7995019 (2^-23)
                                    9.5307830621E-01
          :
                   8257 (2^-21)
                                     3.9372444153E-03
9
                10554547 (2^-11)
          :
SQRT(A)
                                     5.1535874023E+03
OMEGA 0
          :
                                    -3.9730300980E-01
               -3332827 (2^-23)
omega
                4424022 (2^-23)
                                     5.2738328632E-01
OMEGADOT: :
                    -670 (2^{-38})
                                    -2.4374401010E-09
af1
                      0 (2^-38)
                                     0.000000000E+00
af0
                    321 (2^-20)
                                     3.0612945557E-04
        ********************************
PRN TD
        :
                     14
```

```
7479 (2^-19)
delta i
                                     1.4264325538E-02
M 0
                7794041 (2^-23)
                                    9.2911991765E-01
                  10654 (2^-21)
                                    5.0802230835E-03
9
SQRT(A)
                10554631 (2^-11)
                                    5.1536284180E+03
OMEGA 0
          :
               -3387764 (2^{-23})
                                    -4.0385199523E-01
                -5661540 (2^-23)
                                    -6.7490658295E-01
omega
OMEGADOT: :
                   -677 (2^-38)
                                    -2.4629058930E-09
                      1 (2^-38)
af1
                                     3.6379788071E-12
af0
                    -27 (2^-20)
                                    -2.5749206543E-05
       PRN ID
                     15
delta i
                   2107 (2^-19)
                                     4.0180726413E-03
M 0
          :
                8369874 (2^-23)
                                     9.9776439996E-01
е
                   4161 (2^-21)
                                    1.9841194153E-03
               10554643 (2^-11)
                                    5.1536342773E+03
SQRT(A)
OMEGA 0
               -3542222 (2^{2}-23)
                                    -4.2226478062E-01
                -1280539 (2^{-23})
                                    -1.5265178746E-01
omega
                   -710 (2^-38)
                                    -2.5829589129E-09
OMEGADOT:
                                    0.000000000E+00
af1
                      0 (2^-38)
                                    -3.2043457031E-04
af0
                   -336 (2^-20)
       **********************************
PRN ID
                     16
                  4577 (2^-19)
                                    8.7292127483E-03
delta i
M 0
                -4520791 (2^-23)
                                    -5.3891902308E-01
                  11199 (2^-21)
                                     5.3400993347E-03
               10554565 (2^-11)
                                    5.1535961914E+03
SORT(A)
OMEGA 0
                2155148 (2^-23)
                                    2.5691306118E-01
                -715592 (2^-23)
                                    -8.5305014448E-02
omega
          :
                   -704 (2^-38)
OMEGADOT: :
                                    -2.5611310912E-09
af1
                     -1 (2^-38)
                                    -3.6379788071E-12
af0
                     -8 (2^{-20})
                                    -7.6293945313E-06
       PRN ID
                     17
delta i
                   2847 (2^-19)
                                     5.4295073307E-03
M 0
               -7621124 (2^-23)
                                    -9.0850665314E-01
          :
                  10013 (2^-21)
                                     4.7745704651E-03
0
               10554780 (2^-11)
SQRT(A)
          :
                                    5.1537011719E+03
OMEGA 0
          :
                                    5.8893578616E-01
                4940363 (2^-23)
omega
                -7074208 \quad (2^{-23})
                                    -8.4330933779E-01
OMEGADOT: :
                   -688 (2^-38)
                                    -2.5029235664E-09
af1
                      1 (2^-38)
                                     3.6379788071E-12
af0
                    107 (2^-20)
                                    1.0204315186E-04
       **********************************
PRN TD
        :
                     18
```

```
-7.6936122995E-04
delta i
                  -403 (2^-19)
               -3997741 (2^-23)
                                    -4.7656675000E-01
M 0
                                     1.0910987854E-02
                  22882 (2^-21)
9
SQRT(A)
         :
               10554540 (2^-11)
                                    5.1535839844E+03
OMEGA 0
          :
               -6228156 (2^-23)
                                    -7.4245231579E-01
               -6303165 (2^-23)
                                    -7.5139406449E-01
omega
OMEGADOT: :
                   -740 (2^-38)
                                    -2.6920980220E-09
                      1 (2^-38)
af1
                                     3.6379788071E-12
af0
                     28 (2^-20)
                                     2.6702880859E-05
       ***********************************
PRN ID
          :
                     19
delta i
                   2465 (2^-19)
                                     4.7009018557E-03
M 0
          :
                7350121 (2^-23)
                                     8.7620065358E-01
е
                  12377 (2^-21)
                                     5.9018135071E-03
                                    5.1536186523E+03
SQRT(A)
               10554611 (2^-11)
OMEGA 0
                5088797 (2^-23)
                                    6.0663045649E-01
                -543226 (2^-23)
                                   -6.4757434094E-02
omega
                   -691 (2^-38)
                                    -2.5138374772E-09
OMEGADOT: :
af1
                     -1 (2^-38)
                                    -3.6379788071E-12
af0
                      2 (2^-20)
                                     1.9073486328E-06
       ***********************************
PRN ID
                     20
                  -438 (2^-19)
                                    -8.3611827731E-04
delta i
          :
                                    -4.1998753088E-01
M 0
                -3523119 (2^-23)
                   8326 (2^-21)
                                     3.9701461792E-03
               10554735 (2^-11)
SORT(A)
                                     5.1536791992E+03
OMEGA 0
        :
               -6372071 (2^-23)
                                    -7.5960828059E-01
                3450636 (2^-23)
                                     4.1134690416E-01
omega
          :
                   -742 (2^-38)
                                    -2.6993739626E-09
OMEGADOT: :
af1
          :
                      0 (2^-38)
                                    0.000000000E+00
af0
                     71 (2^-20)
                                     6.7710876465E-05
       PRN ID
                     21
delta i
                  -1469 (2^-19)
                                    -2.8025901197E-03
M 0
                -808623 (2^-23)
                                    -9.6395147931E-02
          :
                  32837 (2^-21)
                                     1.5657901764E-02
9
               10554752 (2^-11)
          :
SQRT(A)
                                    5.1536875000E+03
OMEGA 0
          :
                7725381 (2^-23)
                                    9.2093502696E-01
omega
                -6801766 (2^-23)
                                    -8.1083179647E-01
OMEGADOT: :
                   -707 (2^{-38})
                                    -2.5720450021E-09
af1
                     -1 (2^-38)
                                    -3.6379788071E-12
                    -22 (2^-20)
af0
                                    -2.0980834961E-05
       ********************************
PRN ID
        :
                     2.2
```

```
delta i
                  -791 (2^-19)
                                   -1.5094107684E-03
                                    -8.0434456131E-01
M_0
               -6747347 (2^-23)
                  11074 (2^-21)
                                    5.2804946899E-03
9
SQRT(A)
         :
                10554576 (2^-11)
                                    5.1536015625E+03
OMEGA 0
          :
               -6213925 (2^-23)
                                    -7.4075585237E-01
                -5008424 (2^-23)
                                    -5.9704927066E-01
omega
OMEGADOT: :
                   -742 (2^{-38})
                                    -2.6993739626E-09
                      0 (2^-38)
                                     0.000000000E+00
af1
af0
                    196 (2^-20)
                                     1.8692016602E-04
       ********************************
PRN ID
                     23
delta i
                   4459 (2^-19)
                                      8.5041461357E-03
M 0
          :
                5958822 (2^-23)
                                     7.1034527607E-01
е
                  13336 (2^-21)
                                    6.3591003418E-03
               10554795 (2^-11)
                                    5.1537084961E+03
SQRT(A)
OMEGA 0
               -3482540 \quad (2^{-23})
                                    -4.1515014843E-01
                8021444 (2^-23)
                                      9.5622840435E-01
omega
                   -695 (2^{-38})
                                    -2.5283893584E-09
OMEGADOT: :
af1
                      0 (2^-38)
                                    0.000000000E+00
af0
                    405 (2^-20)
                                      3.8623809814E-04
       ***********************************
PRN ID
                     26
                  8214 (2^-19)
                                     1.5666223504E-02
delta i
M 0
                  330107 (2^-23)
                                      3.9351728925E-02
                  41202 (2^-21)
                                    1.9646644592E-02
                                    5.1535737305E+03
SORT(A)
                10554519 (2^-11)
OMEGA 0
               -3340132 (2^-23)
                                    -3.9817383161E-01
                2779684 (2^-23)
                                     3.3136337993E-01
omega
          :
                   -671 (2^-38)
                                    -2.4410780713E-09
OMEGADOT: :
af1
                     -1 (2^-38)
                                    -3.6379788071E-12
af0
                      4 (2^-20)
                                     3.8146972656E-06
        PRN ID
                     27
delta i
                   5702 (2^-19)
                                     1.0874974943E-02
M 0
                8030883 (2^-23)
                                    9.5735361819E-01
                                    2.1541118622E-02
          :
                  45175 (2^-21)
9
SQRT(A)
          :
               10554725 (2^-11)
                                    5.1536743164E+03
                                    -1.0177159353E-01
OMEGA 0
          :
                -853724 (2^-23)
omega
                -4062759 (2^-23)
                                     -4.8431748147E-01
OMEGADOT: :
                    -666 (2^-38)
                                    -2.4228882198E-09
af1
                      0 (2^-38)
                                     0.000000000E+00
af0
                    104 (2^-20)
                                    9.9182128906E-05
        *********************************
PRN ID
        :
                     2.8
```

```
4278 (2^-19)
delta i
                                  8.1589168417E-03
M 0
              -6077308 (2^-23)
                                  -7.2446987494E-01
                                   1.5295982361E-02
                 32078 (2^-21)
9
SQRT(A)
        :
               10554566 (2^-11)
                                   5.1535966797E+03
OMEGA 0
         :
               2176448 (2^-23)
                                   2.5945221311E-01
        :
               -5368321 (2^-23)
                                  -6.3995223599E-01
omega
OMEGADOT: :
                  -704 (2^-38)
                                  -2.5611310912E-09
                     0 (2^-38)
                                   0.000000000E+00
af1
af0
                   -27 (2^-20)
                                   -2.5749206543E-05
       ********************************
PRN ID
                    29
delta i
                  2894 (2^-19)
                                  5.5191525051E-03
M 0
         :
               -555882 (2^-23)
                                  -6.6266143335E-02
е
                  6103 (2^-21)
                                   2.9101371765E-03
              10554413 (2^-11)
        :
                                  5.1535219727E+03
SQRT(A)
OMEGA 0
               4962295 (2^-23)
                                   5.9155027820E-01
               -3385911 (2^-23)
                                  -4.0363110094E-01
omega
                  -688 (2^{-38})
                                   -2.5029235664E-09
OMEGADOT: :
af1
                    1 (2^-38)
                                   3.6379788071E-12
af0
                    77 (2^-20)
                                   7.3432922363E-05
       PRN ID
                    30
delta i
                 1885 (2^-19)
                                   3.5946422364E-03
         :
M 0
               -4804584 (2^-23)
                                  -5.7274970588E-01
                  25025 (2^-21)
                                   1.1932849884E-02
              10554553 (2^-11)
                                   5.1535903320E+03
SORT(A)
OMEGA 0
               1974491 (2^-23)
                                   2.3537711892E-01
         :
               3918560 (2^-23)
                                  4.6712766132E-01
omega
OMEGADOT: :
                  -715 (2^-38)
                                  -2.6011487645E-09
         :
af1
                     1 (2^-38)
                                   3.6379788071E-12
af0
                   202 (2^-20)
                                   1.9264221191E-04
       PRN ID
                    31
delta i
                  5443 (2^-19)
                                   1.0380972804E-02
M 0
               1389675 (2^-23)
                                   1.6566178207E-01
                                   7.3142051697E-03
         :
                 15339 (2^-21)
9
              10554392 (2^-11)
        :
SQRT(A)
                                  5.1535117188E+03
OMEGA 0
         :
               -704551 (2^-23)
                                  -8.3988827760E-02
omega
               -3058949 (2^{-23})
                                   -3.6465428435E-01
OMEGADOT: :
                  -670 (2^-38)
                                  -2.4374401010E-09
af1
                     0 (2^-38)
                                   0.000000000E+00
af0
                   -64 (2^-20)
                                  -6.1035156250E-05
       *******************************
PRN ID
      :
                    32
```

```
3218 (2^-19)
                                            6.1371320187E-03
delta i
M_0
                   3688126
                            (2^-23)
                                            4.3965785211E-01
                      27721
                             (2^{-21})
                                            1.3218402863E-02
е
SQRT(A)
                   10554595
                             (2^{-11})
                                            5.1536108398E+03
OMEGA 0
            :
                  -6069976
                             (2^{-23})
                                           -7.2359583448E-01
                   -2886055
                             (2^{-23})
                                           -3.4404376162E-01
omega
OMEGADOT:
                       -721
                             (2^{-38})
                                           -2.6229765863E-09
af1
                         -2
                             (2^{-38})
                                           -7.2759576142E-12
af0
                        167
                             (2^-20)
                                            1.5926361084E-04
```

1

2

3

4

5

6

C.5 Reference GLONASS Ephemeris

For all GNSS tests defined in this document, the following reference GLONASS Ephemeris data shall be used. Note that the first number after the parameter name is the binary value of the corresponding message field defined in [1]; the second number (in parentheses) is the scaling factor expressed in powers of two; and the third number is the floating-point representation. For the applicable units, see [22].

7 8

```
***********************************
                         7
ID
                         7
PRN ID
Нn
                         5
t b
                         71
                                           (15)
                                                                               1065
                         1
M
           :
                         3
                                                                 2.7284800000E-12
g n
                                         (2^{-40})
t n
                    -67276
                                         (2^{-30})
                                                                -6.2655700000E-05
           :
                 -51389421
                                         (2^{-11})
                                                                -2.5092500000E+04
x n
                  -7366009
                                         (2^{-11})
                                                                -3.5966800000E+03
y n
                                                                -2.7336600000E+03
                  -5598534
                                         (2^{-11})
z n
x d n
                    379444
                                         (2^{-20})
                                                                 3.6186600000E-01
                                                                 1.4267200000E-01
y d n
                    149602
                                         (2^-20)
                                                                -3.5223000000E+00
zdn
                  -3693395
                                         (2^{-20})
x dd n
                         0
                                         (2^{-30})
                                                                 0.000000000E+00
                                                                -1.8626500000E-09
y dd n
           :
                         -2
                                         (2^{-30})
z dd n
                         1
                                         (2^{-30})
                                                                 9.3132300000E-10
                         0
Ρ
                         1
F T
                         4
                                                                -5.5879400000E-09
Dt. n
                         -6
                                         (2^{-30})
E n
                         0
                         0
Р1
           :
                         1
Ρ2
                    **********************************
```

ID : 8 PRN ID : 8

H n	:	6		
t b	:	71	(15)	1065
M	:	1		
g n	:	1	(2^-40)	9.0949500000E-13
t n	:	88919	(2^-30)	8.2812300000E-05
x n	:	-42258441	(2^-11)	-2.0634000000E+04
y n	:	8216378	(2^-11)	4.0119000000E+03
z n	:	29612239	(2^-11)	1.4459100000E+04
x d n	:	-2072783	(2^-20)	-1.9767600000E+00
y d n	:	-157355	(2^-20)	-1.5006500000E-01
z d n	:	-2915777	(2^-20)	-2.780700000E+00
x dd n	:	0	(2^-30)	0.00000000E+00
y dd n	:	-1	(2^-30)	-9.3132300000E-10
z dd n	:	0	(2^-30)	0.00000000E+00
Вп	:	0		
P	:	1		
FТ	:	3		
Dt n	:	1	(2^-30)	9.3132300000E-10
E n	:	0		
P1	:	0		
P2	:	1		
		* * * *	*******SATELLITE:9**	* * * *
			* *	
ID	:	9		
PRN ID	:	9		
PRN ID H n	:	9 -2		
PRN ID H n t b	: : :	9 -2 71	(15)	1065
PRN ID H n t b M	:	9 -2 71 1		
PRN ID H n t b M g n	:	9 -2 71 1 -2	(2^-40)	-1.8189900000E-12
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n	:	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756	(2 ⁻⁴⁰) (2 ⁻³⁰)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04
PRN ID H n t b M g n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n	:	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.12509000000E+04
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n y d n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895 -2479147	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20) (2^-20)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00 -2.3643000000E+00
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n y d n z d n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895 -2479147 -1484295	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-20)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00 -2.3643000000E+00 -1.4155300000E+00
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n y d n z d n x dd n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895 -2479147 -1484295 -2	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-30)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00 -2.3643000000E+00 -1.4155300000E+00 -1.8626500000E-09
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n y d n z d n x dd n y dd n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895 -2479147 -1484295 -2 -2	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-30) (2^-30)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00 -2.3643000000E+00 -1.4155300000E+00 -1.8626500000E-09 -1.8626500000E-09
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n y d n z d n x dd n y dd n z dd n z dd n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895 -2479147 -1484295 -2 -2 -2 -2	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-30)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00 -2.3643000000E+00 -1.4155300000E+00 -1.8626500000E-09
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n y d n z d n y dd n y dd n z dd n y dd n z dd n g dd n b n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895 -2479147 -1484295 -2 -2 -2 0	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-30) (2^-30)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00 -2.3643000000E+00 -1.4155300000E+00 -1.8626500000E-09 -1.8626500000E-09
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n y d n z d n y dd n z dd n y dd n z dd n p dd n p	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895 -2479147 -1484295 -2 -2 -2 0 1	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-30) (2^-30)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00 -2.3643000000E+00 -1.4155300000E+00 -1.8626500000E-09 -1.8626500000E-09
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n y d n z d n y dd n z dd n g dd n b n F T	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895 -2479147 -1484295 -2 -2 -2 0 1 5	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-30) (2^-30) (2^-30)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00 -2.3643000000E+00 -1.4155300000E+00 -1.8626500000E-09 -1.8626500000E-09
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n y d n z d n y dd n z dd n y dd n z dd n F T Dt n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895 -2479147 -1484295 -2 -2 -2 0 1 5 5	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-30) (2^-30)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00 -2.3643000000E+00 -1.4155300000E+00 -1.8626500000E-09 -1.8626500000E-09
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n y d n z d n y dd n z dd n y dd n z dd n F T Dt n E n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895 -2479147 -1484295 -2 -2 -2 0 1 5 5 0	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-30) (2^-30) (2^-30)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00 -2.3643000000E+00 -1.4155300000E+00 -1.8626500000E-09 -1.8626500000E-09
PRN ID H n t b M g n t n x n y n z n x d n y d n z d n y dd n z dd n y dd n z dd n F T Dt n	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9 -2 71 1 -2 114756 -3563790 -28633935 43521842 1788895 -2479147 -1484295 -2 -2 -2 0 1 5 5	(2^-40) (2^-30) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-11) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-20) (2^-30) (2^-30) (2^-30)	-1.8189900000E-12 1.0687500000E-04 -1.7401300000E+03 -1.3981400000E+04 2.1250900000E+04 1.7060200000E+00 -2.3643000000E+00 -1.4155300000E+00 -1.8626500000E-09 -1.8626500000E-09

		********	ATELLITE: 10*****	*****
ID	:	10		
PRN ID	:	10		
H n	:	-7		
t b	:	71	(15)	1065
M	:	1		
g n	:	0	(2^-40)	0.00000000E+00
t n	:	139895	(2^-30)	1.3028700000E-04
x n	:	-27333742	(2^-11)	-1.3346600000E+04
y n	:	2671064	(2^-11)	1.3042300000E+03
z n	:	44451875	(2^-11)	2.1705000000E+04
x d n	:	1942364	(2^-20)	1.8523800000E+00
y d n	:	-2444304	(2^-20)	-2.3310700000E+00
z d n	:	1331270	(2^-20)	1.2696000000E+00
x dd n	:	0	(2^-30)	0.00000000E+00
y dd n	:	-1	(2^-30)	-9.3132300000E-10
z dd n	:	-2	(2^-30)	-1.8626500000E-09
Вn	:	0		
P	:	1		
F T	:	4		
Dt n	:	9	(2^-30)	8.3819000000E-09
E n	:	0		
P1	:	0		
P2	:	1		
		********	ATELLITE: 18******	****
ID	:	18	AIEDDIIE. 10	
PRN ID	:	18		
H n	:	-3		
t b	:	71	(15)	1065
M	:	1	(13)	1003
g n	:	0	(2^-40)	0.00000000E+00
t n	:	12427	(2^-30)	1.1573500000E-05
x n	:	17307666	(2^-11)	8.4510100000E+03
y n	:	-15661850	(2^-11)	-7.6473900000E+03
z n	:	46750376	(2^-11)	2.2827300000E+04
x d n	:	1248470	(2^-20)	1.1906300000E+00
y d n	:	3027019	(2^-20)	2.8867900000E+00
z d n	:	563838	(2^-20)	5.3771800000E-01
x dd n	:	-1	(2^-30)	-9.3132300000E-10
y dd n	:	0	(2^-30)	0.00000000E+00
z dd n	:	-3	(2^-30)	-2.793970000E-09
B n	:	0	,,	
P	:	1		
F T	:	4		
Dt n	:	10	(2^-30)	9.3132300000E-09
E n	:	0	•	
	•	U		
P1	:	0		

P2	:	1					

ID	:	19					
PRN ID	:	19					
H n	:	3					
t b	:	71	(15)	1065			
M	:	1	(==)	1000			
g n	:	-1	(2^-40)	-9.0949500000E-13			
t n	:	119461	(2^-30)	1.1125700000E-04			
x n	:	-3816100	(2^-11)	-1.863330000E+03			
y n	:	-43839074	(2^-11)	-2.1405800000E+04			
z n	:	28144704	(2^-11)	1.3742500000E+04			
x d n	:	613128	(2^-20)	5.8472400000E-01			
y d n	:	1883580	(2^-20)	1.7963200000E+00			
zdn	:	3015204	(2^-20)	2.8755200000E+00			
x dd n	:	-2	(2^-30)	-1.8626500000E-09			
y dd n	:	-3	(2^-30)	-2.793970000E-09			
z dd n	:	-1	(2^-30)	-9.313230000E-10			
B n	:	0	(2 33)	J.0131300000 10			
P	:	1					
F T	:	3					
Dt n	:	4	(2^-30)	3.7252900000E-09			
E n	:	0	(,				
P1	:	0					
P2	:	1					
		-	SATELLITE: 20******	*****			
ID	:	20					
PRN ID	:	20					
H n	:	2					
t b	:	71	(15)	1065			
М	:	1					
g n	:	0	(2^-40)	0.00000000E+00			
t n	:	75025	(2^-30)	6.9872500000E-05			
x n	:	-22876739	(2^-11)	-1.117030000E+04			
y n	:	-46293328	(2^-11)	-2.2604200000E+04			
z n	:	-7452515	(2^-11)	-3.6389200000E+03			
x d n	:	-369001	(2^-20)	-3.519070000E-01			
y d n	:	-414094	(2^-20)	-3.9491100000E-01			
z d n	:	3710957	(2^-20)	3.5390400000E+00			
x dd n	:	-1	(2^-30)	-9.3132300000E-10			
y dd n	:	-4	(2^-30)	-3.7252900000E-09			
z dd n	:	1	(2^-30)	9.3132300000E-10			
B n	:	0					
P 	:	1					
F T	:	4					

```
Dt n : 5 (2^-30) 4.6566100000E-09
E n : 0
P1 : 0
P2 : 1
```

C.6 Reference GLONASS Almanac

For all GNSS tests defined in this document, the following reference Almanac data shall be used. Note that the first number after the parameter name is the binary value of the corresponding message field defined in [1]; the second number (in parentheses) is the scaling factor expressed in powers of two; and the third number is the floating-point representation. For the applicable units, see [2222].

8

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GLONASS-GPS time relationship

9 10

tau_c	:	-318	(2^-31)	-1.48080E-07
N_4	:	4		
tau_gps	:	-453	(2^-30)	-4.21889E-07
B_1	:	165	(2^-10)	1.61133E-01
B_2	:	-95	(2^-16)	-1.44958E-03
KP	:	0		

1112

GLONASS Almanac

13

```
********************************
ID
                        2
Ν
             :
                      679
                        2
n
Нn
             :
                       -4
             :
                 -1047942
                          (2^-20)
                                      -9.9939537048E-01
Lamda_n
t lamda n
             :
                   735023 (2^-5)
                                       2.2969468750E+04
             :
                                       8.9397430420E-03
Din
                     9374 (2^-20)
DTn
             :
                 -1359827
                                      -2.6559121094E+03
                          (2^-9)
D T DOTn
                       31 (2^-14)
                                       1.8920898438E-03
                      444 (2^-20)
                                       4.2343139648E-04
e n
                    -9013 (2^-15)
                                      -2.7505493164E-01
Omaga_n
             :
tau_n
             :
                       28 (2^-18)
                                       1.0681152344E-04
Сn
             :
                        1
M n
                        1
```

ID	:	3
N	:	679
n	:	3
H n	:	5

```
Lamda n
       :
               926627 (2<sup>-20</sup>) 8.8370037079E-01
               896277 (2^-5)
                                 2.8008656250E+04
t lamda n :
                 9418 (2^-20)
Din
          :
                                 8.9817047119E-03
DTn
          :
              -1359835 (2^-9)
                                -2.6559277344E+03
D T DOTn
                                1.9531250000E-03
          :
                  32 (2^-14)
e n
          :
                  319 (2^-20)
                                 3.0422210693E-04
                                -5.6762695313E-01
Omaga_n
          :
               -18600 (2^-15)
                                 5.7220458984E-05
           :
                  15 (2^-18)
tau n
Сn
           :
                    1
Мn
                    1
       ***********************************
ID
           :
                  7
N
           :
                   679
n
           :
                    7
Нn
          :
                    5
         :
Lamda n
              -691751 (2^-20)
                                -6.5970516205E-01
t lamda n :
               244171 (2^-5)
                                 7.6303437500E+03
Din
           :
                 4461 (2^-20)
                                 4.2543411255E-03
DTn
         :
             -1359743 (2^-9)
                                -2.6557480469E+03
                                 2.0141601563E-03
D T DOTn
          :
                  33 (2^-14)
                  600 (2^-20)
           :
                                 5.7220458984E-04
e_n
          :
                27083 (2^-15)
                                 8.2650756836E-01
Omaga n
tau n
           :
                  -16 (2^{-18}) -6.1035156250E-05
Сn
           :
                    1
Мn
           :
                    1
       ********************************
ID
                    8
           :
N
                   679
           :
                    8
n
           :
Нn
                    6
           :
              -799564 (2^-20)
Lamda n
                                -7.6252365112E-01
t lamda n
          :
               408485 (2^-5)
                                 1.2765156250E+04
Din
          :
                 9353 (2^-20)
                                 8.9197158813E-03
DTn
          :
              -1359853 (2^-9)
                                -2.6559628906E+03
D T DOTn
           :
                  32 (2^-14)
                                 1.9531250000E-03
e_n
                                 3.0136108398E-04
          :
                   316 (2^-20)
Omaga_n
           :
                -14235 (2^-15)
                                -4.3441772461E-01
                   21 (2^-18)
           :
                                8.0108642578E-05
tau_n
Сn
           :
                    1
          :
Мn
                    1
       *********************************
ID
                   9
N
                   679
n
           :
                   9
Нn
          :
                   - 2
```

```
Lamda n :
               -181585 (2<sup>-20</sup>) -1.7317295074E-01
                                  1.5920406250E+04
t lamda n :
               509453 (2^-5)
Din
           :
                 12277 (2^-20)
                                   1.1708259583E-02
DTn
           :
               -1359882 (2^-9)
                                  -2.6560195313E+03
D T DOTn
                                 -6.1035156250E-05
           :
                    -1 (2^-14)
                                  4.1389465332E-04
e n
           :
                   434 (2^-20)
Omaga_n
           :
                 18284 (2^-15)
                                  5.5798339844E-01
                   28 (2^-18)
           :
                                   1.0681152344E-04
tau n
Сn
                    1
Мn
                     1
       ********************************
           :
                   1.0
ID
N
           :
                   679
n
           :
                    10
                    -7
Нn
           :
Lamda n
           :
               -304194 (2^-20)
                                  -2.9010200500E-01
t lamda n :
               667339 (2^-5)
                                  2.0854343750E+04
Din
           :
                 14582 (2^-20)
                                  1.3906478882E-02
DTn
          :
               -1359865 (2^-9)
                                  -2.6559863281E+03
D T DOTn
           :
                  -3 (2^-14)
                                  -1.8310546875E-04
                 2097 (2^-20)
           :
                                  1.9998550415E-03
e_n
           :
                 30040 (2^-15)
                                  9.1674804688E-01
Omaga n
tau_n
           :
                   34 (2^-18)
                                  1.2969970703E-04
Сn
           :
                    1
Мn
                     1
      ********************************
ID
                   11
N
           :
                   679
           :
                   11
n
Нn
           :
                    Ω
           :
               -427284 (2<sup>-</sup>20) -4.0748977661E-01
Lamda n
t lamda n
           :
               832469 (2^-5)
                                  2.6014656250E+04
Din
                 12348 (2^-20)
                                   1.1775970459E-02
DTn
           :
               -1359880 (2^-9)
                                  -2.6560156250E+03
D T DOTn
           :
                    -3 (2^-14)
                                  -1.8310546875E-04
           :
                 1731 (2^-20)
                                  1.6508102417E-03
e_n
Omaga_n
           :
                  159 (2^-15)
                                   4.8522949219E-03
                   29 (2^-18)
           :
                                   1.1062622070E-04
tau_n
Сn
           :
                    1
                                   1.000000000E+00
           :
                    1
                                   1.000000000E+00
Мn
       ************************************
ID
                   13
                   679
N
n
           :
                   13
Нn
          :
                    -2
```

```
Lamda n
       :
             -676559 (2^-20) -6.4521694183E-01
                                3.6254343750E+04
t lamda n :
              1160139 (2^-5)
                                1.1707305908E-02
Din
          :
               12276 (2^-20)
DTn
         :
              -1359867 (2^-9)
                                -2.6559902344E+03
D T DOTn
                               -1.8310546875E-04
         :
                   -3 (2^-14)
e n
         :
                  692 (2^-20)
                                6.5994262695E-04
Omaga_n
         :
                 22684 (2^-15)
                                6.9226074219E-01
                   66 (2^-18)
          :
                                2.5177001953E-04
tau n
Сn
          :
                   1
Мn
                    1
      *********************************
          :
                  14
ID
N
          :
                  679
n
          :
                   14
                   -7
Нn
          :
Lamda n
         :
               189709 (2^-20)
                                 1.8092060089E-01
t lamda n :
                17826 (2^-5)
                                5.5706250000E+02
Din
          :
                14498 (2^-20)
                                1.3826370239E-02
DТп
         :
             -1359885 (2^-9)
                               -2.6560253906E+03
                                6.1035156250E-05
D T DOTn
          :
                   1 (2^-14)
                1855 (2^-20)
          :
                                1.7690658569E-03
e_n
          :
                 29732 (2^-15)
                                9.0734863281E-01
Omaga n
tau n
          :
                   5 (2^-18)
                                 1.9073486328E-05
Сn
          :
                    1
Мn
           :
                    1
      *********************************
ID
          :
                  15
          :
N
                  679
          :
                  15
n
Нn
          :
                   0
          :
               62123 (2^-20)
Lamda n
                                5.9245109558E-02
t lamda n :
               185526 (2^-5)
                                5.7976875000E+03
Din
          :
                14489 (2^-20)
                                 1.3817787170E-02
DTn
         :
              -1359839 (2^-9)
                                -2.6559355469E+03
D T DOTn
          :
                    2 (2^-14)
                                1.2207031250E-04
          :
                2274 (2^-20)
                                2.1686553955E-03
e n
                                -3.1311035156E-02
Omaga_n
          :
                -1026 (2^-15)
          :
                  -29 (2<sup>-18</sup>) -1.1062622070E-04
tau_n
          :
Сn
                   1
          :
Мn
                   1
      ID
                  17
N
                  679
                  17
n
          :
                   4
Нn
          :
```

```
Lamda n :
             555012 (2^-20)
                                5.2930068970E-01
              462002 (2^-5)
                                1.4437562500E+04
t lamda n :
               10933 (2^-20)
Din
          :
                                1.0426521301E-02
DTn
         :
              -1359869 (2^-9)
                               -2.6559941406E+03
D T DOTn
                               -1.4038085938E-03
          :
                 -23 (2^-14)
e n
         :
                1881 (2^-20)
                                1.7938613892E-03
Omaga_n
         :
                32040 (2^-15)
                                9.7778320313E-01
          :
                  72 (2^-18)
                                2.7465820313E-04
tau n
Сn
                   1
Мn
                    1
      *********************************
          :
                  18
ID
N
          :
                  679
n
          :
                   18
Нn
          :
                   -3
                                4.0927410126E-01
Lamda n
         :
              429155 (2^-20)
t lamda n :
              624461 (2^-5)
                                1.9514406250E+04
Din
          :
                10334 (2^-20)
                                9.8552703857E-03
DТп
         :
             -1359873 (2^-9)
                               -2.6560019531E+03
D T DOTn
          :
                -23 (2^-14)
                               -1.4038085938E-03
                2777 (2^-20)
          :
                                2.6483535767E-03
e_n
          :
                -2544 (2^-15)
                               -7.7636718750E-02
Omaga n
tau_n
          :
                    3 (2^-18)
                               1.1444091797E-05
Сn
          :
                    1
Мn
                    1
      **********************************
ID
                  19
N
          :
                  679
          :
                  19
n
Нn
          :
                   3
          :
              308636 (2^-20)
Lamda_n
                               2.9433822632E-01
t lamda n
          :
              785742 (2^-5)
                                2.4554437500E+04
          :
Din
                10842 (2^-20)
                                1.0339736938E-02
DTn
         :
              -1359885 (2^-9)
                               -2.6560253906E+03
D T DOTn
          :
                  -24 (2^-14)
                               -1.4648437500E-03
          :
                  254 (2^-20)
                                2.4223327637E-04
e_n
Omaga_n
          :
                16161 (2^-15)
                                4.9319458008E-01
                  29 (2^-18)
          :
                               1.1062622070E-04
tau_n
Сn
          :
                   1
          :
                   1
Мn
      ID
                  20
                  679
Ν
                  20
n
          :
                  2
Нn
         :
```

```
Lamda n
           :
                 183847 (2^-20)
                                   1.7533016205E-01
t lamda n :
                                   2.9687218750E+04
                 949991 (2^-5)
Din
           :
                 10920 (2^-20)
                                   1.0414123535E-02
DТп
           :
               -1359858 (2^-9)
                                  -2.6559726563E+03
D T DOTn
                                  -1.4038085938E-03
           :
                  -23 (2^-14)
e_n
           :
                  1463 (2^-20)
                                   1.3952255249E-03
Omaga_n
           :
                    11 (2^-15)
                                   3.3569335938E-04
           :
                     18 (2^-18)
                                   6.8664550781E-05
tau n
Сn
                     1
Мn
                     1
       ********************************
ID
           :
                     21
Ν
           :
                    679
                     21
n
           :
Нn
           :
                     4
Lamda n
           :
                60086 (2^-20)
                                   5.7302474976E-02
t lamda n :
               1109924 (2^-5)
                                   3.4685125000E+04
Din
           :
                 10383 (2^-20)
                                   9.9020004272E-03
DTn
          :
               -1359896 (2^-9)
                                  -2.6560468750E+03
D T DOTn
           :
                   -21 (2^-14)
                                  -1.2817382813E-03
           :
                                  2.1038055420E-03
e_n
                  2206 (2^-20)
           :
                  30797 (2^-15)
                                  9.3984985352E-01
Omaga_n
tau_n
           :
                     44 (2^-18)
                                   1.6784667969E-04
Сn
           :
                     1
Мn
           :
                     1
       ********************************
ID
           :
                     23
           :
N
                    679
           :
                     23
n
Нn
           :
                     3
           :
                798121 (2^-20)
Lamda_n
                                  7.6114749908E-01
t lamda n
           :
                                   4.5069062500E+03
                144221 (2^-5)
Din
           :
                 10770 (2^-20)
                                   1.0271072388E-02
DTn
           :
               -1359827 (2^-9)
                                  -2.6559121094E+03
                                  -1.7089843750E-03
D T DOTn
           :
                    -28 (2^-14)
           :
                   828 (2^-20)
                                   7.8964233398E-04
e_n
Omaga_n
           :
                   2383 (2^-15)
                                   7.2723388672E-02
           :
                     3 (2^-18)
                                   1.1444091797E-05
tau_n
Сn
           :
                     1
Мn
                     1
```

2 C.7 Reference Ephemeris of Galileo

1

3 Reference Ephemeris of the Galileo is not specified.

1 C.8 Reference Almanac of Galileo

2 Reference Almanac of the Galileo is not specified.

3 C.9 Reference Ephemeris of QZSS

4 Reference Ephemeris of the QZSS is not specified.

5 C.10 Reference Almanac of QZSS

6 Reference Almanac of the QZSS is not specified.

7 C.11 Reference Ephemeris of SBAS

8 Reference Ephemeris of the SBAS is not specified.

9 C.12 Reference Almanac of SBAS

10 Reference Almanac of the SBAS is not specified.

11 C.13 List of Active Satellites

- 12 Assistance shall be provided in all GNSS tests for the satellites of the specific GNSS under
- test and having the following PRN numbers:
- 14 GPS: 5, 7, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17
- 15 GLONASS: 7, 8, 9, 10, 18, 19, 20
- 16 Galileo: Not specified
- 17 QZSS: Not specified
- 18 SBAS: Not specified
- 19 GPS and GLONASS satellites simulated for the GNSS Accuracy test, GNSS Sensitivity test
- and GNSS Moving Scenario test are listed in Table C.13-1.

Table C.13-1 GPS and GLONASS Satellites Simulated for GNSS Accuracy, GNSS Sensitivity and GNSS Moving Scenario Tests

	Satellite allocation for GPS and GLONASS constellations				
	GPS	GLONASS			
Single constellation	5, 7, 10, 13, 15, 17	7, 8, 9, 10, 18, 19			
Dual constellation (GPS + GLONASS)	7, 10, 17	8, 9, 18			

Satellites of Galileo, QZSS and SBAS simulated for the GNSS Accuracy, GNSS Sensitivity and GNSS Moving Scenario tests are not specified.

25

21

1 GPS and GLONASS satellites simulated for the GNSS Dynamic Range test are listed in

2 Table C.13-2.

3

Table C.13-2 GPS and GLONASS Satellites Simulated for GNSS Dynamic Range Test

		Satellite allocation for GPS and GLONASS constellations		
		GPS	GLONASS	
Single constellation	High signal	7, 17	9, 19	
	Low signal	5, 10, 13, 15	7, 8, 10, 18	
Dual constellation (GPS +	High signal	7	9	
GLONASS)	Low signal	10, 17	8, 18	

4 Satellites of Galileo, QZSS and SBAS simulated for the GNSS Dynamic Range test are not

5 specified.

6

9

7 GPS and GLONASS satellites simulated for the GNSS Multipath test are listed in Table 8 C.13-3.

Table C.13-3 GPS and GLONASS Satellites Simulated for GNSS Multipath Test

		Satellite allocati GLONASS co	
		GPS	GLONASS
Single constellation	LOS-only SVs	7, 17	9, 19
	SVs with LOS & Multipath	5, 10, 13, 15	7, 8, 10, 18
Dual constellation (GPS +	LOS-only SVs	7	9
GLONASS)	SVs with LOS & Multipath	10, 17	8, 18

10 Satellites of Galileo, QZSS and SBAS simulated for the GNSS Multipath test are not

11 specified.

12

C.14 Simulated Base Station Locations

13 For all GNSS tests defined in this document, the simulated base station locations shall be

14 as follows:

15 1. Base Station 1:

16 • Lat: + 37° 22' 00.0000"

17 • Lon: - 121° 59' 00.0000"

Height: + 150.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)

- 1 2. Base Station 2:
- 2 Lat: +37° 19' 39.5313"
- 3 Lon: 121° 57' 18.4523"
- 4 Height: + 150.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)
- 5 3. Base Station 3:
- 6 Lat: +37° 19' 39.5313"
- 7 Lon: 122° 00' 41.5477"
- 8 Height: + 150.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)

9 C.15 Simulated Mobile Station Locations

- 10 The simulated mobile station locations shall be as follows:
- 11 1. GNSS Accuracy, GNSS Sensitivity, GNSS Dynamic Range and GNSS Multipath
- 12 Tests:
- 13 Lat: + 37° 20' 26.3624"
- 14 Lon: 121° 59' 00.00"
- Height: + 115.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)
- 16 2. GNSS Moving Scenario Test:
- The mobile station's trajectory is a circle in the horizontal plane, with a radius of
- 18 1 km, centered at the following location:
- 19 Lat: + 37° 22' 00.0000"
- 20 Lon: 121° 59' 00.0000"
- Height: + 115.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)
- The mobile station's initial position at reference time (see B.2) shall be set as
- 23 follows:
- 24 Lat: + 37° 21' 27.5630"
- 25 Lon: 121° 59' 00.0000"
- Height: + 115.00 m (above the WGS-84 Reference Ellipsoid)
- 27 The mobile station's velocity is constant at 100 km/h, with an initial heading of
- 28 -90° at reference time (see C.2).

C.16 Additional GNSS Simulator Settings

- 30 The settings shown in Table C.16-1 for GPS are also applied in the GNSS simulator set-up
- 31 for all GNSS testings. Note that the IODE and IODC values shown in Table C.16-1 are not
- 32 mandatory. Any IODE or IODC value can be used, as long as the PDE simulator response
- 33 messages are kept consistent with the settings of the GNSS simulator.

34

Table C.16-1 Additional GPS Settings for GNSS Simulator

sv	IODC	IODE	URA	T _{GD} (ns)	A/S Flag	Alert Flag	SV Health in Frame 25	SV Health in Valid Almanac Pages	SV Conf.
1	-	-	-	-	-	_	'111111'	-	'0010'
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
3	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
4	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
5	72	72	0	-9. 313225746	' 1'	' 0'	'000000'	'00000000'	'0010'
6	-	-	-	_	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
7	68	68	0	-10. 71020961	'1'	'0'	'000000'	'00000000'	'0010'
8	-	-	-	-	-	-	'111111'	-	'0001'
9	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
10	90	90	1	-2. 793967724	'1'	' 0'	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
11	89	89	0	-11. 64153218	'1'	' 0'	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
12	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0010'
13	81	81	0	-11. 17587090	'1'	'0'	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
14	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
15	56	56	0	-9. 778887034	'1'	' 0'	'000000'	'00000000'	'0010'
16	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
17	46	46	0	-10. 24454832	'1'	' 0'	'000000'	'00000000'	'0010'
18	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
19	-	-	-	_	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
20	-	-	-	_	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
21	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
22	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
23	-	-	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
24	-	-	-	-	-	-	'111111'	-	'0001'
25	_	-	-	_	-	-	'111111'	-	'0001'

26	_	_	-	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
27	-	_	_	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
28	-	_	_	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'
29	_	_	-	-	-	_	'000000'	'00000000'	'0010'
30	-	_	-	-	-	-	'000000'	'00000000'	'0001'
31	_	_	-	-	-	_	'000000'	'00000000'	'0010'
32	-	_	-	-	-	-	'000000'	,00000000,	'0001'

- 1 Notes for Table C.16-1:
- 2 1. The interpretation of URA is as follows:
- 3 0: >2 m
- 4 1: >2.8 m
- 5 2: >4 m
- 6 2. The interpretation of SV Health in Frame 25 is as follows:
- 7 '000000': All Signals OK
- 8 '111111': Satellite not present
- 9 3. The interpretation of SV Health in valid Almanac frames is as follows:
- 10 '00000000': All Data and Signals OK
- 4. The interpretation of Satellite Configuration is as follows:
- 12 '0001': Block II/IIA/IIR satellite
- 13 '0010': Block IIR-M satellite

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1 Annex D - METHOD OF STATISTICAL CONFIDENCE DETERMINATION

- 2 This Annex is normative.
- 3 The statistical approach, proposed by FCC [6] as well as the 80% statistical value,, will be
- 4 used to determine whether or not a set of measurement errors resulting from a finite set of
- 5 measurements demonstrate a specified accuracy with a specified confidence. Other
- 6 equivalent methods can also be used to demonstrate such accuracy.

D.1 Description of the Confidence Determination Method

- 8 A method for determining whether or not a set of location errors resulting from empirical
- 9 testing demonstrates compliance may be obtained from order statistics. Confidence
- 10 intervals for a specified accuracy may be selected based on a certain confidence level (for
- 11 example, 90% for FCC) and the number of samples. These confidence intervals are not
- 12 based on any knowledge of the actual probability distribution function of the location
- 13 errors. They are expressed in terms of the subscripts of the list of location errors after
- ordering these errors from smallest to largest. A specific set of accuracy measurements is
- said to show compliance if the confidence intervals contain the location error thresholds
- 16 that may be specified by a Standards Development Organization. For example, the error
- thresholds are 100 meters for 67% and 300 meters for 95% for network-based solutions, or
- 18 50 meters and 150 meters, respectively for handset-based solutions, as specified by the
- 19 FCC ruling [24].

- In general, when the number of measurements is n, the r^{th} and s^{th} largest measurements
- 21 are x_r and y_s respectively, and x and y are the percentile points associated with probabilities
- 22 p_1 and p_2 respectively, then the probability that x is less than x_r while simultaneously y is
- 23 less than y_s is given by the formula

24 Confidence
$$(x \le x_r, y \le y_s; n, r, s, p_1, p_2) = \sum_{i=0}^{r-1} \sum_{j=i}^{s-1} {n \choose i} {n-i \choose n-j} p_1^i (p_2 - p_1)^{j-i} (1-p_2)^{n-j}.$$

- 25 For example, p_1 is 0.67, and p_2 is 0.95 for the FCC ruling [5, 6]. Additionally, p_1 is 0.67,
- and p_2 is 0.8 for the pseudorange measurement in the GNSS Dynamic Range Test in 3.
- 27 Upper bounds on the percentile points can be determined from this expression by finding
- pairs of values (r, s) such that the desired 90% confidence level is achieved. Using the 67%
- 29 and 95% numbers in FCC ruling as an example, the resulting pair of ordered samples $(x_r,$
- y_s forms one-sided confidence intervals for the two sample percentile points associated
- with 67% and 95%, respectively (see Table D.1-1). The rth sample x_r and sth sample y_s of n
- 1 100
- 32 location errors are then compared with 100 meters and 300 meters for the networked-
- 33 based solutions or with 50 meters and 150 meters for the handset-based solutions. If the
- $34~~r^{th}$ ordered sample is less than 100~meters and the s^{th} ordered sample is less than 300~
- 35 meters, then the confidence intervals are found to cover the desired values and compliance
- 36 would be established, for networked-based solutions. A similar approach would establish
- 37 compliance for a set of location errors obtained from a test of a handset-based solution.

1 The confidence level of 90% is suggested here as a threshold, and the value calculated from

- 2 the actual data may be greater. Table D.1-1 is derived from the above confidence
- 3 expression and shows for several sample sizes which ordered samples of errors should be
- 4 compared with the FCC criteria. For higher numbers of sample sizes such as 500 or 1000,
- 5 the confidence expression should be re-calculated with the higher value of n.

Confidence in the compliance assessment is important and will depend on randomness and independence in the selection of test locations. Reports of compliance testing should describe the method used to guarantee random and independent accuracy measurements.

8 9

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Table D.1-1 Identification of Location Error Samples for Comparison with FCC Required Thresholds of 67% and 95% (at the 90% Confidence Level)

Sample Size	Pairs of Test Samples	
	45	(x_{40}, y_{45})
	50	(x_{41}, y_{50})
	55	(X44, Y55)
	60	(x_{47}, y_{60})
	65	(x_{50}, y_{65})
	70	(x_{53}, y_{70})
	75	(x_{57}, y_{75})
	80	(x ₆₀ , y ₈₀) or (x ₆₃ , y ₇₉)
	85	(x ₆₄ , y ₈₅) or (x ₆₆ , y ₈₄)
	90	(x ₆₇ , y ₉₀) or (x ₆₈ , y ₈₉)
	95	(x_{71}, y_{95}) or (x_{72}, y_{94})
	100	(x ₇₄ , y ₁₀₀) or (x ₇₅ , y ₉₉)

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Table D.1-2 shows the corresponding test samples with thresholds of 67% and 80% at 90% confidence level that can be used for the pseudorange measurement in the GNSS Dynamic Range Test in 3.1.1.2. For higher numbers of sample sizes such as 500 or 1000, the confidence expression should be re-calculated with the higher value of n.

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Table D.1-2 Identification of Location Error Samples With Thresholds of 67% and 80% (at the 90% Confidence Level)

Sample Size	Pairs of Test San	nples
	45	(x ₃₅ , y ₄₁) or (x ₃₇ , y ₄₀)
	50	(x_{39}, y_{45})

55	(x ₄₂ , y ₅₀) or (x ₄₃ , y ₄₉)	
60	(x ₄₆ , y ₅₄) or (x ₄₇ , y ₅₃)	
65	(x ₄₉ , y ₅₉) or (x ₅₀ , y ₅₈) or (x ₅₁ , y ₅₇)	
70	(x ₅₃ , y ₆₂) or (x ₅₅ , y ₆₁)	
75	(x ₅₆ , y ₆₈) or (x ₅₇ , y ₆₆) or (x ₅₉ , y ₆₅)	
80	(x_{60}, y_{71}) or (x_{61}, y_{70})	
85	(x ₆₃ , y ₇₈) or (x ₆₄ , y ₇₄)	
90	(x ₆₇ , y ₇₉) or (x ₆₈ , y ₇₈)	
95	(x ₇₀ , y ₈₇) or (x ₇₁ , y ₈₃) or (x ₇₂ , y ₈₂	
100	(x ₇₄ , y ₈₈) or (x ₇₅ , y ₈₇) or (x ₇₆ , y ₈₆)	

D.2 Evaluation Example

In the following, an example is given for the 67% and 95% statistical values. A handset-based solution would be found in compliance, if, in a test of 75 accuracy measurements, the 57^{th} largest location error is less that 50 meters and the 75^{th} largest error is less than 150 meters. Note that for larger sample sizes the pair of test samples is not unique, because of the statistical dependence of the 67% and 95% levels. For example, for a sample size of 80, two pairs are shown; the 67% level could be increased from the 60^{th} to the 63^{rd} sample, (i.e., made more difficult), if the 95% level test were relaxed to the 79^{th} largest sample. Either (x_{60} , y_{80}) or (x_{63} , y_{79}) is an acceptable pair to test against the FCC-required thresholds.

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Annex E PDE SIMULATOR RESPONSE MESSAGES

This Annex is normative.

The PDE simulator response messages are included in the attached files.

1.	Annex D Acquisition.txt	636 KB	01/21/2002
2.	Annex D Almanac.txt	2 KB	01/21/2002
3.	Annex D BSAlmanac.txt	1 KB	01/21/2002
4.	Annex D BSCapabilities.txt	1 KB	01/21/2002
5.	Annex D Ephemeris.txt	2 KB	01/21/2002
6.	Annex D Location.txt	178 KB	01/21/2002
7.	Annex D Sensitivity.txt	5,332 KB	01/21/2002

The PDE simulator response messages presented in this Annex assume the pilot phase offset assignment shown in Table E.1. This assignment must be changed and the corresponding PDE simulator response message field values corrected accordingly if the test equipment used in the tests is configured with a different pilot phase offset assignment.

Table E.1 Pilot PN Offset and BASE_ID Assignment Used in the PDE Simulator Response Messages

Pilot PN Offset	Numerical Value (in units of 64 CDMA Chips)	BASE_ID (Decimal)
P ₀	0	0
P ₁	1	4
P_2	2	5
P ₃	3	3
P ₄	4	1
P ₅	5	2
P ₆	6	6
P ₇	7	7
P ₈	8	8
Р9	9	9

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